

# iCHiLL



## **IC200D EVO** **(rel. firmware 4.3)**

# INDEX

1.	<b>GENERAL WARNING</b> .....	4
2.	<b>ICHILL 205D/IC207D FEATURES</b> .....	5
3.	<b>USER INTERFACE</b> .....	6
4.	<b>REMOTE TERMINAL</b> .....	12
5.	<b>FIRST INSTALLING</b> .....	13
6.	<b>PARAMETER PROGRAMMING</b> .....	13
7.	<b>DISPLAY LAYOUT</b> .....	19
8.	<b>SET POINT VISUALIZATION</b> .....	19
9.	<b>FUNCTION MENU “ M” KEY</b> .....	20
10.	<b>DISPLAY VISUALIZATION OF VISOGRAPH REMOTE TERMINAL</b> .....	26
11.	<b>HOW TO SWITCH ON / SWITCH OFF THE UNIT</b> .....	51
12.	<b>SWITCH ON / SWITCH OFF THE CONDENSING UNIT BY DIGITAL INPUT</b> .....	52
13.	<b>CHILLER / HEAT PUMP SELECTION</b> .....	52
14.	<b>COMPRESSOR REGULATION</b> .....	53
15.	<b>COMPRESSORS MANAGEMENT</b> .....	56
16.	<b>COMPRESSOR INVERTER CONTROLLED</b> .....	59
17.	<b>COMPRESSOR RACK</b> .....	63
18.	<b>COMPRESSORS WITH DIFFERENT CAPACITY POWER</b> .....	63
19.	<b>CIRCUIT MANAGEMENT: SATURATION OR BALANCING</b> .....	64
20.	<b>MAXIMUM OPERATION TIME OF THE COMPRESSOR</b> .....	64
21.	<b>PUMP DOWN</b> .....	64
22.	<b>UNLOADING</b> .....	66
23.	<b>SOLENOID VALVE FOR LIQUID INJECTION</b> .....	68
24.	<b>CONDENSING UNIT OPERATION</b> .....	68
25.	<b>EVAPORATOR WATER PUMP / SUPPLY FAN (AIR/AIR UNIT)</b> .....	70
26.	<b>WATER PUMP OF CONDENSER SIDE</b> .....	72
27.	<b>CYCLIC OPERATION OF THE WATER PUMPS</b> .....	73
28.	<b>HOT START</b> .....	73
29.	<b>LOAD MAINTENANCE</b> .....	73
30.	<b>CONDENSER FAN REGULATION</b> .....	74
31.	<b>ANTI FREEZE HEATERS, INTEGRATION HEATING OR BOILER</b> .....	78
32.	<b>ENERGY SAVING</b> .....	80
33.	<b>DYNAMIC SETPOINT</b> .....	82



34.	<b>AUXILIARY RELAYS</b> .....	<b>83</b>
35.	<b>AUXILIARY PROPORTIONAL OUTPUTS</b> .....	<b>84</b>
36.	<b>PROBE SELECTION FOR REGULATION WITH SELECTABLE PROBE</b> .....	<b>87</b>
37.	<b>DEFROST CYCLE</b> .....	<b>88</b>
38.	<b>PRODUCTION OF DOMESTIC HOT WATER</b> .....	<b>93</b>
39.	<b>SOLAR PANEL MANAGEMENT</b> .....	<b>100</b>
40.	<b>UNIT WITH HYBRID EXCHANGERS (AIR / WATER UNIT)</b> .....	<b>101</b>
41.	<b>GEOHERMAL FREE COOLING</b> .....	<b>103</b>
42.	<b>HEAT RECOVERY FUNCTION</b> .....	<b>106</b>
43.	<b>MASTER / SLAVE FUNCTION</b> .....	<b>109</b>
44.	<b>OPERATION RELATED TO THE REAL TIME CLOCK</b> .....	<b>110</b>
45.	<b>MESSAGES - ALARM CODES</b> .....	<b>110</b>
46.	<b>MANUAL ALARM PROCEDURE</b> .....	<b>129</b>
47.	<b>ALARMS LIST</b> .....	<b>130</b>
48.	<b>ICHILL ANALOG AND DIGITAL OUTPUT CONFIGURATION</b> .....	<b>134</b>
49.	<b>I/O EXPANSION ANALOG AND DIGITAL OUTPUT CONFIGURATION</b> .....	<b>139</b>
50.	<b>PARAMETERS LIST</b> .....	<b>144</b>
51.	<b>WIRING CONNECTIONS</b> .....	<b>168</b>
52.	<b>I/O EXPANSION CONNECTION</b> .....	<b>179</b>
53.	<b>IEV ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE CONNECTION</b> .....	<b>181</b>
54.	<b>I/O EXPANSION AND IEV ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE CONNECTION</b> .....	<b>183</b>
55.	<b>POWER SUPPLY FAILURE</b> .....	<b>184</b>
56.	<b>INSTALLING AND MOUNTING</b> .....	<b>185</b>
57.	<b>ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS</b> .....	<b>188</b>
58.	<b>ACCESSORIES</b> .....	<b>188</b>
59.	<b>TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS</b> .....	<b>190</b>
60.	<b>INSTALLATION</b> .....	<b>191</b>

## 1. GENERAL WARNING

### 1.1 PLEASE READ BEFORE USING THIS MANUAL

- This manual is part of the product and should be kept near the instrument for easy and quick reference.
- The instrument shall not be used for purposes different from those described hereunder. It cannot be used as a safety device.
- Check the application limits before proceeding.
- Dixell Srl reserves the right to change the composition of its products, even without notice, ensuring the same and unchanged functionality.

### 1.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Check the supply voltage is correct before connecting the instrument.
- Do not expose to water or moisture: use the controller only within the operating limits avoiding sudden temperature changes with high atmospheric humidity to prevent formation of condensation
- Warning: disconnect all electrical connections before any kind of maintenance.
- The instrument must not be opened.
- In case of failure or faulty operation send the instrument back to the distributor or to “Dixell S.r.l.” (See address) with a detailed description of the fault.
- Consider the maximum current which can be applied to each relay (see Technical Data).
- Ensure that the wires for probes, loads and the power supply are separated and far enough from each other, without crossing or intertwining.
- Fit the probe where it is not accessible by the end user.
- In case of applications in industrial environments, the use of mains filters (our mod. FT1) in parallel with inductive loads could be useful.
  
- The  symbol alerts the user of non-insulated “dangerous voltage” within the product area that is sufficiently high to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.
  
- The  symbol alerts the user of important operating and maintenance (assistance) instructions found in the documentation attached to the device.

### 1.3 PRODUCT DISPOSAL (WEEE)

With reference to Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 and to the relative national legislation, please note that:

- There lies the obligation not to dispose of electrical and electronic waste as municipal waste but to separate the waste.
- Public or private collection points must be used to dispose of the goods in accordance with local laws. Furthermore, at the end of the product's life, it is also possible to return this to the retailer when a new purchase is made.
- This equipment may contain hazardous substances. Improper use or incorrect disposal can have adverse effects on human health and the environment.
- The symbol shown on the product or the package indicates that the product has been placed on the market after 13 August 2005 and must be disposed of as separated waste.

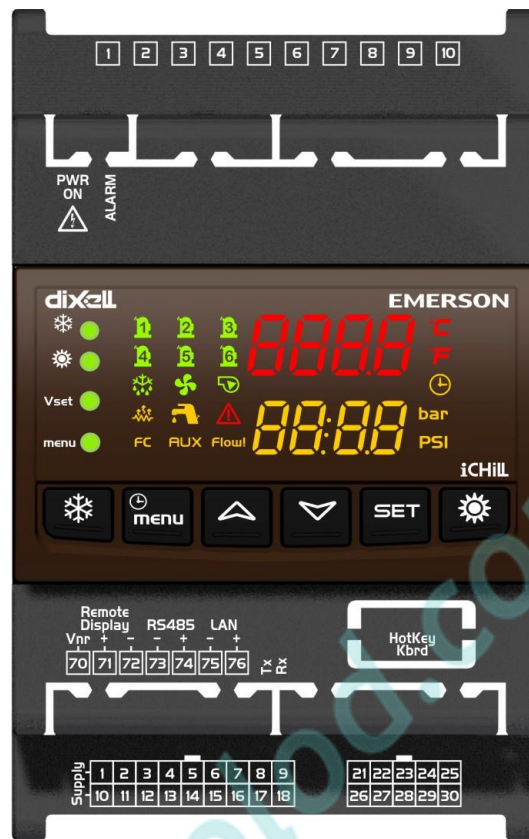
Should the product be disposed of incorrectly, sanctions may be applied as stipulated in applicable local regulations regarding waste disposal.

## 2. ICHILL 205D/IC207D FEATURES






FEATURES	IC205D	IC207D
<b>OUTPUT RELAYS</b>		
5	●	
7		●
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS</b>		
9 (free voltage)	configurable	configurable
<b>PROBE INPUTS</b>		
4 (NTC/PTC)	configurable	configurable
3 (NTC/PTC/0..5V/4..20mA)	configurable	configurable
<b>PROPORTIONAL OUTPUTS</b>		
2 0÷10V or PWM outputs	configurable	configurable
1 0÷10V	configurable	configurable
<b>OTHER OUTPUTS</b>		
TTL	●	●
Output for remote keyboard	●	●
LAN	●	●
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>		
12 Vac/dc (+15%;-10%)	●	●
24 Vac/dc (± 10%)	opt	opt
<b>OTHERS</b>		
Internal real time clock	opt	opt
Buzzer	opt	opt





- configurable = the function is configurable by parameter
- opt = optional
- ● = default

### 3. USER INTERFACE



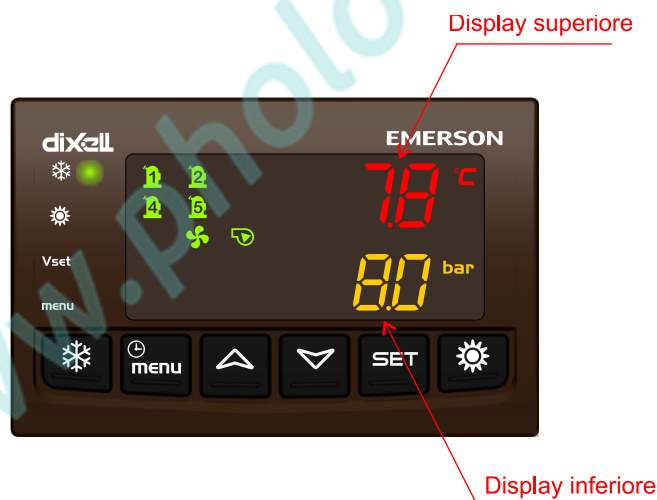
#### 3.1 DISPLAY AND ICONS

°C -°F BAR-PSI	ON when a temperature or pressure is visualized
	Real time clock: ON when the bottom display show the RTC ON during the programming with time based parameter value In function menu indicates the defrost delay counting
	General alarm: blinking in case of alarm
	Domestic hot water: ON when domestic hot water production is active
<b>Vset</b>	Dynamic Set point: ON dynamic set point or Energy saving are active
	Anti freeze heaters/ integration heating / boiler: ON if the heaters are switched ON
<b>FlowI</b>	Water flow alarm / supply fan overload (air / air unit): blinking in case of water flow alarm or supply fan overload alarm
	Water pump: ON if at least one water pump is actives or if supply fan is active

	Condenser fan: ON if at least one condenser fan is active
	ON when the compressor is active Blinking = when a compressor activation is delayed (minimum OFF time, delay after water pump activation, etc.)
<b>AUX</b>	ON when an auxiliary output is active
<b>menu</b>	ON when menu button is pressed
	ON if the I chill is switched ON in cooling or heating
<b>FC</b>	ON when the free cooling is active
	ON in defrost Blinking during defrost activation delay

### 3.2 UPPER & LOWER DISPLAY CUSTOMIZATION

It is possible to select which probe has to be visualized on the upper & lower display.



### 3.3 MAIN DISPLAY (UPPER DISPLAY)

Parameter dP01

PARAMETER VALUE	DESCRIPTION	CORRESPONDING LABEL
0	no visualization	No label
1	evaporator water inlet temperature	Ein
2	evaporator water outlet 1 and 2 temperature	Out1 circuit 1 Out2 circuit 2
3	common evaporator water outlet temperature	Eout

4	common condenser water inlet temperature	<b>Cin</b>
5	condenser 1 or condenser 2 water inlet temperature	<b>CIn1</b> circuit 1 <b>CIn2</b> circuit 2
6	condenser 1 or condenser 2 water outlet	<b>Cou1</b> circuit 1 <b>Cou2</b> circuit 2
7	common condenser water outlet	<b>Cout</b>
8	outlet temperature	<b>Et</b>
9	free cooling temperature	<b>FCIN</b>
10	remote terminal 1 temperature	<b>trE1</b>
11	remote terminal 2 temperature	<b>trE2</b>
12	combined defrost temperature	<b>dEF1</b> circuit 1 <b>dEF2</b> circuit 2
13	domestic hot water temperature 1	<b>SAn1</b>
14	domestic hot water temperature 2	<b>SAn2</b>
15	solar panel temperature	<b>SoLE</b>
16	Recovery temperature	<b>rEC</b>
17	condenser temperature	<b>Cdt1</b> circuit 1 <b>Cdt2</b> circuit 2

### 3.4 SECONDARY DISPLAY (LOWER DISPLAY)

#### Parameter dP02

PARAMETER VALUE	DESCRIPTION	CORRESPONDING LABEL
0	no visualization	<b>No label</b>
1	evaporator water inlet temperature	<b>Ein</b>
2	evaporator water outlet 1 and 2 temperature	<b>Out1</b> circuit 1 <b>Out2</b> circuit 2
3	common evaporator water outlet temperature	<b>Eout</b>
4	common condenser water inlet temperature	<b>Cin</b>
5	condenser 1 or condenser 2 water inlet temperature	<b>CIn1</b> circuit 1 <b>CIn2</b> circuit 2
6	condenser 1 or condenser 2 water outlet	<b>Cou1</b> circuit 1 <b>Cou2</b> circuit 2
7	common condenser water outlet	<b>Cout</b>
8	outlet temperature	<b>Et</b>
9	free cooling temperature	<b>FCIN</b>
10	remote terminal 1 temperature	<b>trE1</b>
11	remote terminal 2 temperature	<b>trE2</b>



12	combined defrost temperature	dEF1 circuit 1 dEF2 circuit 2
13	domestic hot water temperature 1	SAn1
14	domestic hot water temperature 2	SAn2
15	solar panel temperature	SoLE
16	Recovery temperature	rEC
17	condenser temperature	Cdt1 circuit 1 Cdt2 circuit 2
18	condenser pressure	CdP1 circuit 1 CdP2 circuit 2
19	evaporator pressure	LP1 circuit 1 LP2 circuit 2
20	compressor oil pressure	
21	real time clock	

### 3.5 FORCED READ - OUT OF THE TOP AND BOTTOM DISPLAY

The dP03 parameter allows to have a pre-defined visualization.

#### dP03=0

The visualization is defined by parameters dP01 and dP02

#### dP03 = 1

##### Top display:

- Evaporator water inlet temperature, **Ein** label.

##### Bottom display:

- Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature, label **Out1** or evaporator 2 water outlet temperature, label **Out2**

#### dP03 = 2

##### Top display:

- Condenser 1 water inlet temperature, label **CIn1** or Condenser 2 water inlet temperature, label **CIn2**

##### Bottom display

- Condenser 1 water outlet temperature, label **COu1** or condenser 2 water outlet temperature, label **COu2**

#### dP03 = 3

##### Top display of the circuit 1:

- Condenser temperature **Cdt1** / pressure **CdP1** or Condenser temperature **Cdt2** / pressure **CdP2**

##### Bottom display of the circuit 1

Evaporator pressure probe **LP1** or Evaporator pressure probe **LP2**

### 3.6 VI622 / TI620: REMOTE TERMINAL 1 VISUALIZATION

If dP04=0 the display has the same visualization of the Ichill.

If dP04=1 upper display visualizes the temperature measured by the probe mounted in the remote terminal 1 (remote terminal must have internal temperature sensor)

### 3.7 VI622 / TI620: REMOTE TERMINAL 2 VISUALIZATION

If dP05=0 the display has the same visualization of the Ichill.

If dP05=1 upper display visualizes the temperature measured by the probe mounted in the remote terminal 2 (remote terminal must have internal temperature sensor)

### 3.8 DISPLAY VISUALIZATION IN CONDENSING UNIT

If the IChill is used to control a condensing unit (CF03=1):

- and a digital input has to be configured as “cooling request”; in case of cooling request the display shows “OnC”
- and a digital input has to be configured as “heating request”; in case of heating request the display shows “OnH”

If the IChill is used to control a condensing unit (CF03=1):

- and a digital input has to be configured as “regulation request”; in case of cooling request by key the display shows “OnC”; in STD-BY the display shows “On”, when the digital input is not active the display shows “OFF”
- and a digital input has to be configured as “regulation request”; in case of heating request by key the display shows “OnH”; in STD-BY the display shows “On”, when the digital input is not active the display shows “OFF”

### 3.9 DISPLAY VISUALIZATION IN REMOTE OFF

Digital input configured as remote ON/OFF: the active input sets the unit in OFF (even when the unit is a condensing unit).

The upper display shows “OF.F”, the led of the decimal point is blinking.



### 3.10 DISPLAY VISUALIZATION IN STD-BY

It is possible to customise the visualization of the display when the unit is in STD-BY:

**Parameter dP10:**

0= the display shows "STD-BY"

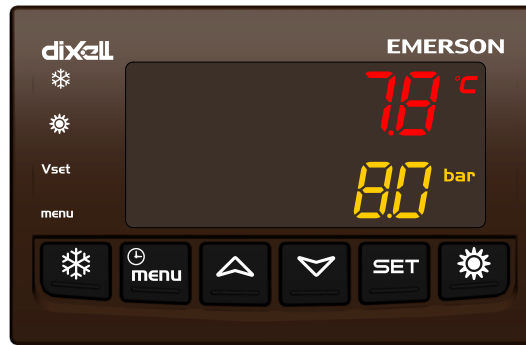
1= the display shows what defined by parameters dP1 and dP2

2= the display shows “OFF”

**“Stby” visualization**



## Probes visualization



## “OFF” visualization



### 3.11 HOW TO READ COMPRESSOR STATUS

if a compressor is disabled for maintenance the display shows:

compressor 1 disabled: label **c1ds**





compressor 2 disabled: label **c2ds**

compressor 3 disabled: label **c3ds**




compressor 4 disabled: label **c4ds**

### 3.12 KEY FUNCTION

KEY	ACTION	FUNCTION
	Push and release	Show chiller set point <b>SetC</b> and heat pump <b>SetH</b>
	Push once again	In chiller or heat pump if the Energy saving or the Dynamic setpoint are enabled it shows the real setpoint <b>Setr</b> .
	Push for 3 seconds	Set point modification
	During the programming: push once	To enter parameter modification or confirm a value
	Push when an alarm is showed in menù ALrM	To reset the alarm
	Push once with probe label showed on the bottom display (press up or down starting from default visualization)	To read probes values of circuit 1 or circuit 2
	Push once	To read probes value
	Pushing once during the programming	To change the group of parameters, to change the parameter, to change the value of the parameter

	Push for 1 second during the programming when the display visualize Pr1 or Pr2 or Pr3	1 time shows the Pr2 programming level 2 times shows the Pr3 programming level
	Push once	To read probes value
	Pushing once during the programming	To change the group of parameters, to change the parameter, to change the value of the parameter
	Push once	To turn ON or turn OFF the controller (in chiller or heat pump depending from CF58 parameter)
	Push once	To turn ON or turn OFF the controller (in chiller or heat pump depending from CF58 parameter)
	Push once	To enter the function Menu
	Push for 3 seconds	To set the clock (controller with clock on board)
	Pushing once during the programming	To exit from a group of parameter

### 3.13 KEY COMBINANTION

KEY	ACTION	FUNCTION
	Push for 3 seconds together Only in Pr3 level: push SET and DOWN key	Enter the programming parameters Select the parameter level visibility Pr1 / Pr2 / Pr3
	Push once together Push 5 seconds in heat pump mode	Exit the programming parameters Manual defrost
	Only in Pr3 programming level: push SET and then the MENU key	In Pr3 defines if the parameter can be modified or not in the other levels.

## 4. REMOTE TERMINAL

The display visualization and the button functions are the same of the IChill, then refer to previous chapters of the quick reference guide.

VI622



## TI620



## 5. FIRST INSTALLING

### 5.1 ON BOARD CLOCK (OPTIONAL)

If giving power supply the bottom display shows “rtC” alternated with a temperature or pressure value, It is necessary to set the internal clock.

After a power failure, clock back-up battery lasts maximum 3 or 4 days. After this period it is necessary to set the clock again.

**The internal clock is an option and it is not possible to update the instrument; it is necessary to order the instrument already complete of this features.**

### 5.2 REAL TIME CLOCK SETUP

1. Push **MENU** key for some seconds until the bottom display shows “Hour” and the top display shows its value.
2. Push **SET** one time: the value is blinking
3. Use the Up and Down keys to adjust it. Push **SET** one time to confirm; automatically the display shows next parameter
4. Repeat the operations 2. 3. and 4. for all the RTC parameters:
  - **Min:** minutes (0÷60)
  - **UdAy:** day of the week (**Sun** = Sunday, **Mon** =Monday, **tuE** =Tuesday, **UEd** = Wednesday, **thU** = Thursday, **Fri** =Friday, **SAt** =Saturday)
  - **dAy:** day of the month (0÷31)
  - **MntH:** month (1÷12)
  - **yEAR:** year (00÷99)

## 6. PARAMETER PROGRAMMING

### 6.1 PROGRAMMING WITH THE “HOT KEY 64”

#### 6.1.1 Download: how to program an instrument with a programmed “Hot Key”

1. Power off the instrument
2. Insert the hot key already programmed (by software Wizmate or other instrument)
3. Power on the instrument
4. Automatically the parameters are downloaded

During the download the regulation is locked and the top display shows the “doL” blinking label. At the end of the download will appear:

“**End**” if the programming procedure is completely OK, after 30seconds the regulation starts automatically.

“**Err**” if the programming procedure has found an error and the parameter have not been transferred. In this case turn off and then on the instrument supply to repeat the operation or remove the hot key, with power supply off, to restart the regulation.

#### 6.1.2 Upload: How to program a “Hot Key” with the parameters of the instrument

1. Power on the instrument
2. Insert the hot key
3. Enter the function Menu

4. Select the **UPL** function (on the bottom display)
5. Push **SET** key and immediately the instrument starts transfer the parameters into the Hot key. During the upload the regulation is locked and the top display shows the “**UPL**” blinking label. At the end of the UPL will appear:
  - “**End**” if the programming procedure is completely OK, after 30seconds the regulation starts automatically.
  - “**Err**” if the programming procedure has found an error and the parameter have not been transferred.
 Repeat the procedure.  
 To exit the UPL function push the MENU key or wait the time-out (15 sec).

## 6.2 PROGRAMMING USING THE KEYBOARD

Through the instrument keyboard it is possible to enter the programming. In all the three accessible levels the user can show and modify both value and visibility of the parameters. To ensure an easy navigation through the different levels the common parameters have been named and grouped under a family name. The three levels of programming:

- Pr1 User level
- Pr2 Maintenance level
- Pr3 OEM level

### 6.2.1 Password default values

- Password level Pr1 = 1
- Password level Pr2 = 2
- Password level Pr3 = 3

**Each password can be changed; the range is 0 ... 999.**

Each parameter has two level: visibility and changeability. Therefore it can be configured as follow:

- The parameter can be showed and changed.
- The parameter can be showed but not changed.

### 6.2.2 Enter the Pr1 - Pr2 - Pr3 programming levels

#### Pr1 LEVEL:

Push **SET + DOWN** together for 3 seconds, the top display shows the PAS label and the bottom display shows the Pr1 label. The leds cir1/cir2 are blinking (up and down leds) to inform that you now are in PR1 programming level.

#### Pr2 LEVEL:

From the Pr1 level push the UP key for 2 seconds and the bottom display will show Pr2. The top display still shows PAS.

#### Pr3 LEVEL:

From the Pr2 level push the UP key for 2 seconds and the bottom display will show Pr3. The top display still shows PAS.

After selecting the level push the SET key and the top display will show the 0 blinking value where to insert the password .

Set the password level using the UP and DOWN keys then confirm with SET key.

Dependening on the password value there will be the different level access, if the password is wrong the instrument shows the password value again.

#### ATTENTION:

**For all the programming levels Pr1, Pr2, Pr3 CF parametrs (configuration parameters) cannot be changed if the instrument is switched on.**

**During the defrost the dF parameters can't be programmed.**

### 6.2.3 Enter the programming level Pr1

#### Enter Pr1 “User level ”:

1. Push **SET + DOWN** keys together for 3 seconds. The top display shows PAS while the bottom display shows Pr1 labels.
2. Push **SET** key and the top display shows a blinking **0**; pressing **UP** or **DOWN** keys insert the Pr1 password. Push **SET** and, if the value is correct, top display will show the first family of parameters “**ALL**”. Otherwise set the password again.
3. Select a parameter group pressing **DOWN** or **UP** keys.

4. Push **SET** to enter; the bottom display shows the first available parameter label while the top display shows its value.

The user can shows and modify all the parameters belonging to this family.

#### Parameter status, leds and bottom display in Pr1



- If the selected parameter can not be changed the leds 1 and 2 are blinking.
- In Pr1 level the user can not see and change any parameter of Pr2 and Pr3.
- The MENU key allows to exit from a family to reselect another without exit the Pr1 level.
- To exit completely the programming push SET + UP.

#### 6.2.4 Enter the programming level Pr2

##### Enter the Pr2 “maintenance level”:

1. Push the **SET + DOWN** keys together for 3 seconds. The top display shows PAS while the bottom display shows Pr1 labels.
2. Push UP key for 2 seconds and the top display will show Pr2.
3. Push **SET** key and the top display shows a blinking 0, with **UP** or **DOWN** insert the Pr2 password. Push **SET** and, if the value is correct, top display will show the first family of parameters “ALL”. Otherwise set the password again.
4. Select a parameter family with **DOWN** or **UP** keys.
5. Push **SET** to enter, the bottom display shows the first available parameter label while the top display shows its value.

The user can shows and modify all the paramters belonging to this family.

#### Parameter status, leds and bottom display in Pr2



- Leds 1 / 2 are blinking: the parameter can not be changed.
- All the leds are off: the parameter ca not be seen in Pr1 level.
- Led 3 is on: the parameter can be seen in Pr1 level.
- Leds 1 / 2 are blinking and led 3 is on: the parameter can be showed and changed in Pr2, showed but not changed in Pr1.
- Leds 1 / 2 / 3 are blinking: the parameter can be showed and changed in Pr2 and in Pr21.
- In Pr2 level the user can not see and change any parameter of Pr3 level.
- The MENU key allows to exit from a family to reselect another without exit the Pr2 level.
- The MENU key allows to pass to Pr1 starting from a family label.
- To exit completely the programming push SET + UP.

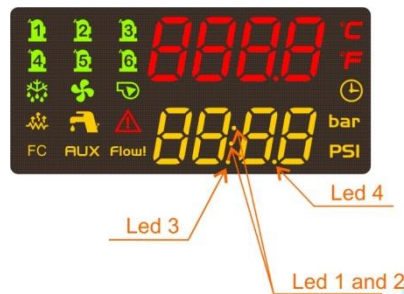
#### 6.2.5 Enter the programming level Pr3

##### Enter the Pr3 “OEM level”:

1. Push the **SET + DOWN** keys together for 3 seconds. The top display shows PAS while the bottom display shows Pr1 labels.
2. Push UP key for 2 seconds and the top display will show Pr2.
1. Push UP key again for 2 seconds and the top display will show Pr3
3. Push **SET** key and the top display shows a blinking 0, with **UP** or **DOWN** insert the Pr3 password. Push **SET** and, if the value is correct, top display will show the first family of parameters "**ALL**". Otherwise set the password again.
4. Select a parameter family with **DOWN** or **UP** keys.
5. Push **SET** to enter, the bottom display shows the first available parameter label while the top display shows its value.

The user can shows and modify all the paramters belonging to this family.

### Parameter status, leds and bottom display in Pr3



- Leds 1 / 2 are blinking: the parameter can not be changed.
- All the leds are off: the parameter is available only in Pr3.
- Led 4 on: the parameter can be changed also in Pr2.
- Led 4 blinking: the parameter is visible also in Pr2 .
- Leds 3 / 4 on: the parameter is available in Pr2 and in Pr1.
- Leds 3 / 4 blinking: the parameter is visible in Pr1 and in Pr2.
- The MENU key allows to exit from a family to reselect another without exit the Pr2 level.
- The MENU key allows to pass to Pr1 starting from a family label.
- To exit completely the programming push SET + UP.

### 6.2.6 How to change a parameter value

#### Enter the programming

1. Push the **SET + DOWN** keys together for 3 seconds;
2. Select the parameter label with up and down keys;
3. Push **SET** to enter the parameter value;
4. Change the value with **UP** or **DOWN** keys;
5. Push "**SET**" to confirm, after some seconds the display shows the next parameter;
6. Exit: Push **SET + UP** together when a parameter label is displayed or wait 15seconds without pushing a key.

**NOTE:** a new parameter value is confirmed also after the 15 seconds of timeout is expired (without pushing SET key to confirm).

### 6.2.7 Change the Password value

#### Pr1 LEVEL

- 1) Enter Pr1 visibility level
- 2) Select a whatever parameter family.
- 3) Search "**Pr1**" label; push SET key to change the value that now is blinking.
- 4) Use the UP or DOWN key to insert the NEW PASSWORD value, then push SET to confirm the new value.
- 5) Top display blinks for some seconds and then shows the next parameter.
- 6) Exit the programming pushing SET + UP together or wait the timeout.



### **Pr2 LEVEL**

1. Enter Pr2 visibility level
  2. Select a whatever parameter family
  3. Search "**Pr2**" label; push SET key to change the value that now is blinking.
  4. Use the UP or DOWN key to insert the NEW PASSWORD value, then push SET to confirm the new value.
  5. Top display blinks for some seconds and then shows the next parameter
  6. Exit the programming pushing SET + UP together or wait the timeout.
- Inside the Pr2 level it is possible to change also the Pr1 password.

### **Pr3 LEVEL**

1. Enter Pr3 level
  2. Select a whatever parameter family
  3. Search "**Pr3**" label; push SET key to change the value that now is blinking.
  4. Use UP or DOWN key to insert the NEW PASSWORD value, then push SET to confirm the new value.
  5. The top display blinks for some seconds and then shows the next parameter
  6. Exit the programming pushing SET + UP together or wait the timeout.
- Inside the Pr3 level it is possible to change also the Pr1 and Pr2 passwords.

### **6.2.8 Move a parameter level from Pr2 to Pr1**

#### **Enter Pr2 programming level**

Select the parameter and if the led # 3 is off: the parameter is available only in Pr2.

To show the parameter also in Pr1:

1. Keep pushed SET key;
2. Push 1 time the DOWN key and the led 3 should be on, the parameter is now available in Pr1.

To hide the parameter in Pr1:

1. Keep pushed SET key;
2. Push 1 time the DOWN key and the led 3 should be off, the parameter is now removed from Pr1.

### **6.2.9 Move a parameter from Pr3 to Pr2 to Pr1**

#### **Enter Pr3 programming level, here the parameter are all visible:**

Select the parameter, if all the leds are off the parameter is available only in Pr3.

To show the parameter also in Pr2 and Pr1:

1. Keep pushed SET key;
2. Push 1 time the DOWN key and the leds 3 and 4 should be on, the parameter is now available also in Pr2 / Pr1.

To show the parameter only in Pr2:

1. Keep pushed SET key;
2. Push 1 time the DOWN key and the leds 3 is off, the parameter is now available also in Pr2.

To show the parameter only in Pr3:

1. Keep pushed SET key
2. Push 1 time the DOWN key and the leds 3 and 4 are off, the parameter is now available only in Pr3.

### **6.2.10 Visibility and Parameter value locked**

**To set the only visibility and lock the parameter value it is necessary enter Pr3 programming level.**

#### **Pr1 PARAMETER VISIBILITY**

Enter the Pr3 level

1. Select the parameter;
2. Keep pushed the SET key;
3. Push 1 time the MENU key and the led 3 change from on to blinking: the parameter is visible in Pr1 but can't be changed.

#### **Pr2 PARAMETER VISIBILITY**

Enter the Pr3 level

1. Select the parameter;
2. Keep pushed the SET key;
3. Push 1 time the MENU key and the led 4 change from on to blinking the parameter is visible in Pr2 but can't be changed.

Leds 3 / 4 blinking: the parameter is visible in Pr1 and in Pr2 but in those levels now they can't be changed.

## TO SET THE ORIGINAL TAG FOR THE PARAMETER Pr1 / Pr2

1. Keep pushed the **SET** key;
2. Push one time the **MENU** key, the leds 3 / 4 turn on, the parameter can be seen and modified in Pr1 and Pr2.

### 6.2.11 Programming: digital input and output polarity

The configuration parameters of :

- Digital inputs
- Digital outputs (relay)
- Proportional output configured as ON/OFF
- Analogue input configured as digital input

are composed by a letter and a number.

Letter can be:

o (open) = function associated to the input or output is active when the contact is open

c (close) = function associated to the input or output is active when the contact is closed

The number defines the function associated to the input or output.



#### Example 1:



The bottom display shows the parameter label CF36 = digital input 7 configuration:

- **7** means that the digital input is configured as “high pressure switch of circuit 1” (see digital input configuration)
- **o** means that the digital input is active for **open** contact, then the high pressure alarm is detected when the digital input is open.

## 7. DISPLAY LAYOUT

Pushing  or  key it is possible to read the value of the probes connected to the instrument. Every probe is identified by a label (see display visualization table).

### Example:

**Fig.1:** upper display shows outlet 1 evaporator temperature, the lower display shows Out1. Pressing SET key is possible to read the same probe of the second circuit (if configured).

Fig.1



**Fig.2:** upper display shows outlet 2 evaporator temperature, the lower display shows Out2. Pressing SET key is possible to read the same probe of the first circuit.

Fig.2



## 8. SET POINT VISUALIZATION

### 8.1 READ SET POINT VALUE

Push and release the **SET** key, the leds of the circuits are off and the set value is displayed. In stand-by the bottom display shows **SetC** (set chiller), by pushing SET again the next label is **SetH** (set heat pump ).

If the unit is running the only set displayed is related to the running mode.

### 8.2 MODIFY THE SET POINT

- 1) Push **SET** key for at least **3** seconds: the leds of the circuits are off and the set value is blinking.
- 2) Use the **UP** or **DOWN** key to modify the setpoint.
- 3) Push **SET** to confirm or wait the timeout (15seconds).

### 8.3 READ REAL SETPOINT DURING ENERGY SAVING OR DYNAMIC SETPOINT

**Chiller mode:** push **SET** one time, the bottom display shows the **SEtC** (set chiller) while the top display shows the set value. Only if the Energy saving or the Dynamic Setpoint are active, pushing another time the **SET** key, the bottom display shows “**SEtr**” (real setpoint), and the top display shows the setpoint that the unit is really using for the thermoregulation.

**Chiller mode:** push **SET** one time, the bottom display shows the **SEtH** (set Heat pump) while the top display shows the set value. Only if the Energy saving or the Dynamic Setpoint are active, pushing another time the **SET** key, the bottom display shows “**SEtr**” (real setpoint), and the top display shows the setpoint that the unit is really using for the thermoregulation.

**SEtr** label appears only if the Energy saving or the Dynamic Setpoint are active.



### 8.4 HOW TO VISUALIZE DISABLED COMPRESSORS

If a compressor is disabled the lower display visualizes a label:

compressor 1 disabled: label c1ds  
compressor 2 disabled: label c2ds  
compressor 3 disabled: label c3ds  
compressor 4 disabled: label c4ds  
compressor 5 disabled: label c5ds  
compressor 6 disabled: label c6ds

## 9. FUNCTION MENU “ M ” KEY

The function Menu is composed of the following items:

- Read and reset the alarms **ALrM**
- Read and reset the alarm log **ALOG**
- Upload the parameter into the Hot Key **UPL**
- Enable – disable one or the two circuits **CrEn**
- Enable – disable one of the compressors **COEn**
- Read and reset the number of compressor running hour **Hour**
- Read and reset the number of compressor starts-up **COSn**
- Read the compressor discharge temperature **COdt**
- Read the condensing fan speed percentage of the proportional output **Cond**
- Read the percentage of the proportional output 0 ÷ 10 Vdc **Pout**
- Enable – disable evaporator or condenser water pumps **PoEn**
- Time counting to next defrost cycle, under heat pump mode, **dF**
- Read the probe temperatures that enabled to control the auxiliary output **uS**
- Read temperature, Set point and output status of solar panel **SoL**
- Read temperature, Set point and output status of Free cooling **FC**
- Read probe temperature of the remote panels **trEM**
- Read temperature, pressure, set point of the electronic expansion valve 1 **Et1**
- Read temperature, pressure, set point of the electronic expansion valve 2 **Et2**
- Enable / disable recovery function (**REC**)

## 9.1 ALARM LIST: READ AND RESET

### ALRM FUNCTION

Enter the function MENU pushing M key one time

- 1) Use the **UP** or **DOWN** to select the ALrM label
- 2) Push **SET** key (Nothing happens if there are no active alarm events)
- 3) Bottom display: alarm label code; Top display: label **rSt** to reset or **NO** if it is not possible.
- 4) Use the **UP** or **DOWN** to scroll the alarm list.
- 5) Pushing SET when the rSt label is displayed the corresponding alarm is reset
- 6) Then the display shows next alarm in the list; pushing SET again the alarm is reset and the display shows next alarm etc.
- 7) Nothing happens by pushing SET when the label NO is displayed, in this case push UP or DOWN to move to another alarm label.
- 8) To exit the ALrM reset function push MENU one time or wait the timeout.

### MANUAL ALARM RESET IF PASSWORD IS REQUESTED

#### Enter Menu function

1. Use UP or DOWN key and select the alarm label on the bottom display.
2. Push **SET** one time, if there are active alarms the bottom display shows the alarm label (e.g. **CO1r** for overload compressor 1) while the top display shows the label **rSt** to reset the alarm or **NO** if the alarm can not be reset. Use the UP or DOWN keys to scroll all the alarm list.
3. Nothing happens by pushing SET when the label NO is displayed.
4. Pushing SET when the rSt label is displayed the corresponding alarm will be reset after the password: bottom display ArSt while the top display PAS.
5. Push SET and the top display blinks 0 while the bottom shows **PAS**. Insert the password using UP or DOWN key. If the password is OK the **ArSt** blinks for per 3 seconds, if the password value is not correct the top display blinks 0 while the bottom shows PAS. If within 5 seconds no value is inserted the display label come back to CO1r function.
6. To exit the COtr function push MENU or wait the timeout.
7. Repeat operation 1 – 5 to reset the other alarms.

By parameters AL 97 and AL 98, you can make sure that, after resetting a number of alarms with manual reset, the password is required to gain access to the menu ALARM:

- If AL97 and AL98 = 0 = 0 no password is required to access the alarm menu
- If AL97 = 1 is always prompted for a password to access the alarm menu
- If AL97 and AL98 = 0 > 0 can access the alarm menu until the number of alarms is lower than AL98 reset manually, after which you must enter the password

### COMPRESSOR OVERLOAD PASSWORD

The parameter that define the password is AL46; default value is 4.

## 9.2 ALARM LOG LIST

### ALOG FUNCTION TO SEE THE ALARM LOG

The function and the alarm codes are visible only if there are alarm events. If many events are active at the same time the list displayed by increasing order.

Enter the function Menu

1. Select **ALOG**
2. Push **SET** one time; nothing happens if there are no active alarm.
3. The bottom display shows the alarm label, the top display shows the a number in the range 00 to 99.
4. Use the UP or DOWN keys to scroll the list.
5. To exit the ALOG function push MENU or wait the timeout.

## 9.3 ERASE THE ALARM LOG LIST

### ALOG FUNCTION TO ERASE THE LOG LIST

1. Enter the function Menu.
2. Push **UP** or **DOWN** keys to select ALOG on the bottom display.
3. Push **SET** key.
4. Push **UP** or **DOWN** keys to search **ArSt** label on the bottom display.

5. Push **SET**: the bottom display shows **PAS** and the top display a blinking 0.
6. Insert the password (see parameter AL46)
7. If the password is OK the label **ArST** blinks for 5 seconds then the display returns to normal condition read-out (probes).
8. If the password is not correct the display shows **PAS** again. in any case is possible to scroll the list with **UP** or **DOWN**
9. To exit push the M key one time or wait the timeout.

**THE ALARM LIST CONTAINS 100 EVENTS IN A FIFO STRUCTURE. WHEN THE MEMORY IS FULL ANY NEW ALARM WILL ERASE THE OLDEST.**

#### 9.4 PASSWORD RESET ALARM LOG

Default value is 4.

#### 9.5 DISABLE – ENABLE A CIRCUIT

##### CrEn FUNCTION.

Label involved with CrEn function: **Cr1E = circuit 1, Cr2E = circuit 2**

##### DISABLE A CIRCUIT

Enter the function Menu

1. Use **UP** or **DOWN** keys to select **CrEn** on the bottom display
2. Push **SET** key: the bottom display **Cr1E**, top display **En**.
3. Select the circuit 1 or 2 with UP or DOWN (Cr1E or Cr2E).
4. Push **SET** key for 3 seconds when one of the two Cr1E, Cr2E label are displayed. The top display shows the **En** blinking label, use the UP or DOWN to change in **diS** (Disabled) or **En** (Enabled). Then push SET key to confirm the new selection. The display shows next circuit status.
5. To exit the CrEn function push MENU key or wait the timeout.

#### 9.6 READ-OUT OF A CIRCUIT NOT ENABLED

If one circuit is disabled the bottom display shows diS alternated with the label name of the measurement selected.

**Circuit 1** = diS the bottom display shows **b1dS** = circuit 1 disabled.

**Circuit 2** = diS the bottom display shows **b2dS** = circuit 2 disabled.

#### 9.7 ENABLE OR DISABLE A SINGLE COMPRESSOR

##### COEn FUNCTION

Label involved in COEn function: **CO1E = Compressor 1 status... CO6E = Compressor 6 status**

The **COEn** function uses only the compressors configured by the corresponding output parameters.

Enter the function Menu

1. Use the **UP** or **DOWN** keys to select COEn.
2. Push SET key: bottom display = CO1E, top display = En
3. Select the compressor with UP or DOWN: CO2E - CO3E - CO4E – CO5E – CO6E if available.
4. Push SET for 3 seconds when the label corresponds to the compressor to disable: CO1E - CO2E - CO3E - CO4E – CO5E – CO6E. Top display shows the blinking En label, use the UP or DOWN key and change to **diS** (Compressor disabled) or **En** (compressor enabled) then push SET to confirm, the display shows next item.
5. To exit the COEn function push MENU key or wait the timeout.

#### 9.8 READ-OUT OF THE COMPRESSOR STARTS-UP

For each compressor is possible to show the number of starts-up.

##### COSn FUNCTION.

Label involved in COSn function: **C1S** number of compressor 1 starts-up .. **C6S** number of compressor 6 starts-up

The labels are displayed only if the corresponding output is present and configured

The number of starts-up is displayed on the top display, the resolution is x 10 (eg 2 means 20 starts, 20 means 200 starts)

Enter the function Menu

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select **COSn**.

2. Push **SET** one time: the label of the first load C1S is showed on the top display, the bottom display shows the number x10.
3. With UP or DOWN scroll the compressor list.
4. To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout

## 9.9 RESET THE STARTS-UP NUMBER

Enter the function Menu

1. Within the Hour function select, with UP or DOWN, the interested label: CS1, CS2, CS3, CS4, CS5, CS6.
2. Push the **SET** keys for 3 seconds: the top display shows the running hours blinking value, then it shows 0 to confirm the reset. The next load label is automatically loaded.
3. To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout.

## 9.10 HOW TO VISUALIZE 4..20MA DYNAMIC SET POINT PROBE

Enter the function Menu

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select **PbUs**.
2. Push **SET** one time: the value of the 4..20mA probe of the dynamic set point is visualized.

## 9.11 READ-OUT OF THE RUNNING HOURS

This menu allows to shows all the time running hours of the compressors, supply fan and pumps.

**Hour FUNCTION** to show the controlled load consumption

Label involved in the Hour function:

**CO1H** Compressor 1 running hours .. **CO6H** Compressor 6 running hours.

**EP1H** Evaporator water pump or Supply fan running hours

**EP2H** Support evaporator water pump running hours

**CP1H** Condenser water pump running hours

**CP2H** Support condenser water pump running hours

**SAPH** Domestic hot water pump running hours

**PAPH** Solar panel water pump running hours

**FCPH** Free cooling water pump running hours

The labels are displayed only if the corresponding output is present and configured.

The running hours is displayed on the top display, the resolution is x 10 hours (eg 2 means 20 hours, 20 means 200hours)

**Enter the function Menu**

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select Hour
2. Push SET key: bottom display = above labels, top display = hours x10. The time ⌚ is on.
3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to scroll the list.

To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout

## 9.12 RESET THE RUNNING HOUR

Enter the function Menu

1. Within the Hour function select, with UP or DOWN, the interested label: CO1H, CO2H, CO3H, CO4H, CO5H, CO6H, EP1H, EP2H, CP1H, CP2H, SAPH, PAPH or FCPH.
2. Push the **SET** keys for 3 seconds: the top display shows the running hours blinking value, then it shows 0 to confirm the reset. The next load label is automatically loaded.

To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout

## 9.13 READ-OUT OF THE PROPORTIONAL OUTPUT PERCENTAGE OF THE CONDENSER FAN CONTROL

The proportional outputs of the two circuits, that control the fan speed, can be showed in the menu function.

**Cond FUNCTION.**

Label involved in Cond function.

**Cnd1** output value of the condenser fan of the circuit 1.

**Cnd2** output value of the condenser fan of the circuit 2.

#### TO SEE THE OUTPUT PERCENTAGE:

Enter the function menu

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select **Cond**.
2. Push **SET** key: the bottom display shows Cnd1, the top display shows the output percentage.
3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select Cnd1 or Cnd2, the top display always shows the value, between 0% and 100%, of the proportional output of the selected circuit.
4. To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout.

#### 9.14 VISUALIZATION OF CONDENSER FAN STEPS

Enter the function menu:

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select **Cond**.
2. Push **SET** key: the bottom display shows Cnd1, the top display shows the number of steps
3. Push UP or DOWN key to visualize the number of steps of the second circuit (if enabled)
4. To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout.

#### 9.15 READ-OUT OF THE PROPORTIONAL OUTPUT VALUE (OUTPUTS OUT1...OUT3)

The three proportional outputs, 4..20ma or 0-10V, can be showed in the menu function.

**Pout FUNCTION** selects the proportional outputs.

**IC200D outputs:**

**Pou1** Proportional OUT 1 value

**Pou2** Proportional OUT 2 value

**Pou3** Proportional OUT 3 value

**ICX207D outputs (I/O expansion):**

**PoE1** Proportional OUT 1 value

**PoE2** Proportional OUT 2 value

**PoE3** Proportional OUT 3 value

The labels are displayed only if the corresponding output is configured.

#### HOW TO SEE THE FOUR OUTPUT PERCENTAGE:

Enter the function menu

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select **Pout**.
2. Push **SET** key: the bottom display shows Pou1, the top display shows the output percentage.
3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select Pou1, Pou2, Pou3; the top display shows the value (in percentage)
4. To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout.

If the proportional output Pou1 - Pou2 - Pou3 are configured to drive an external relay, the display will show 0=relay off and 100=relay on.

#### 9.16 READ-OUT OF THE PROBES CONFIGURED TO CONTROL SOLAR PANEL

**Sol FUNCTION**

Label involved in **Sol** function:

**FCP1** Free cooling probe 1 temperature

**FCP2** Free cooling probe 2 temperature

**FCdF** Free cooling differential

**FCrL** Free cooling water pump status

**FCAn** Free cooling analog output status

#### 9.17 READ-OUT OF THE PROBES CONFIGURED TO CONTROL FREE COOLING

**Sol FUNCTION**

Label involved in **Sol** function:

**SLPb** Solar panel probe 1 temperature



**SSP2** Solar panel probe 2 temperature  
**SSdi** Solar panel differential  
**SPMP** Solar panel water pump status  
**SLrL** Solar panel valve status

## 9.18 READ-OUT OF THE TIME COUNTING TO THE NEXT DEFROST

### dF FUNCTION

Label involved in dF function:

**dF1** delay time to next defrost of the circuit 1

**dF2** delay time to next defrost of the circuit 2

Enter the function menu :

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select **dF**
2. Push **SET** key: the dF1 label is showed on the top display, the bottom display shows the time delay to next defrost in minutes / seconds. The  $\ominus$  icon is on.
3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select dF1 or dF2.

To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout

## 9.19 READ-OUT OF THE PROBES CONFIGURED TO CONTROL AN AUXILIARY OUTPUT RELAY

### uS FUNCTION.

Label involved in uS function:

**uSt1** auxiliary 1 probe value

**uSt2** auxiliary 2 probe value

Enter the function menu

1. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select uS.
2. Push **SET** key: the label **uSt1** (temperature probe) or **uSP1** (Pressure probe) is showed on bottom display, the top display shows the the temperature or pressure value.
3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select **uSt1** auxiliary 1 probe or **uSt2** auxiliary 2 probe.
4. To exit the Hour function push MENU key or wait the timeout.

## 9.20 HOW TO DISPLAY THE TEMPAERAURE OF THE INTERNAL TEMPERAURE SENSOR OF THE REMOTE TERMINAL 1 OR 2

Inside the function menu it is possible to see the ambient temperature detected by the NTC sensor

**FUNCTION trEM** to show the temperature of the remote panels

Identification label **trEM**.

**trE1** value of the NTC probe of the remote #1

**trE2** value of the NTC probe of the remote #2

Select with **UP** or **DOWN** the **trEM** function

Push **SET** the trE1 or trE2 label is shown on the bottom display, the top display shows the probe value.

Use the UP or DOWN arrow to change between **trE1** or **trE2** read-out.

To exit to the normal display read-out push MENU or wait the time – out time.

### **ATTENTION:**

THE trEm function and the labels trE1 or trE2 appear only if the CF56 = =2 or 3 (remote panel 1 configuration) or if the parameter CF56 = 2 or 3 (remote panel 2 configuration).

## 9.21 ON BOARD CLOCK (OPTIONAL)

If giving power supply the bottom display shows “rtC” alternated with a temperature or pressure value, It is necessary to set the internal clock.

After a power failure, clock back-up battery lasts maximum 3 or 4 days. After this period it is necessary to set the clock again.

**The internal clock is an option and it is not possible to update the instrument; it is necessary to order the instrument already complete of this features.**

### 9.21.1 Real Time Clock Setup

1. Push **MENU** key for some seconds until the bottom display shows “**Hour**” and the top display shows its value.
2. Push **SET** one time: the value is blinking
3. Use the Up and Down keys to adjust it. Push **SET** one time to confirm; automatically the display shows next parameter
4. Repeat the operations 2. 3. and 4. for all the RTC parameters:
  - **Min**: minutes (0÷60)
  - **UdAy**: day of the week (**Sun** = Sunday, **Mon** =Monday, **tuE** =Tuesday, **UEd** = Wednesday, **tHu** = Thursday, **Fri** =Friday, **SAt** =Saturday)
  - **dAy**: day of the month (0÷31)
  - **MntH**: month (1÷12)
  - **yEAR**: year (00÷99)

## 9.22 HOW TO ENABLE / DISABLE RECOVERY FUNCTION

### FUNCTION rEC

- enable / disable recovery function:
  - lower display shows (En /diS)
  - press SET key for some seconds
  - En / diS blinks
  - Press arrow keys to modify the status (enable or disable)
  - press SET key to confirm
  - by pressure of arrow keys it is possible to read the status of recovery valves (rEC1 or rEC2 depending on the circuit)

## 10. DISPLAY VISUALIZATION OF VISOGRAPH REMOTE TERMINAL

### 10.1 VISUALIZATION AFTER THE POWER ON

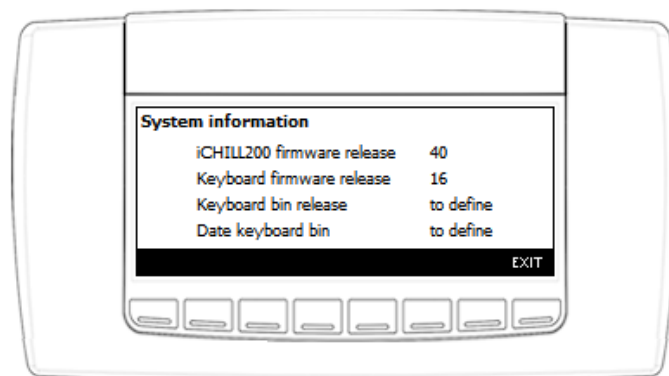
The display visualizes the logo Dixell as showed below.  
To enter the main visualization press ENTER.



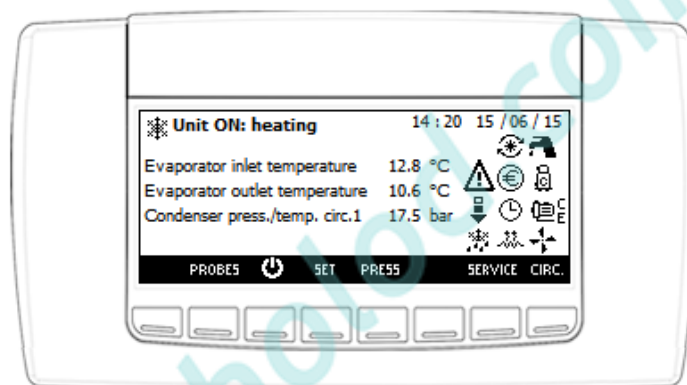
It is possible to read the main information about the firmware version and bin version by pressing



- release firmware of the I chill 205D / IC207D
- release firmware of the Visograph V2I820
- BIN version of the Visograph V2I820
- date of the BIN of the Visograph



## 10.2 MAIN VISUALIZATION














In the main visualization it is possible to read:









- status of the unit: cooling, heating, remote OFF or STD-BY
  - date and time, available if the I chill is provided by internal clock
  - 4 probes value; it is possible to manage 4 lines to visualize the probe temperature / pressure (parameters dP06..dP09)
0. Not enabled
  1. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 1 discharge
  2. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 2 discharge
  3. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 3 discharge
  4. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 4 discharge
  5. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 5 discharge
  6. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 6 discharge
  7. Temperature probe **PTC** for solar panel
  8. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator inlet
  9. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 1 outlet
  10. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 2 outlet
  11. Temperature probe **NTC** for common evaporator outlet
  12. Temperature probe **NTC** for common hot water condenser / recovery inlet
  13. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 inlet
  14. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 inlet
  15. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 outlet
  16. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 outlet
  17. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery common outlet
  18. Temperature probe **NTC** for free cooling water inlet circuit
  19. Temperature probe **NTC** for dynamic setpoint external air / boiler / change over

20. Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 1
21. Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 2
22. Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 1
23. Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 2
24. Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 1
25. Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 2
26. Temperature probe **NTC** solar panel
27. Temperature probe **NTC** recovery function
28. Condenser probe circuit 1 ( temperature **NTC** / pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
29. Condenser probe circuit 2 ( temperature **NTC** / pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
30. Evaporator pressure probe circuit 1 ( pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
31. Evaporator pressure probe circuit 1 ( pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
32. Aux 1 output probe control (**4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt**)
33. Aux 2 output probe control (**4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt**)
34. Dynamic setpoint probe (**4÷20 mA**)
35. Compressor 1 or circuit 1 pressure probe
36. Compressor 2 or circuit 2 pressure probe
37. Internal temperature of the Visograph 2.0 remote terminal (sensor mounted internally)
38. Remote temperature of the Visograph 2.0 remote terminal (external sensor)
39. Internal humidity of the Visograph 2.0

- load / function status as showed below:

	Compressor/s (blinking during the start up delay)		Economy function
	Water pump / Supply fan		Unloading function
	Condenser fan		Economy or ON/OFF by timetable
	Electric heater		Defrost
	Domestic hot water		Alarm
	Recovery enabled		

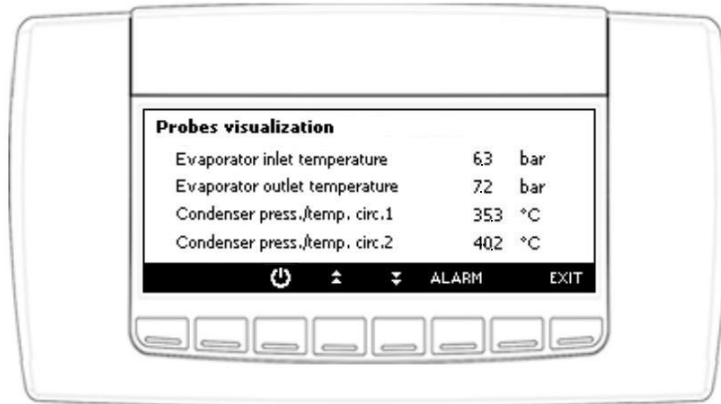
#### Meaning of the keys:

	Allows to read the value of the probes configured in the I chill		Allows to read/modify the set point
	Allows to switch on the I chill in heating or cooling mode (see parameter CF78)		Allows to read the alarms
	Allows to switch on the I chill in heating or cooling mode (see parameter CF78)		Allows to enter the SERVICE menu
	Allows to put the I chill in STD-BY		Allows to read the main information of the circuits (compressor status, water pump status, pressure probe value,...)

**Note:**  
in case of alarm, press any key to silence the buzzer

### 10.3 PROBES VISUALIZATION

Press **PROBES** key to visualize the value of the probes configured in the I chill (press **▲** or **▼** to visualize all the probes).



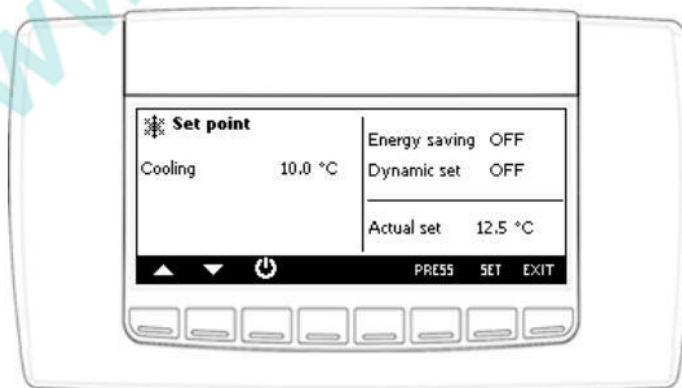
### 10.4 VISUALIZATION / MODIFICATION OF THE SET POINT

Press **SET** key to read the value of the set point (cooling set point if the I chill is in cooling mode, heating set point if the I chill is in heating mode, cooling and heating set point if the I chill is in STD\_BY or remote OFF, Domestic hot water when enabled).

It is also possible to read the status of the Energy saving, the status of the Dynamic set point and the real value of the set point if the Energy saving or Dynamic set point are active.

To modify the set point (Cooling, Heating or Domestic hot water):

- press **▲** or **▼** to select the value of the set point
- press **SET**
- press **▲** or **▼** to modify the value
- press **SET** to confirm the operation





### 10.5 ALARM VISUALIZATION








Press **ALARM** key to read the alarm status; the alarm status can be:

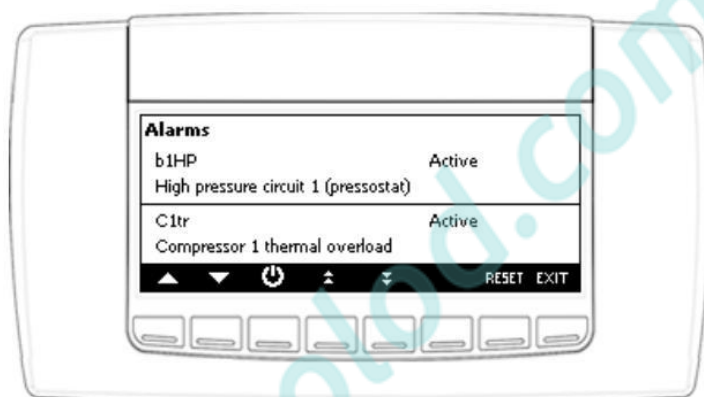
- **Active:** the alarm is still active and it is not possible to reset it
- **Reset:** the alarm is not active and it is possible to reset it

Manual reset procedure:


- press  or  to select the alarm;
- press  to reset the alarm











In case of compressor overload alarm when the password is requested, follow this step:







- press  or  to select the compressor overload alarm
- press 
- press 
- press  or  to insert the password value (parameter AL46)
- press  to confirm the operation

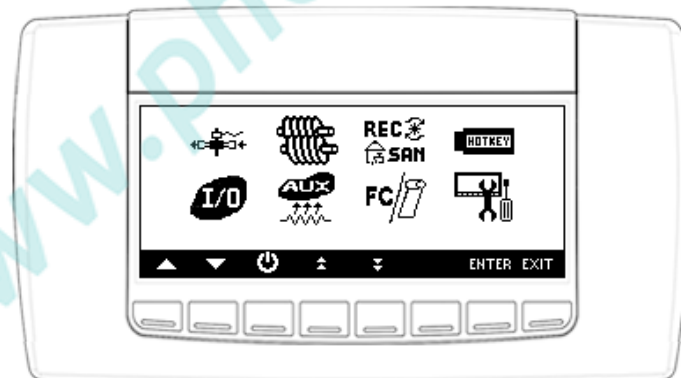
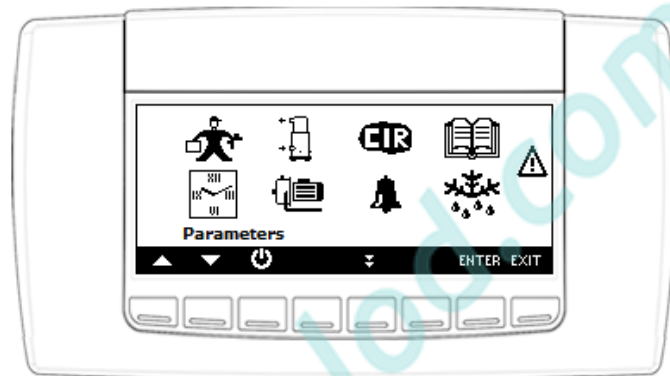


## 10.6 MENU SERVICE

Pressing  it is possible to read the following information:

	<b>Parameter programming</b>
	<b>Programming clock</b> <b>Energy saving and ON/OFF scheduling</b>
	<b>Compressor maintenance</b> It is possible to disable the compressor for maintenance, read the working hours and number of start up (and reset them)
	<b>Water pump maintenance</b> It is possible to read / reset the working hours
	<b>Circuit maintenance</b>
	<b>Visualization and reset of the alarms</b>
	<b>Visualization and reset of the alarm log</b>
	<b>Defrost status</b>
	<b>Valves status</b>
	<b>I/O status</b>

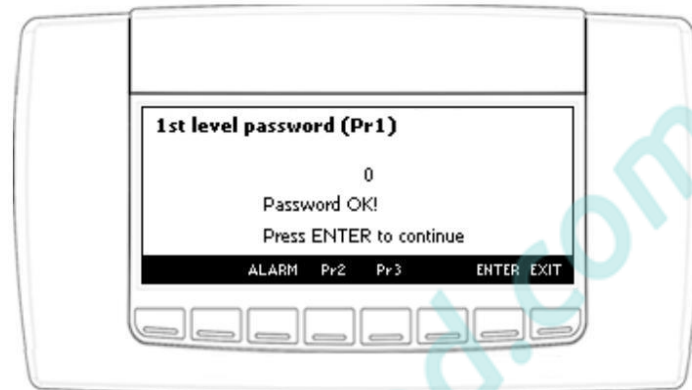
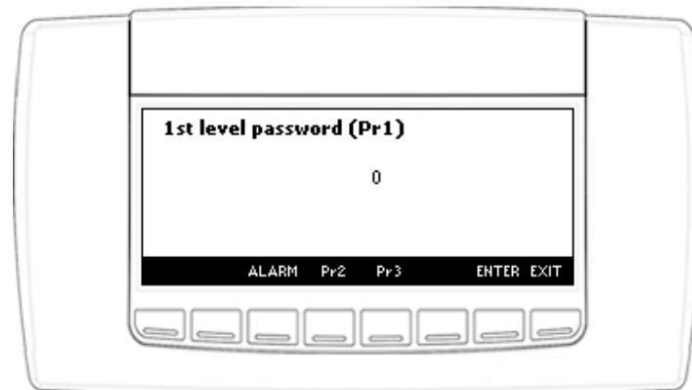
	<b>Screw compressor information</b> It is possible to read the discharge temperature, the liquid injection valve status and the minimum load valve status
	<b>Auxiliary output and heaters status</b>
	<b>Heat recovery and domestic hot water status</b>
	<b>Free cooling and Solar panel visualization</b>
	<b>Upload and download parameter map with Hot Key</b>
	<b>Visograph configuration</b> It is possible to read the I chill firmware version (for the compatibility with the keyboard), the keyboard firmware release and keyboard bin release. It is possible to change the language, to set the contrast and the backlight.






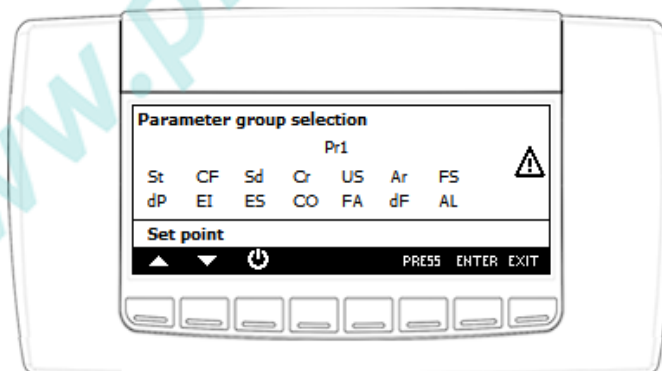
	<b>Parameters programming</b>
---	-------------------------------

Pressing **ENTER** it is possible to read/modify the parameters value:







- select the level 1 (default) or level 2 or level (by pressing Pr2 or Pr3 key)
- press **SET**
- press **▲** or **▼** to enter the password
- press **SET** to confirm
- the display shows "Password OK!" (otherwise repeat the procedure)
- press **ENTER** to visualize the parameters



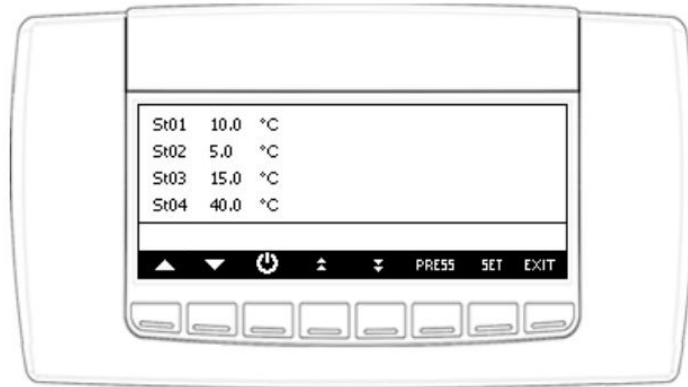
Pressing  or  it is possible to select the group of parameters to modify, then press .



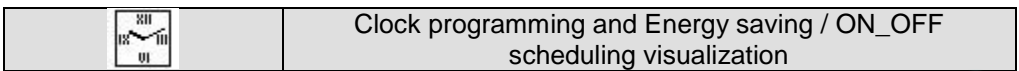
How to modify the value of the parameter:

- press  or  to select the parameter to modify
- press 
- press  or  to modify the value
- press  to confirm











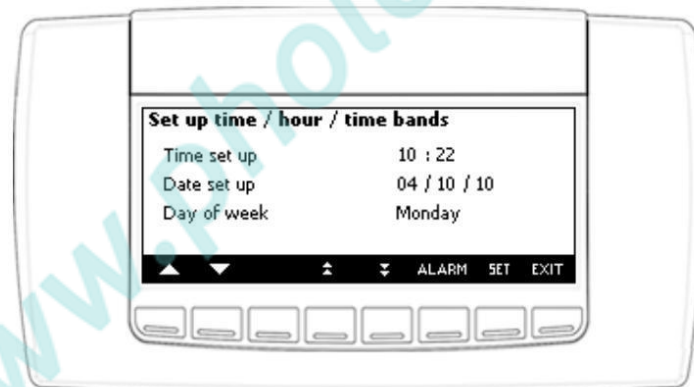
Press  or  to scroll the parameters.





It is possible to set the clock and read the Energy saving and the ON/OFF scheduler.

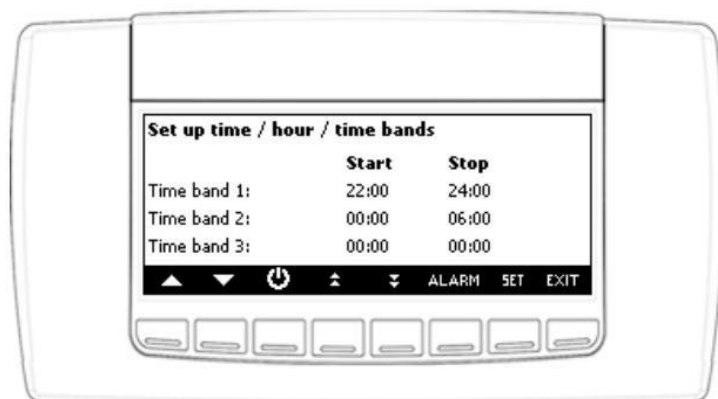
How to set the clock:

- press  or  to select the date to modify (hour, minutes, date);
- press 
- press  or  to modify the value
- press  to confirm




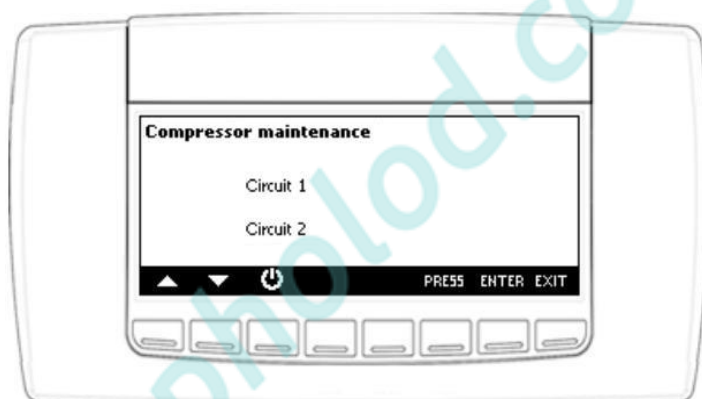
Pressing  or  it is possible to read the information about the Energy saving and ON/OFF scheduling.

To modify the hour of the time band and to enable the function is necessary to enter the parameter programming (ES parameters).

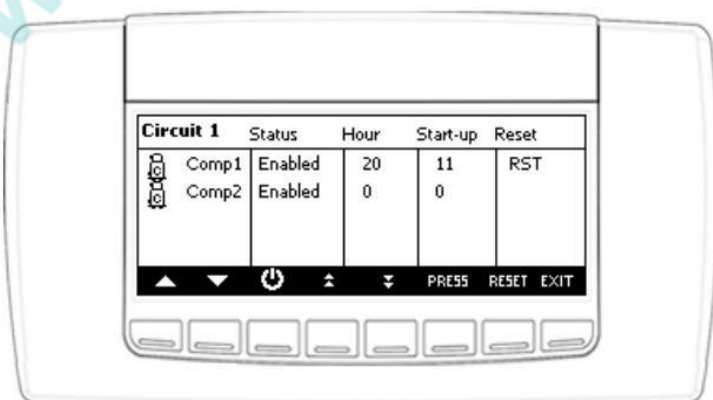


 Compressor maintenance

Pressing  it is possible to visualize the compressor working hour and the number of activations. It is also possible to disable the compressor for maintenance.



Pressing **ENTER** it is possible to enter on the visualization of the working hour and number of start up of each compressor.







How to reset working hours and number of switching on:

- press  or  keys to select RST;
- press RESET
- press SET



- write the PASSWORD
- press SET
- press ENTER

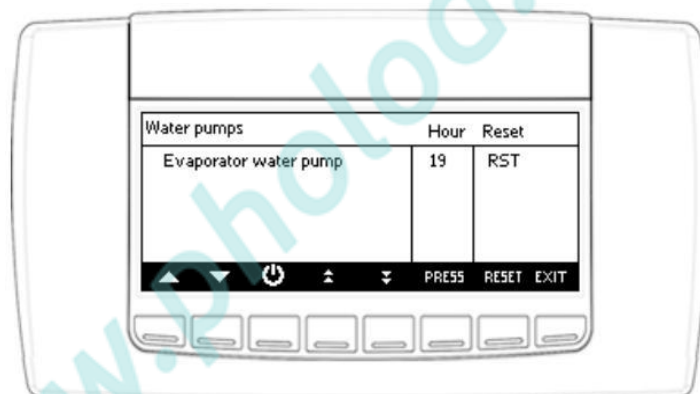
How to disable a compressor:


- press  or  to select the status of the compressor (Enabled in the “Status” column);
- press **ENB/DIS** for 5 seconds
- press  or  to select the status “Disabled”
- press **ENB/DIS** for 5 seconds to confirm the operation







How to reset working hours:

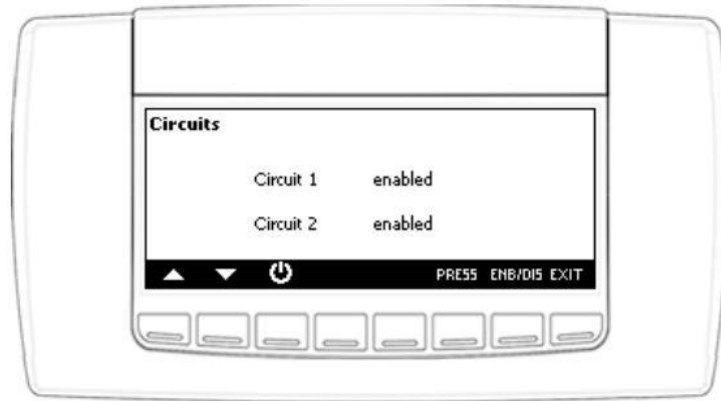
- press  or  keys to select RST;
- press RESET
- press SET
- write the PASSWORD
- press SET
- press ENTER





Press  to disable the circuit for maintenance; all the compressor will be switched off after disabling the circuit.

How to disable a circuit:

- press  or  to select the circuit to disable
- press **ENB/DIS** for 5 seconds
- press  or  to select the status “Disabled”
- press **ENB/DIS** for 5 seconds to confirm the operation



 Alarm visualization and reset

Pressing  or  it is possible to visualize the alarms; the alarm status can be:

- **Active:** the alarm is still active and it is not possible to reset it
- **Reset:** the alarm is not active and it is possible to reset it





Manual reset of all alarms:

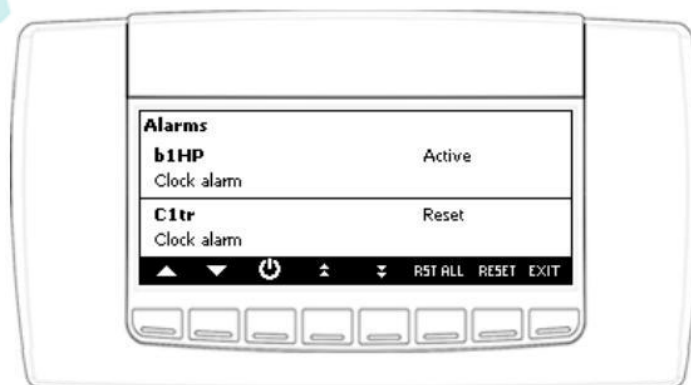
press **RST ALL** to reset all the alarms (only the alarms that are not active)

Manual reset procedure:



- press  or  to select the alarm;
- press **RESET** to reset the alarm

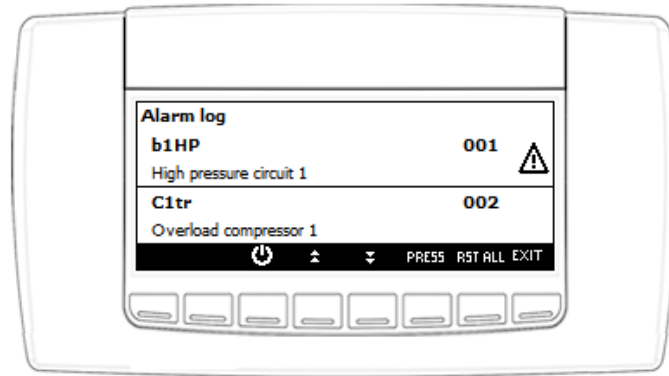
In case of compressor overload alarm when the password is requested, operate in this way:

- press  or  to select the compressor overload alarm
- press **RESET**
- press **SET**
- press  or  to insert the password value (parameter AL46)
- press **SET** to confirm the operation

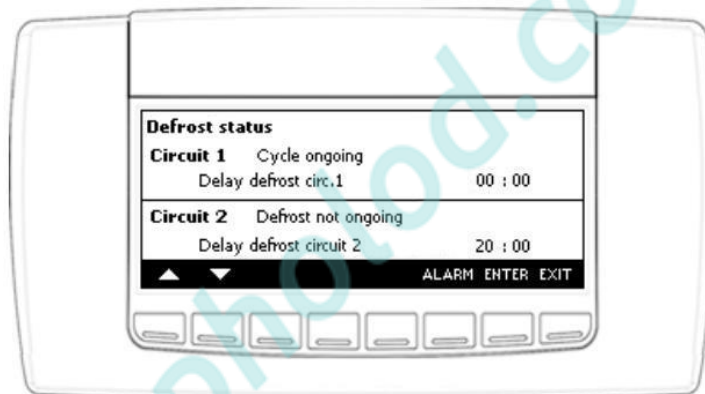


 Alarm log

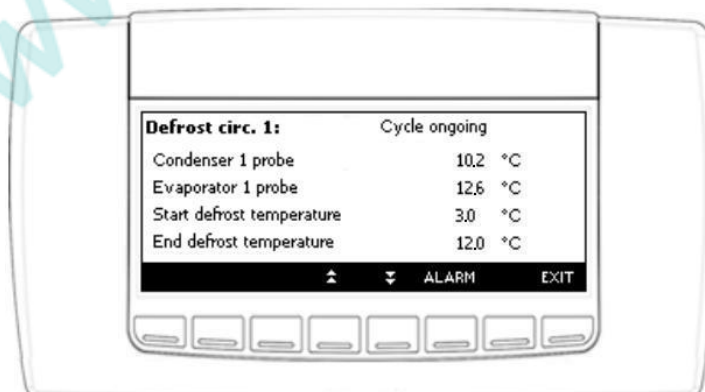
Pressing  or  it is possible to read the last 99 alarms.



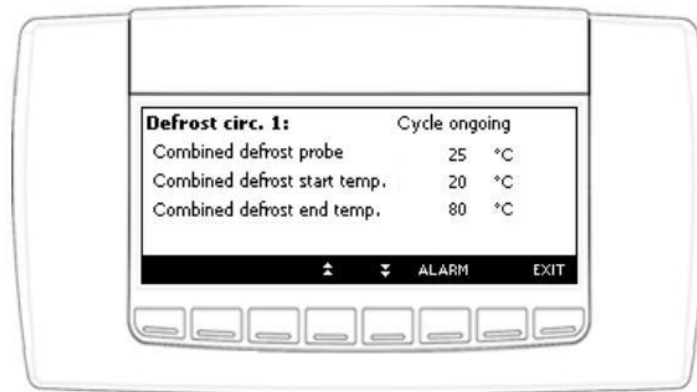
For each circuit it is possible to read the status of the defrost, the condenser pressure, the suction pressure, the defrost start temperature / pressure and the defrost end temperature / pressure.



Press or to select the circuit 1 or circuit 2, then press .

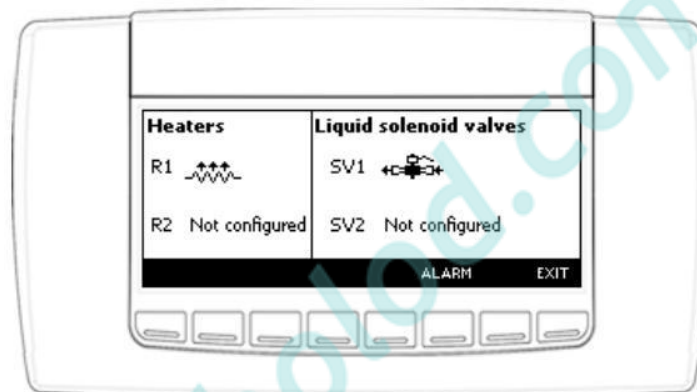


If the combined defrost is enabled, press or to read the probe value and the set point.






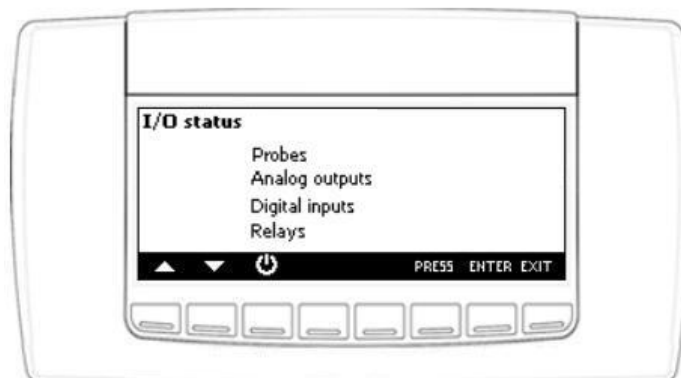
 Solenoid valve

It is possible to read the status of the electrical heaters and the pump down valve.

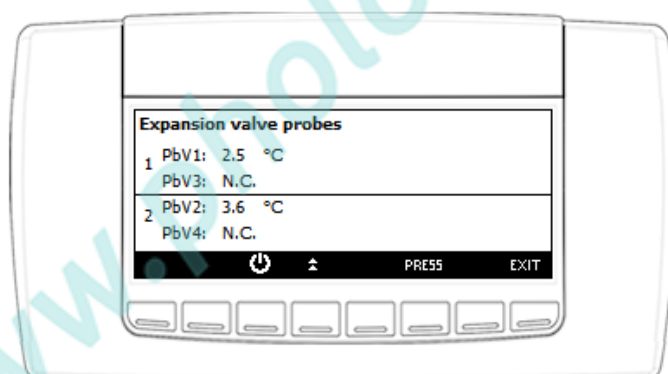
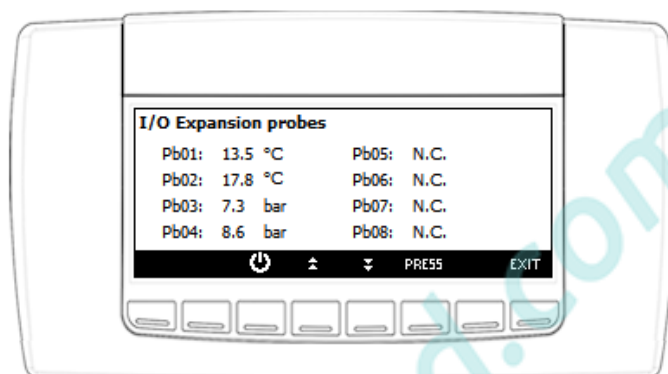
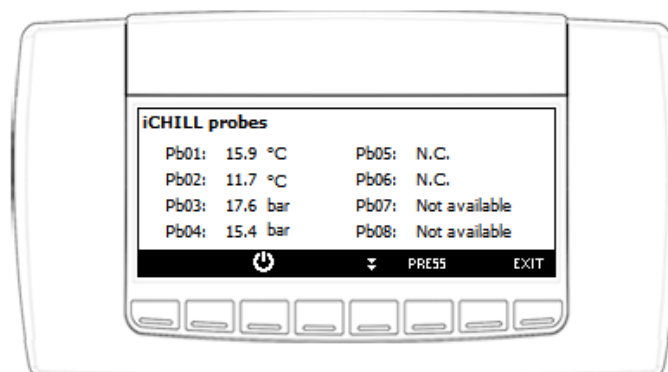


 I/O status

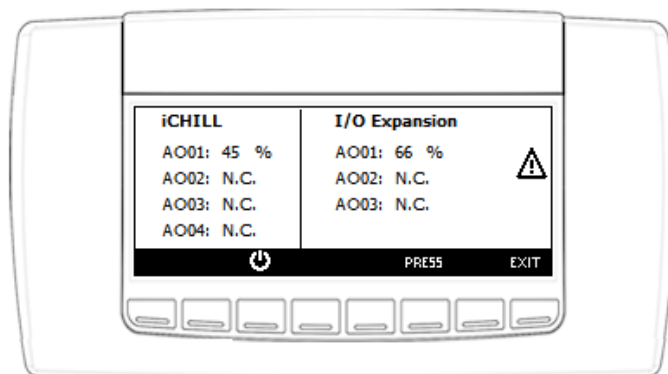
Press  or  to select the digital input, analog output, analog input or relays, then press .



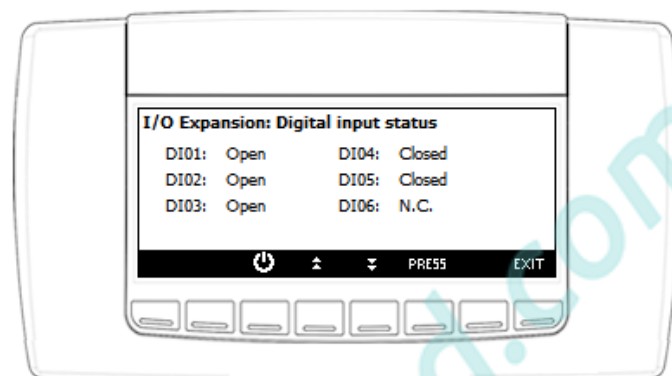
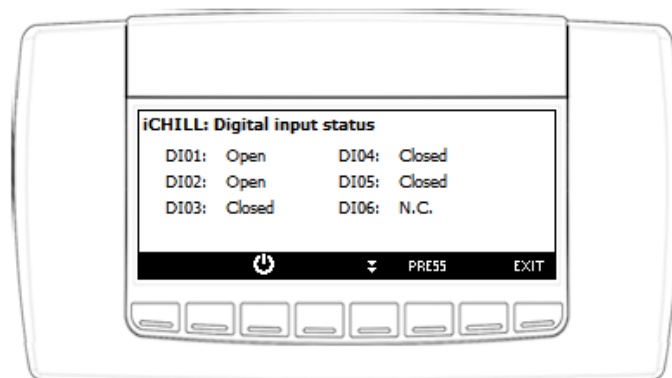
**Probes visualization.**



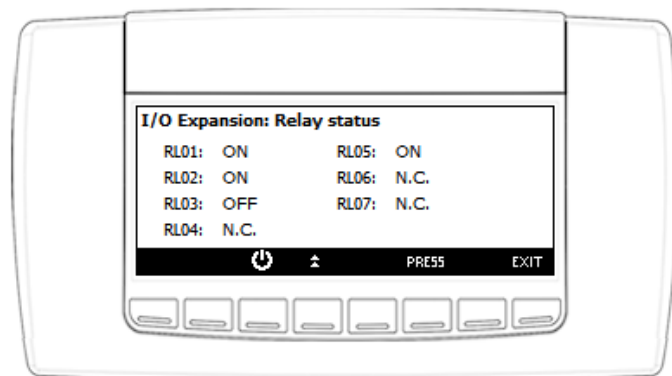
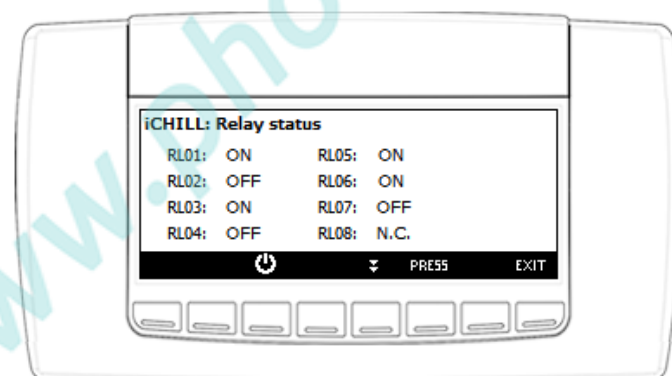
**Analog output status.**



## Digital input status.



## Relay status visualization.

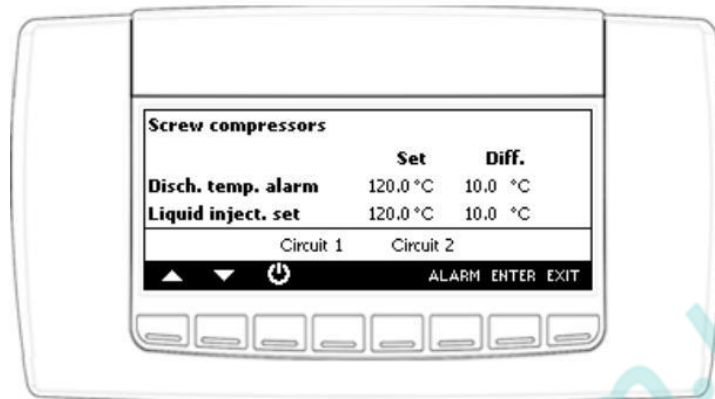






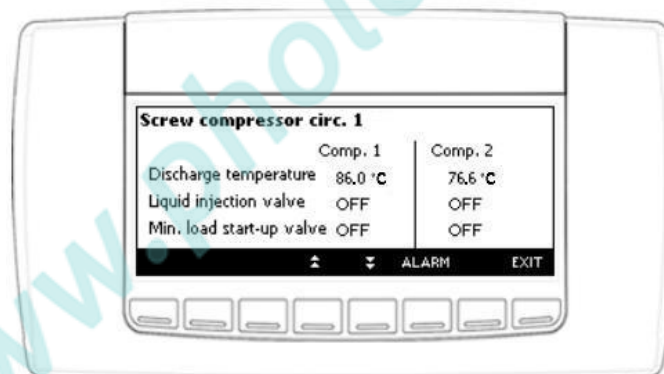
## Screw compressor

It is possible to read the information related to the screw compressor. In the first visualization it is possible to read the set point of the discharge temperature and the liquid injection set point.



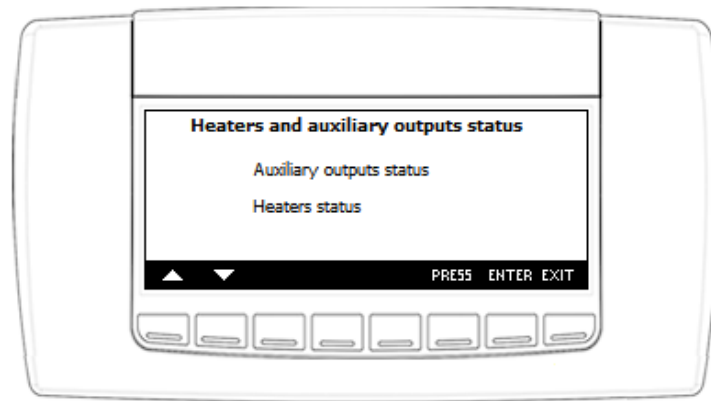
To read the discharge temperature, the status of the liquid injection valve and the status of the minimum load start up valve:

- press ▲ or ▼ to select the circuit 1 or circuit 2
- press ENTER to visualize the discharge temperature, the status of the liquid injection valve and the status of the minimum load start up valve of the compressor 1
- press ▲ or ▼ to visualize the information of the next compressor (if configured)

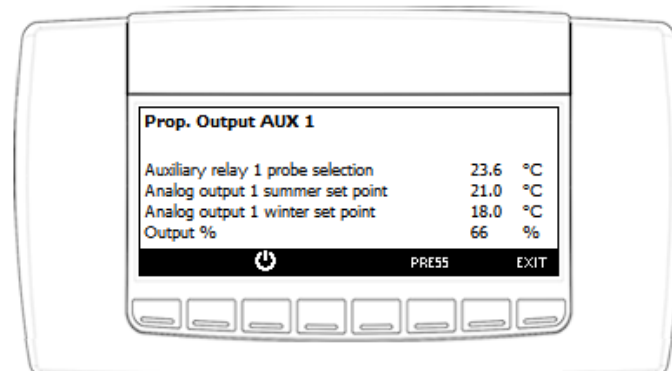
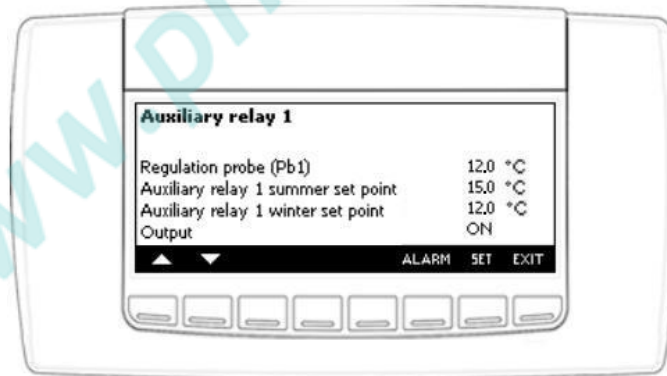
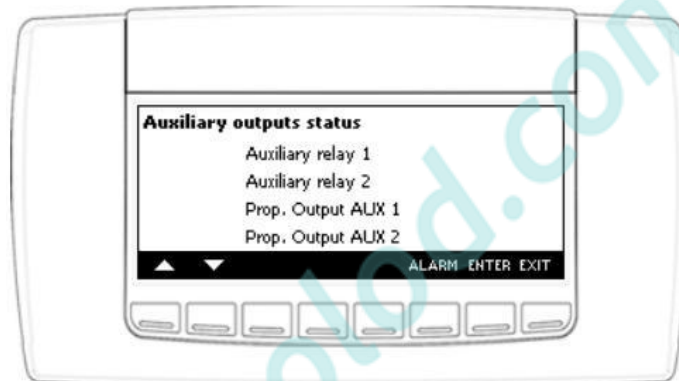


## Heaters and auxiliary output

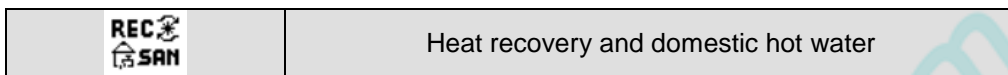
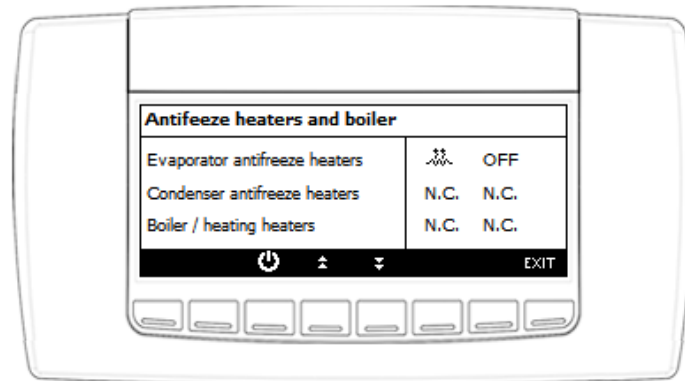
Press ▲ or ▼ to select the heaters or auxiliary output status.



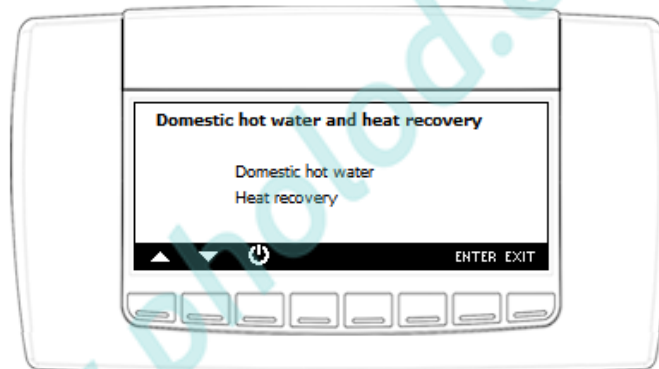
Auxiliary output status



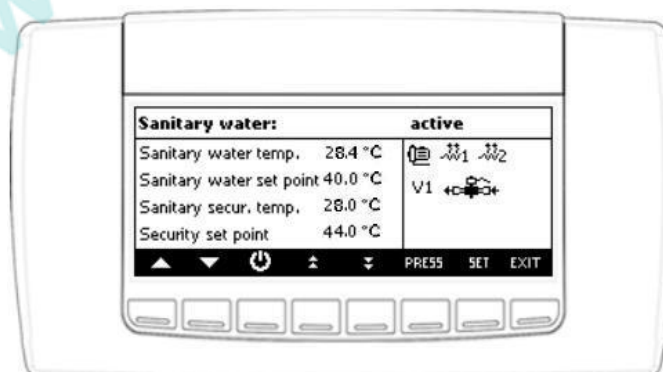
## Auxiliary output status



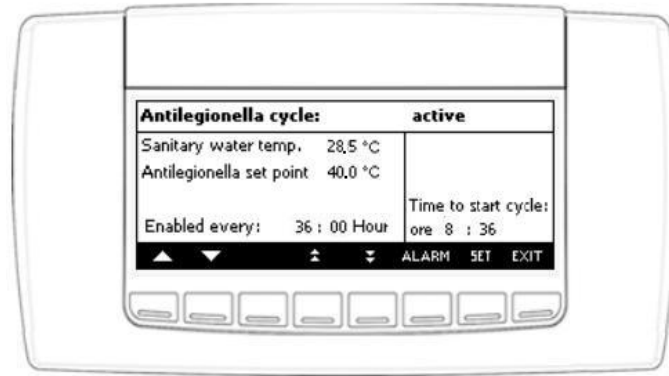
Press or to select Domestic hot water or Heat recovery



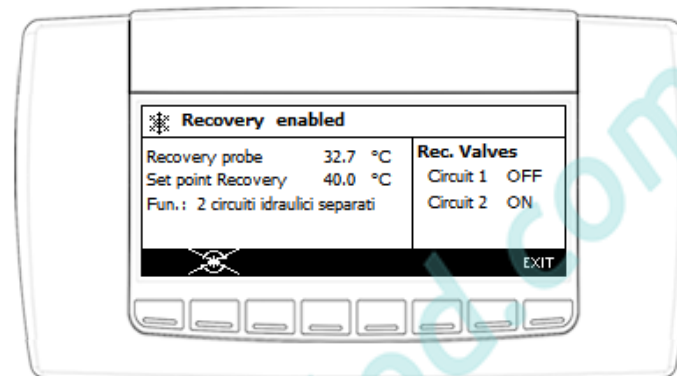
## Domestic hot water



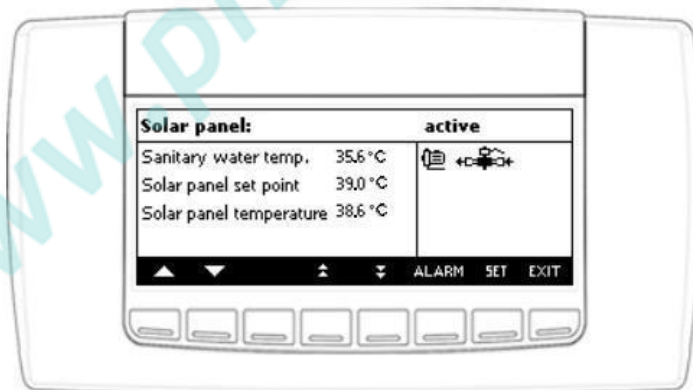
Press or to read the information of the domestic hot water regulation, antilegionella and solar panel.

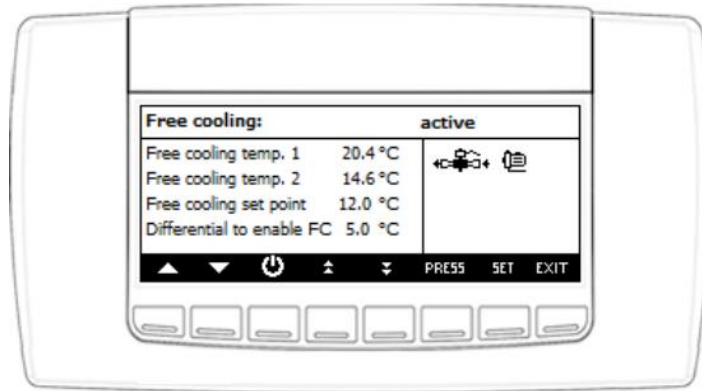


Hot recovery



**FC** Solar panel and free cooling





<b>HOTKEY</b>	Parameters programming with Hot Key 64
---------------	--

It is possible to use the HotKey 64 for:

- copy the parameter map from the HotKey 64 to the Ichill (Download)
- copy the parameter map from the Ichill to HotKey 64 (Upload)

**Download from HotKey 64 to Ichill:**

this operation is enabled only if the Ichill is in STD-BY or remote OFF, otherwise the display shows the message “Download enabled only in stand-by”.

Download procedure:

- Insert the Hot Key 64 into the 5 ways connector through the hole at the top of the Ichill (see image below)
- Select “Download from HotKey to device”
- Press ENTER
- if the operation was successful the display shows “OK”, otherwise shows “ERR”

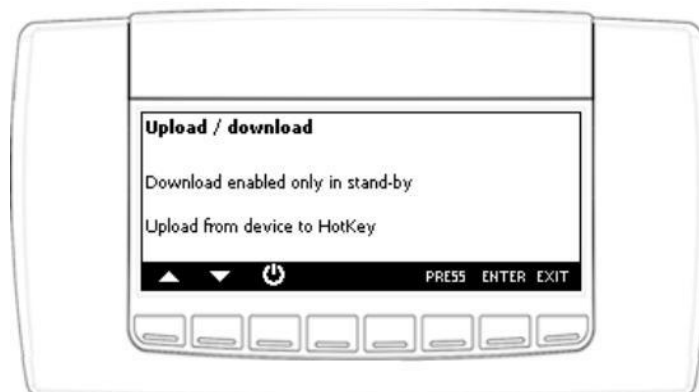
**Upload from Ichill to Hot Key 64:**

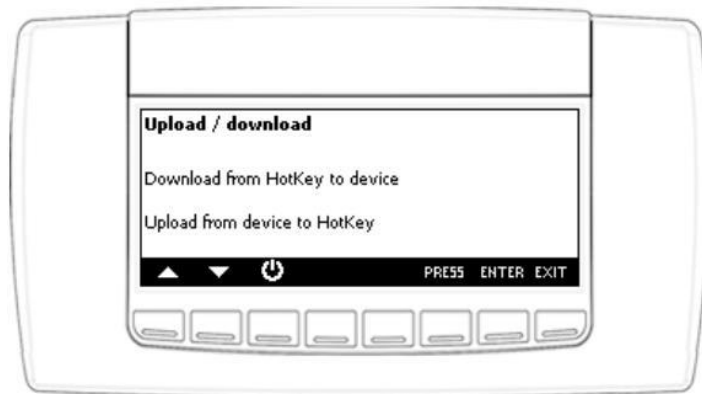
Upload procedure:


- Insert the Hot Key 64 into the 5 ways connector through the hole at the top of the Ichill (see image below)
- Select “Upload from device to HotKey”
- Press ENTER
- if the operation was successful the display shows “OK”, otherwise shows “ERR”

In case of Upload / Download failure:

- Hot Key 64 not properly inserted in the 5 ways connector
- Hot Key model different to Hot Key 64

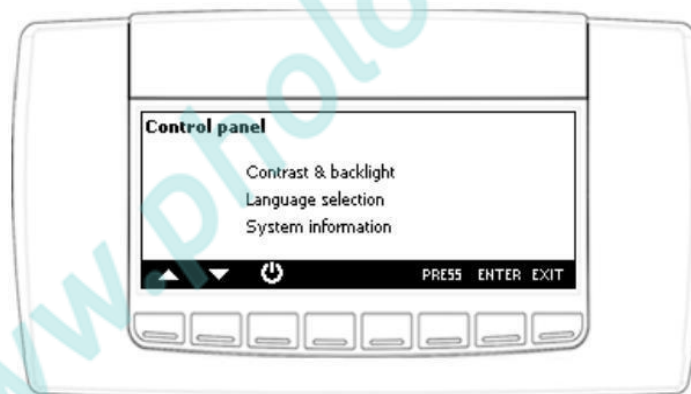










 Keyboard configuration

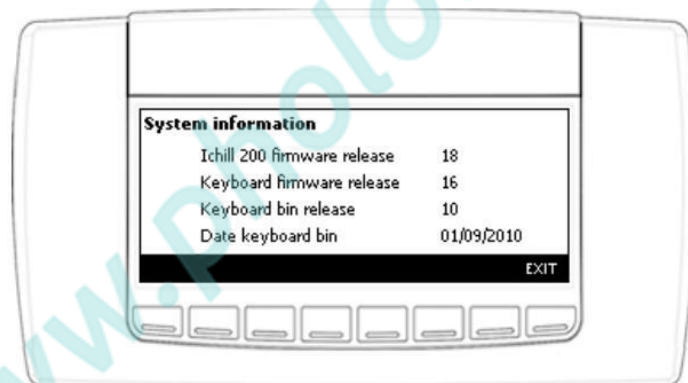
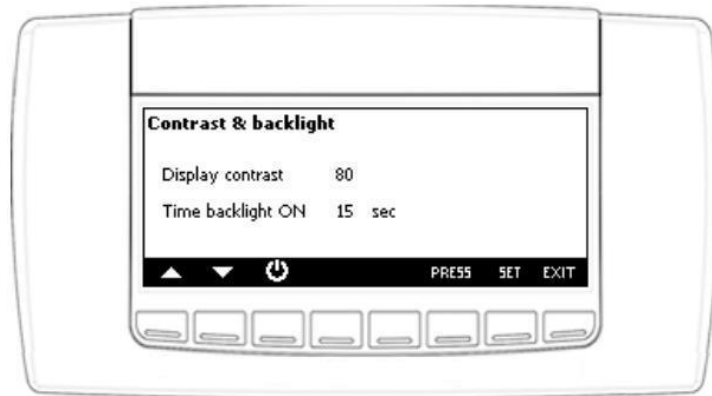
It is possible to set:

- contrast and backlight (it is strongly recommended to reduce as possible the activation time of the backlight)
- language selection
- information about:
  - Ichill firmware release (to verify the compatibility Ichill ↔ Visograph keyboard)
  - Visograph keyboard firmware release
  - Visograph keyboard bin release



How to modify the configuration:

- press  or  to select the configuration to change
- press  to change the configuration
- press  or  to change the configuration
- press  to confirm













## 10.7 CIRCUIT INFORMATION




Press **CIRC.** to read the main information about the circuit:

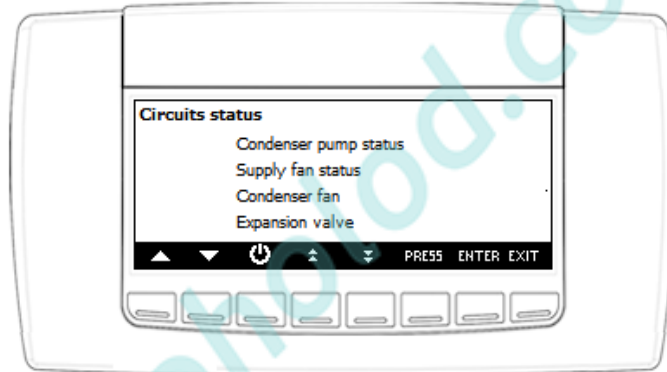
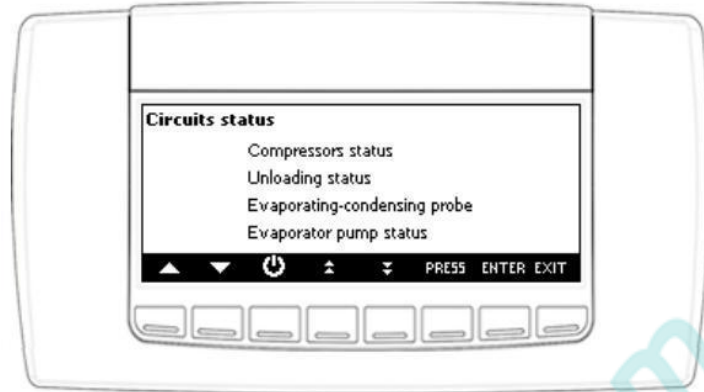
- compressor status
- unloading status
- evaporating – condensing probes
- water pump / supply fan status
- condenser fan status

Load status visualization:

	Compressor OFF		Compressor ON
	Condenser fan OFF (step regulation)		Condenser fan ON (step regulation)
	Condenser fan OFF (proportional regulation)		Condenser fan ON (proportional regulation)

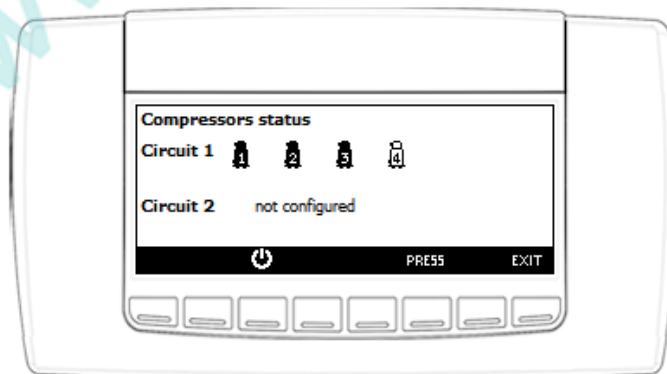
	Water pump OFF		Water pump ON
	Supply fan OFF		Supply fan ON

Press  or  to select the information to read then press .



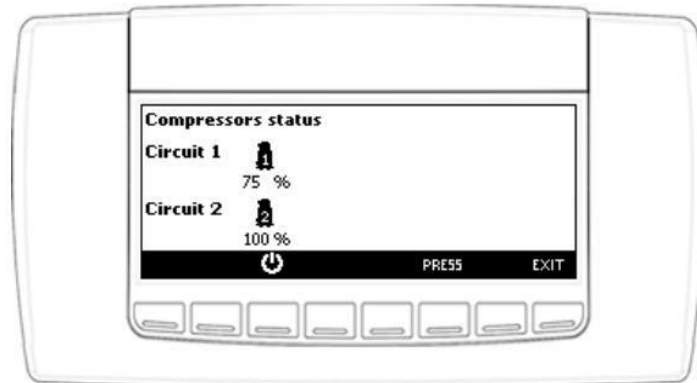
- **Compressors status**

ON/OFF compressor

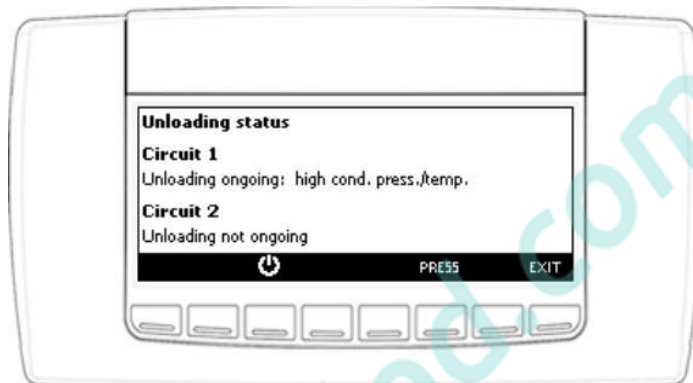




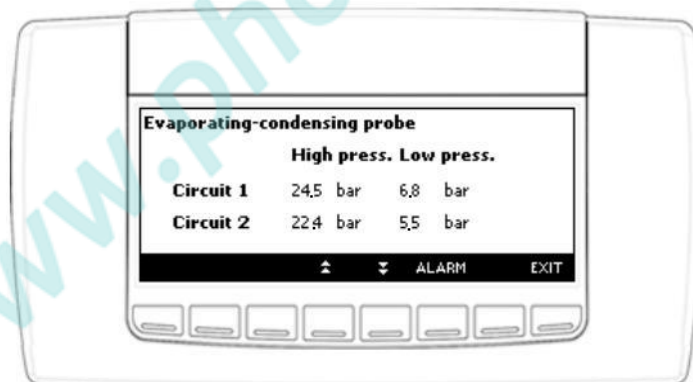
Inverter compressor



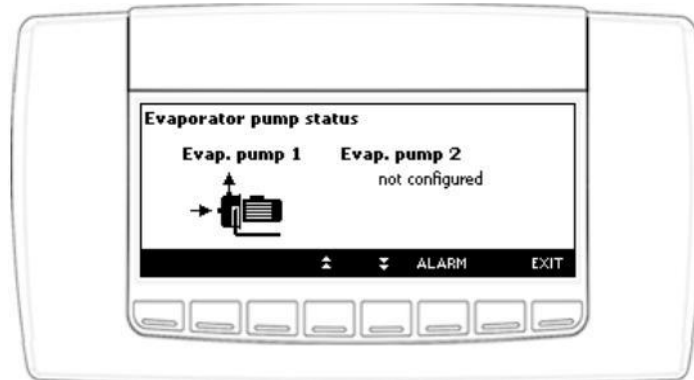
- Unloading status



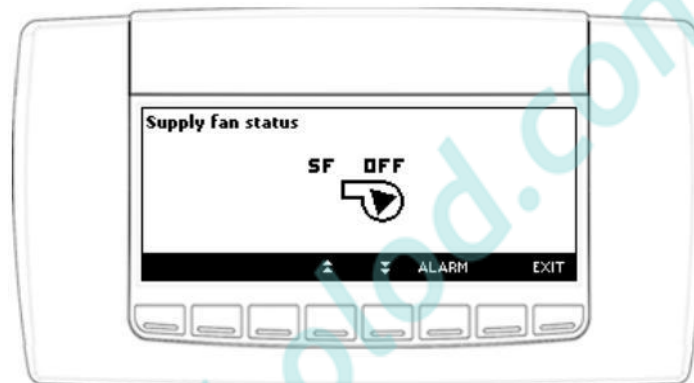
- Evaporating-condensing probe



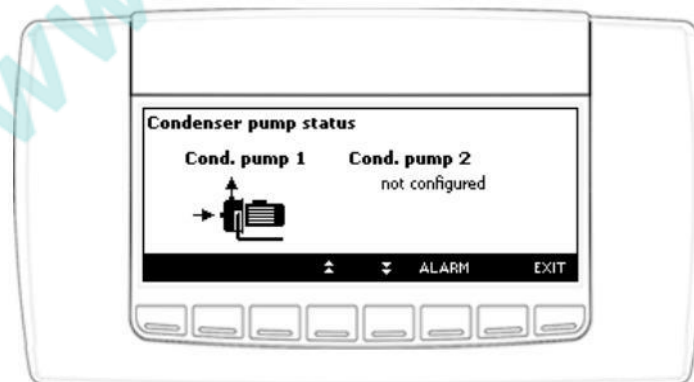
- **Evaporator pump status**



- **Supply fan status**

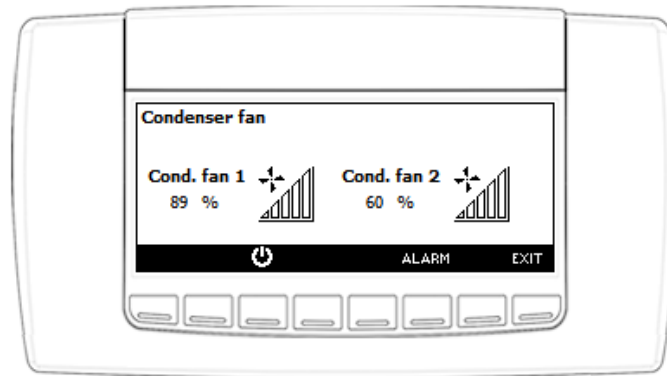


- **Condenser pump status**

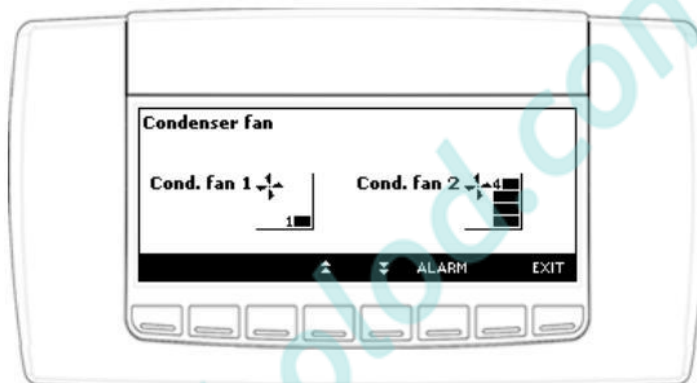


## Condenser fan status

Fan with proportional regulation




ON/OFF fan




## 11. HOW TO SWITCH ON / SWITCH OFF THE UNIT

### 11.1 SWITCH ON / SWITCH OFF THE ICHILL BY KEYBOARD



Push and release the  key allows to start in chiller mode if CF58 =0, in heat pump if CF58 =1. When the unit is running the corresponding led is on.

IMPORTANT: To change from chiller to heat pump and viceversa the unit must be set in stand-by before continuing.

Push and release the  key allows to start in heat pump mode if CF58 =0, in chiller if CF58 =1er. When the unit is running the corresponding led is on.

IMPORTANT: To change from chiller to heat pump and viceversa the unit must be set in stand-by before continuing.

### **STAND- BY ( OR UNIT OFF, NOT RUNNING)**

The unit is considered in stand by when the leds  and  are both off. The stand-by is reached each time the Chiller or the Heat Pump are turned off. During the stand by the user can:

- Show all the probe measurements
- Detect and reset the alarm events.

### 11.2 SWITCH ON / SWITCH OFF THE ICHILL DIGITAL INPUT

#### **Turn on or off the unit from digital input**

If a digital input is configured as remote ON/OFF:

- The digital input overrides the keyboard command.

- The keyboard can run only if the digital input is not active.
- When the digital input is not active the instrument restore its status (had before the digital input activation).

## 12. SWITCH ON / SWITCH OFF THE CONDENSING UNIT BY DIGITAL INPUT

### 12.1 DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURED AS REGULATION REQUEST

The machine has to be configured as condensing unit CF03 = 1.

- If the digital input is not active the unit is on stand-by and the display shows **OFF**
- If the digital input is active the unit is on and the display shows **On**

Cooling or heating selection is done by keyboard; the display shows **OnC in cooling and OnH in heating**.  
If the machine has more compressors

- by "regulation request" digital input activation, first compressor will start
- other compressors will start when the digital input configured as "Request step 2 (condensing unit), or Request step 3 (condensing unit), etc. are activated.

With active contact if the unit is being switched off by keyboard it can be switched on by keyboard. If the unit is being switched off by keyboard, in order to switch on the unit from digital input it must be deactivated and activated.

### 12.2 DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURED AS CHILLER REQUEST

The machine has to be configured as condensing unit CF03 = 1.

- If the digital input is not active the unit is on stand-by and the display shows **OFF**
- If the digital input is active the unit is on in cooling and the display shows **OnC**

With active contact if the unit is being switched off by keyboard it can be switched on by keyboard. If the unit is being switched off by keyboard, in order to switch on the unit from digital input it must be deactivated and activated.

### 12.3 DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURATED AS HEAT PUMP REQUEST

The machine has to be configured as condensing unit CF03 = 1.

- If the digital input is not active the unit is on stand-by and the display shows **OFF**
- If the digital input is active the unit is on in heating and the display shows **OnH**

With active contact if the unit is being switched off by keyboard it can be switched on by keyboard. If the unit is being switched off by keyboard, in order to switch on the unit from digital input it must be deactivated and activated.

## 13. CHILLER / HEAT PUMP SELECTION

### 13.1 SELECT THE CHILLER OR THE HEAT PUMP MODE

The CF59 parameter allows to select and enable the running mode:

**Par. CF59 = 0: Through keyboard**

The user can start and stop the unit using the keys of the front panel.

**Par. CF59 = 1: Through digital input programmed to start/stop the unit from remote control.**

- This selection is enabled if there is one digital input configured as start/stop from remote (remote chiller / heat pump). If none of the digital inputs are configured the unit remains in **stand-by**.
- The “open” status of the input forces the chiller running mode.
- The “closed” status of the input forces the heat pump running mode.
- The keyboard selection is disabled.
- The key on the front panel can start/stop the unit only with the digital input selection

**Par. CF59 =2: Automatic selection of the Chiller - Heat Pump through analogue input**

The analogue input selection or change over function overrides the digital input C-HP function. If the external air temperature are within the CF81 differential, the user can change the running mode from the keyboard. If the unit is running with CF79 = 1 or CF79=2, and it is requested a running mode change, the controller turns off all the outputs, starts a fixed delay time signalled by the chiller or heat pump blinking led. This blinking led indicates which running mode will be activated after the compressor delay time protection.

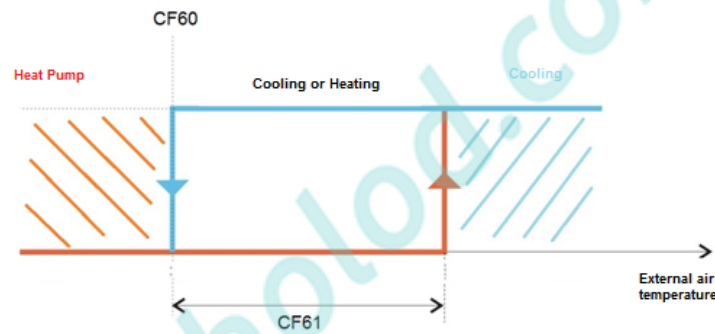
**13.2 CHANGE OVER**

**CF60 Change over Setpoint.** If the analogue input control (from probe) function is enabled, it represents the limit temperature of the probe value under which the unit runs the Heat Pump mode.

**CF61 Change over Differential.** If the analogue input control (from probe) function is enabled, it represents the limit differential temperature of the probe value to restart in the Chiller mode.

For external air temperature within CF81 the user can manually change the status from keyboard.

**GRAPH: AUTOMATIC CHANGE OVER**



**13.3 KEYBOARD SELECTION**

**CF58 = 0:** pushing key the unit starts in chiller, pushing key the unit starts in heat pump

**CF58 = 1:** pushing key the unit starts in heat pump, pushing key the unit starts in chiller

**13.4 ANALOG INPUT SELECTION**

**CF58 = 0** NTC, External air temperature probe > CF60+ CF61 the unit starts in chiller, NTC, External air temperature probe < CF60 the unit starts in heat pump.

**CF58 = 1** NTC, External air temperature probe > CF60+ CF61 the unit starts in chiller, NTC, External air temperature probe < CF60 the unit starts in heat pump.

**14. COMPRESSOR REGULATION**

<b>CF74</b>	Working mode of the compressor				
	0 = chiller and heat pump				
	1 = only chiller	0	2		
	2 = only heat pump				

It is possible to decide how many compressors are used in chiller, heat pump and domestic hot water production.

- parameter CO76: number of compressors to use in chiller
- parameter CO77: number of compressors to use in heat pump
- parameter CO78: number of compressors to use in domestic hot water

In case of contemporary production of domestic hot water and chiller the number of compressors is defined by domestic hot water request.

### 14.1 COMPRESSOR SECURITY TIME

- CO01 Minimum ON time of the compressor after switching on
- CO02 Minimum OFF time of the compressor after switching off
- CO91 Minimum time between two switch on of the same compressor

### 14.2 REGULATION PROBE SELECTION

The parameters St09 and St10 allows to configure the regulation probe for cooling and heating.

**St09** Regulation probe in chiller

0= evaporator inlet temperature

1= evaporator 1 outlet temperature

2= evaporator 2 outlet temperature

3= common evaporator outlet temperature

4= remote terminal 1 internal probe (VICX610 keyboard) or Visograph 2.0 internal temperature probe

5= remote terminal 2 internal probe (VICX610 keyboard) or Visograph 2.0 remote temperature probe

**St10** Regulation probe in heat pump

0= evaporator inlet temperature

1= evaporator 1 outlet temperature

2= evaporator 2 outlet temperature

3= common evaporator outlet temperature

4= remote terminal 1 internal probe (VICX610 keyboard) or Visograph 2.0 internal temperature probe

5= remote terminal 2 internal probe (VICX610 keyboard) or Visograph 2.0 remote temperature probe

6= common condenser inlet temperature

7= condenser 1 inlet temperature

8= condenser 2 inlet temperature

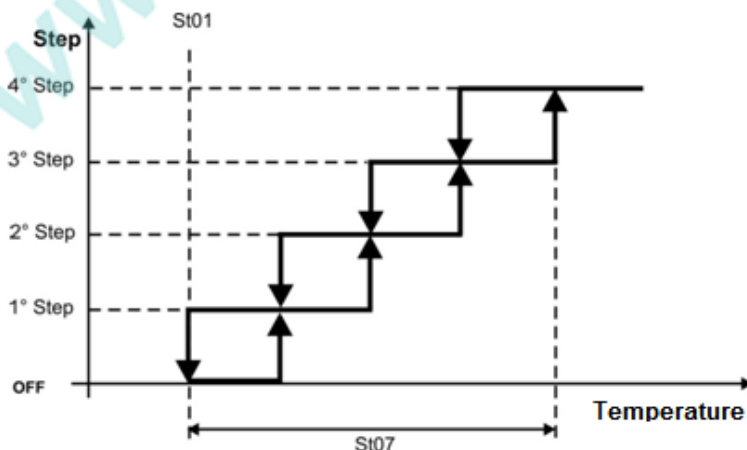
9= condenser 1 outlet temperature

10= condenser 2 outlet temperature

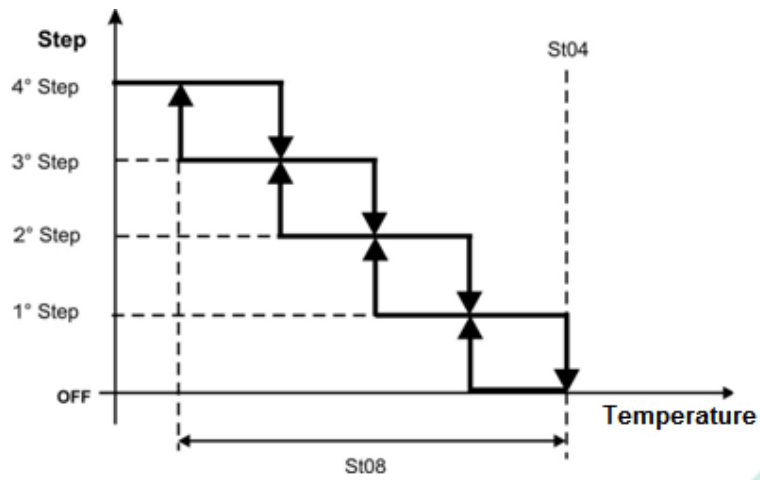
11= common condenser outlet temperature

### 14.3 PROPORTIONAL REGULATION

Cooling regulation

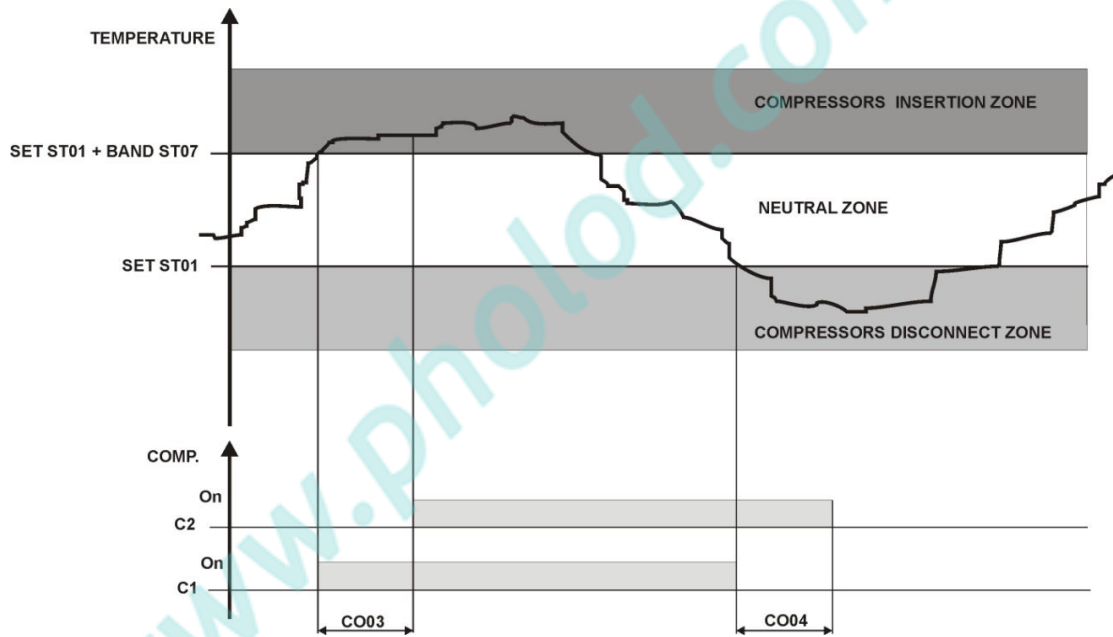


## Heating regulation

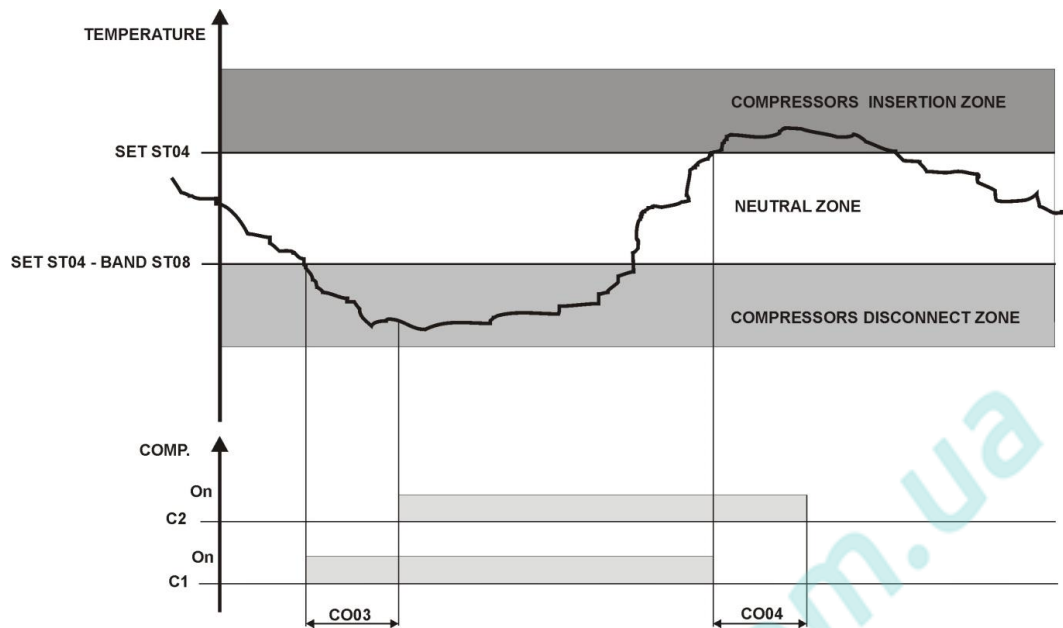


## 14.4 NEUTRAL ZONE REGULATION

### Compressor regulation in chiller



## Compressor regulation in heat pump



## Compressor in neutral zone

**Par. CO53** Maximum time of work in neutral zone without resource insertion

When the temperature is inside the neutral zone, a timer is activated (parameter CO53); when this time is elapsed, the lchill switch on all the compressor to avoid an stationary situation.

**If the parameter value is 0 the function is non activated.**

**Par. CO54** Maximum time of work in neutral zone without rotation resource

When the temperature is inside the neutral zone and only one compressor is ON, a timer is activated (parameter CO54); when this time is elapsed, the lchill switch off the compressor and swith on an available compresso.

**If the parameter value is 0 the function is non activated.**

# 15. COMPRESSORS MANAGEMENT

## 15.1 COMPRESSORS START- UP

The parameter CO10 defines the compressor start-up:

CO10=0 direct

CO10=1 part winding

### 15.1.1 Direct Start-Up

It is necessary to configure one relay to drive the contactor of the compressor.

#### **EXAMPLE**

Direct start up configuration for one compressor

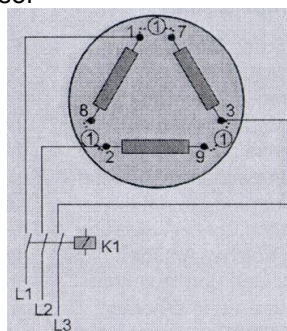


Fig. 1



### 15.1.2 Part Winding Start-Up

Each compressor needs two relay outputs:

- Part Winding coil 1 of the compressor;
- Part Winding coil 2 of the compressor.

The time delay between coil 1 and coil 2 activation is CO11 (decimal of second, in a range 0..5 seconds).

#### **EXAMPLE**

Part Winding configuration of the compressor relay outputs

RL1: set Par CF41 = c39 Part Winding coil 1 the compressor 1;

RL2: set Par CF42 = c40 Part Winding coil 2 of the compressor 1.

### 15.1.3 Compressor Start- up With Part Winding

First step: the Part winding coil 1 of the compressor 1 (relay K1 of fig2) is switched on

Second step: after the CO11 delay is turned on the Part winding coil 2 of the compressor 1 (relay K2 of fig2).

To turn off the compressor the two relay outputs are both turned off at the same time.

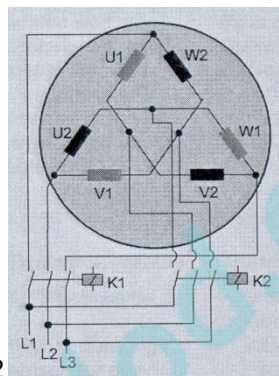


Fig 2

### 15.1.4 Part Winding start- up of Compressors or capacity compressors

If one or more capacity compressors are configured and the thermoregulation requires the full load start-up: the controller turns the solenoid valve on, after 1 second the first motor part of the 1<sup>st</sup> compressor (relay K1 of Fig. 2) and then the complete control with the contactor K2. During the CO13 time delay the step valve is forced on: minimum power. When the CO13 is expired if the thermoregulation requires more power the valve will be switched off (maximum power).

## 15.2 COMPRESSORS ROTATION

The CO14 parameter determines the sequence of compressor activation / deactivation.

**CO14= 0** Fixed sequence.

E.g.: 3 compressors configured

Switching on: 1<sup>st</sup> compressor → 2<sup>nd</sup> compressor → 3<sup>rd</sup> compressor → etc.

Switching off: 3<sup>rd</sup> compressor → 2<sup>nd</sup> compressor → 1<sup>st</sup> compressor

**CO14= 1**

Working hour rotation

First compressor to be activated is the compressor with less working hours; next compressor to be activated follows the same rule.

**CO14= 2**

Start-up rotation

First compressor to be activated is the compressor with less start-up; next compressor to be activated follows the same rule.

### 15.3 CAPACITY STEP CONTROL

CO06 capacity step operation mode.

To select the right operation mode, please read the compressor technical documentation.

- **CO06 = 0 ON/OFF step**

Eg: compressor with 3 capacity step.

	0% of request	25% of request	50% of request	75% of request	100% of request
Compressor relay	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
Capacity step 1	ON*	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Capacity step 2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Capacity step 3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF

\* If CO07=2 o CO07=3 (screw compressor) 25% valve is ON if the lchill is ON and at set point reached; 25% valve is OFF if the lchill is STD-BY or OFF

- **CO06 = 1 direct action**

Eg: compressor with 3 capacity step.

	0% of request	25% of request	50% of request	75% of request	100% of request
Compressor relay	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
Capacity step 1	ON*	ON	ON	ON	OFF
Capacity step 2	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
Capacity step 3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF

\* If CO07=2 o CO07=3 (screw compressor) 25% valve is ON if the lchill is ON and at set point reached; 25% valve is OFF if the lchill is STD-BY or OFF

- **CO06 = 2 inverse action**

Eg: compressor with 3 capacity step.

	0% of request	25% of request	50% of request	75% of request	100% of request
Compressor relay	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
Capacity step 1	ON*	ON	ON	ON	OFF
Capacity step 2	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Capacity step 3	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF

\* If CO07=2 o CO07=3 (screw compressor) 25% valve is ON if the lchill is ON and at set point reached; 25% valve is OFF if the lchill is STD-BY or OFF

- **CO06 = 3 Continuous steps and direct action**

Eg: compressor with 3 capacity step.

	0% of request	25% of request	50% of request	75% of request	100% of request
Compressor relay	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
Capacity step 1	ON*	OFF	ON	ON	ON
Capacity step 2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
Capacity step 3	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

\* If CO07=2 o CO07=3 (screw compressor) 25% valve is ON if the lchill is ON and at set point reached; 25% valve is OFF if the lchill is STD-BY or OFF

#### ATTENTION

When working with capacity control in sequential step in direct or reverse modes: if the power requested is 50% and 75% the unit turn on also the step 25% that must be enabled to make run the other two.

## 15.4 MINIMUM LOAD START- UP

**Par. CO07:** configuration of the start-up with minimum load.

This parameter allows to configure the first capacity step operation mode for alternative compressors and screw compressors.

### **CO07=0**

First capacity step is used only to start the compressor at the minimum load; the valve is switched on for CO13 seconds, then it is switched off.

### **CO07=1**

First capacity step is used as lower step of the regulation.

### **CO07=2 SCREW COMPRESSOR**

First capacity step is used only to start the screw compressor at the minimum load; the valve is ON when the compressor is OFF and it remains ON for CO13 seconds after the switching ON of the compressor.

### **CO07=3 SCREW COMPRESSOR**

First capacity step is used as lower step of the regulation; when the compressor is OFF the valve is ON.

## 15.5 INTERMITTENT SOLENOID VALVE FOR SCREW COMPRESSOR

Some screw compressors have an intermittent solenoid valve; when the compressor is ON, this valve stays CO08 ON and CO09 OFF.

**Due to the high number of switching valve, the function must be used by configuring an analog output as output ON / OFF for intermittent valve and connect it to an external relay type SSR (with appropriate characteristics dell'Ichill exit).**

## 16. COMPRESSOR INVERTER CONTROLLED

The signal 0÷10V is given by one of 4 configurable outputs of the Ichill (OUT1÷OUT4).

The compressor inverter controlled can be used only with proportional regulation (parameter St11=0).

Possible unit configuration:

- 1 circuit: 1 compressor inverter controlled
- 1 circuit: 1 compressor inverter controlled and maximum 2 ON/OFF compressor (managed by relay)
- 2 circuits: 1 compressor inverter controlled per circuit
- 2 circuits: 1 compressor inverter controlled and maximum 2 ON/OFF compressor (managed by relay) per circuit

First step to be activated is always the compressor inverter controlled; it will be switched on when the regulation requests 100% of the compressor power.

To increase / decrease the power the compressor works by step of 1% of the power; every step is delayed by CO62 at the start-up of the compressor and CO71 when the compressor works normally.

When the compressor inverter controlled is activated, it works at power configured by CO61 parameter for CO60 seconds; after that:

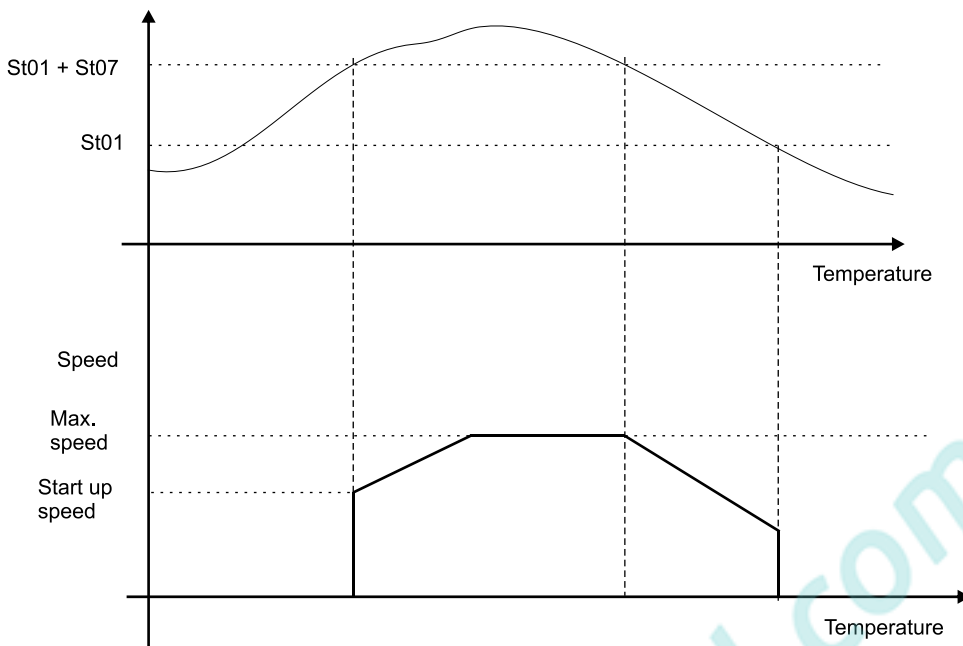
- if the parameter CO62=0 the compressor modulates the power according to the regulation request
- the parameter CO62≠0 the compressor is forced to work at maximum power and then it modulates the power according to the regulation request

It is possible to limit the output % of the inverter compressor in Chiller, Heat pump and Domestic hot water:

- maximum % output inverter in Chiller (parameter CO79)
- maximum % output inverter in Heat pump (parameter CO80)
- maximum % output inverter in Domestic hot water (parameter CO81)

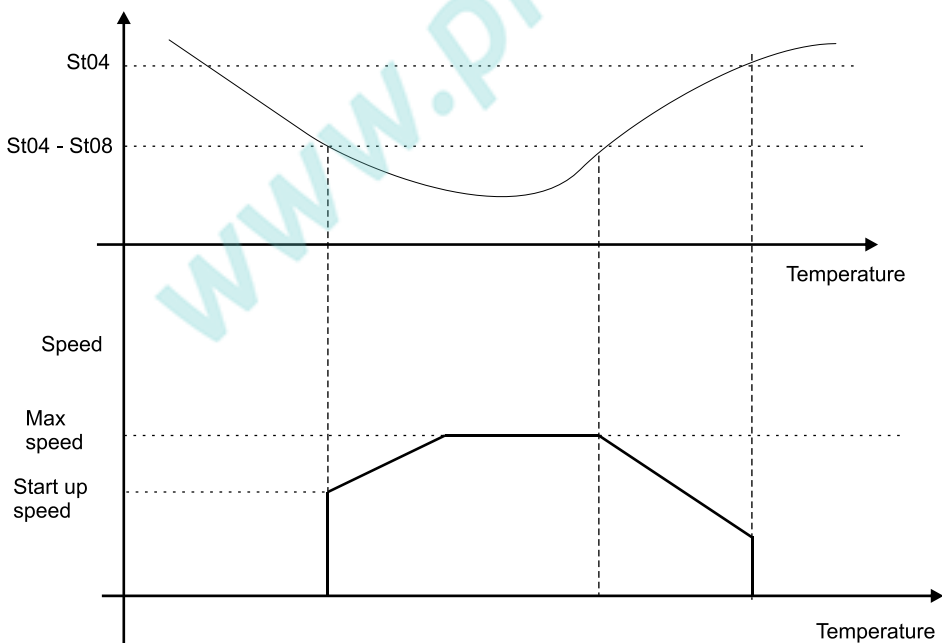
### COMPRESSOR INVERTER CONTROLLED OPERATING MODE: CHILLER

At the start up the compressor is forced to work at CO61 speed for CO60 seconds.

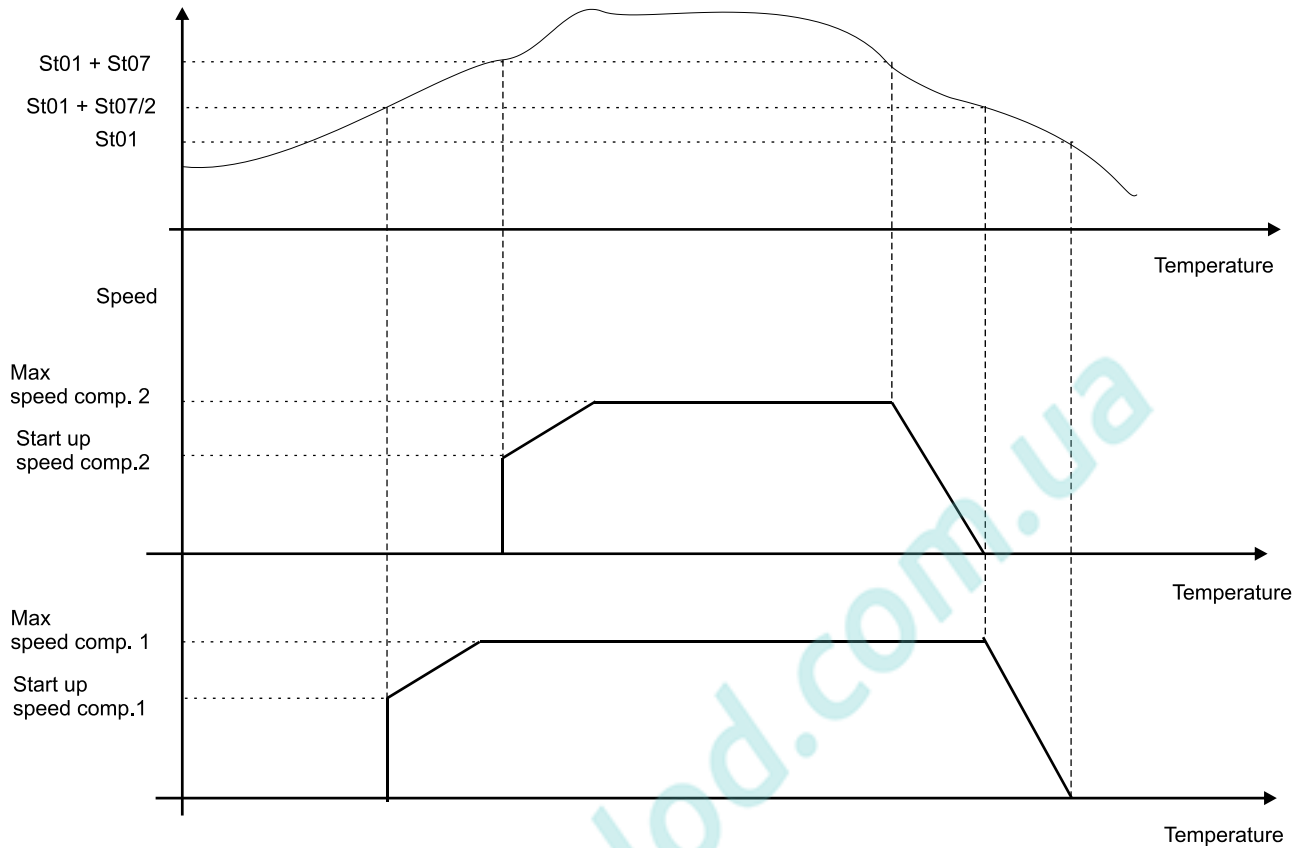


### COMPRESSOR INVERTER CONTROLLED OPERATING MODE: HEAT PUMP

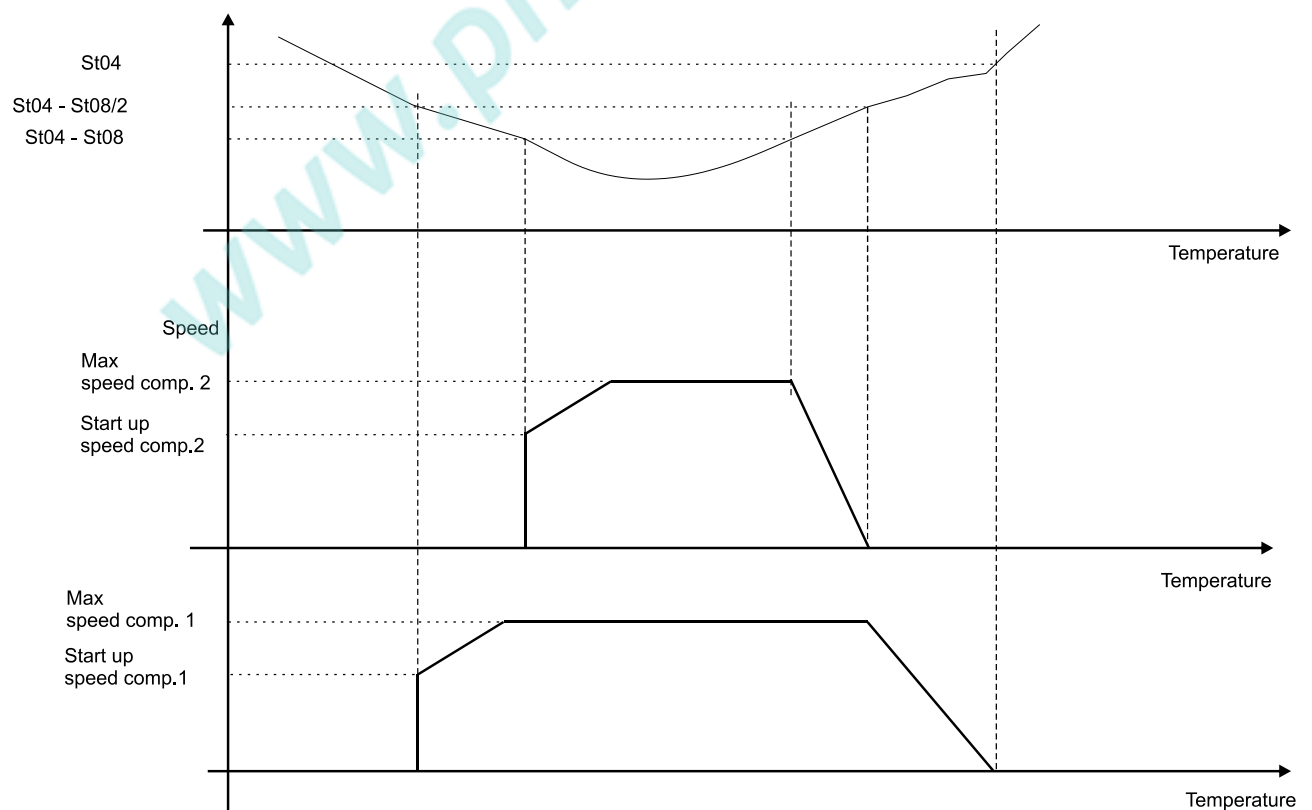
At the start up the compressor is forced to work at CO61 speed for CO60 seconds.



**TWO COMPRESSORS INVERTER CONTROLLED OPERATING MODE: CHILLER**



**TWO COMPRESSORS INVERTER CONTROLLED OPERATING MODE: HEAT PUMP**

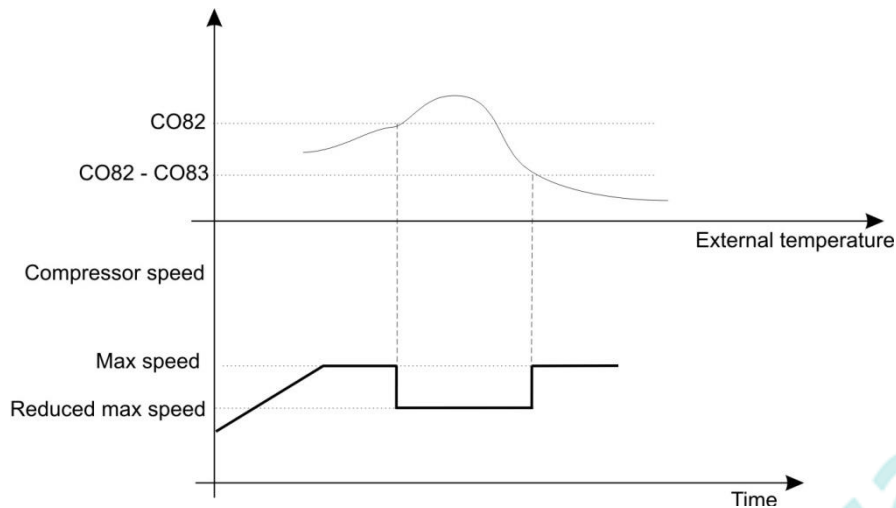


Parameters involved:

<b>CO60</b>	Operation time at CO61 power when the compressor inverter controlled is switched on	0	250	sec	
<b>CO61</b>	Forced power when the compressor inverter controlled is switched on	0	100	%	
<b>CO62</b>	Delay to increase the power during the start up phase of the compressor inverter controlled	1	250	sec	
<b>CO63</b>	Compressor inverter controlled operation power under which start counting CO64 time	0	100	%	
<b>CO64</b>	Maximum operation time of the compressor inverter controlled with power less than CO63	0	250	Min	10 Min
<b>CO65</b>	Operating time of the compressor inverter controlled at maximum power	0	250	sec	10sec
<b>CO66</b>	Maximum operating time of the compressor inverter controlled	0	999	Hr	1Hr
<b>CO67</b>	Minimum value of the compressor 1 inverter controlled	0	CO68	%	
<b>CO68</b>	Maximum value of the compressor 1 inverter controlled	CO67	100	%	
<b>CO69</b>	Minimum value of the compressor 2 inverter controlled	0	CO70	%	
<b>CO70</b>	Maximum value of the compressor 2 inverter controlled	CO69	100	%	
<b>CO71</b>	Delay to increase/decrease the power of the compressor inverter controlled	1	250	sec	
...					
<b>CO79</b>	Maximum speed of the inverter compressors in chiller	1	100	%	
<b>CO80</b>	Maximum speed of the inverter compressors in heat pump	1	100	%	
<b>CO81</b>	Maximum speed of the inverter compressors in domestic hot water	1	100	%	
<b>CO82</b>	Outside temperature to reduce inverter compressor speed in Heat pump	- 50.0 -58 0.0 0	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>CO83</b>	Hysteresis temperature to reduce inverter compressor speed in Heat pump	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>CO84</b>	Compressor speed if outside temperature > CO82	0	100	%	

## 16.1 INVERTER COMPRESSOR IN HEAT PUMP AND EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE

It is possible to reduce the compressor speed (both compressor in parallel if configured) in heat pump when external temperature increases over a determined temperature.



## 17. COMPRESSOR RACK

The IChill can manage a compressor rack:

- the machine must have only one gas circuit
- the machine must work only in cooling mode (machine only chiller)
- the machine has to regulate in proportional mode
- the machine must have max. ON/OFF compressors

The parameter Cr01 allows to enable the compressor rack regulation:

**Cr01 = 0** Compressor rack regulation disabled

**Cr01 = 1** Compressor rack enabled and regulation on the probe defined by parameter ST09

**Cr01 = 2** Compressor rack enabled and regulation on the evaporator trasducer (that has to be configured)

It is possible to choose the number of compressors the controller can use in case of regulation faulty probe; the parameter involved is Cr08.

It is possible to choose the number of condenser fan steps the controller can use in case of faulty probe; the parameter involved is Cr09.

The Energy Saving function, in case of compressor rack unit, has dedicated set point and differential (parameter Cr06 = "Energy saving offset for compressor rack unit", Cr07 = "Energy saving differential for compressor rack unit")

## 18. COMPRESSORS WITH DIFFERENT CAPACITY POWER

The function is enabled if:

- one circuit unit
- at least 2 compressor are configured
- the capacity of the compressors is not 0 and different for each one

Parameters involved:

<b>CF67</b>	Compressor 1 capacity	0	100%
<b>CF68</b>	Compressor 2 capacity	0	100%
<b>CF69</b>	Compressor 3 capacity	0	100%
<b>CF70</b>	Compressor 4 capacity	0	100%
<b>CF71</b>	Compressor 5 capacity	0	100%
<b>CF72</b>	Compressor 6 capacity	0	100%
<b>CF73</b>	Maximum number of start up of the compressor in 15 minutes 0= Not enabled	0	15

**Example:** circuit with 2 compressors:

- step 1: first compressor to be activated is the compressor with lower capacity

- step 2: the compressor is switched off and is activated the compressor with higher capacity
- step 3: both compressors are activated

The regulation is a steps; if two compressors with different weight are configured, 3 steps are available.

## 19. CIRCUIT MANAGEMENT: SATURATION OR BALANCING

**In case of 2 circuits machine it is possible to decide how to balance the circuits:**

- **it is possible to switch on all compressors of the circuit before switch on a compressor of the other circuit (saturation)**
- **it is possible to switch on first compressor of a circuit and then the first compressor of the other circuit (balancing)**

### **CIRCUIT SATURATION**

**CO15 = 0**

If the machine has 2 compressors in the circuit 1 and 2 compressors in the circuit 2, the sequence of activation is:

1<sup>st</sup> compressor circuit 1 → 2<sup>nd</sup> compressor circuit 1 → 1<sup>st</sup> compressor circuit 2 → 2<sup>nd</sup> compressor circuit 2

### **CIRCUIT BALANCING**

**CO15 = 1**

If the machine has 2 compressors in the circuit 1 and 2 compressors in the circuit 2, the sequence of activation is:

1<sup>st</sup> compressor circuit 1 → 1<sup>st</sup> compressor circuit 2 → 2<sup>nd</sup> compressor circuit 2 → 2<sup>nd</sup> compressor circuit 2

## 20. MAXIMUM OPERATION TIME OF THE COMPRESSOR

In the event that in a circuit there are more compressors but only one is switched on, after the operation time CO72 the compressor is switched off and another compressor (according on the configuration, in function of operating hours or number of switching on) is turned on.

<b>CO72</b>	Tempo massimo di funzionamento continuativo compressore	0	250	Min	
<b>CO98</b>	Simultaneous operation time of the compressors for rotation	0	250	Sec	

## 21. PUMP DOWN

### 21.1 PUMP DOWN WITH LOW PRESSURE SWITCH OR PUMP DOWN PRESSURE SWITCH

#### **CO36 = 1 Pump down enabled during the switching off (low pressure switch or pump down switch)**

Before turning off the last compressor, the solenoid valve is closed; the compressor works until the pressure switch is activated or after a maximum time CO39; in this case an alarm is displayed (b1PH or b2PH) but the machine continuous to work as normal condition.

If the alarm occurs more than AL21 times per hour, the lchill generate a manual alarm.

Low pressure alarm (when the low pressure switch is used) is disabled for AL02 time after valve activation (AL02=0 the alarm is disabled when the compressor is OFF).

When first compressor of the circuit is switched on, the solenoid valve is switched on 1 seconds before it.

#### **CO36 = 2 Pump down enabled during the switching off and switching on (low pressure switch or pump down switch)**

Compressor switching off:



before turning off the last compressor, the solenoid valve is closed; the compressor works until the pressure switch is activated or after a maximum time CO39; in this case an alarm is displayed (b1PH or b2PH) but the machine continues to work as normal.

If the alarm occurs more than AL21 times per hour, the chiller generates a manual alarm.

Low pressure alarm (when the low pressure switch is used) is disabled for AL02 time after valve activation (AL02=0 the alarm is disabled when the compressor is OFF).

Compressor switching on:

when the first compressor of the circuit is switched on, the solenoid valve is switched on 1 second before it.

If the pump down pressure switch remains active, the compressors do not restart and after CO39 time a pump-down alarm is displayed.

The parameter AL23 allows to choose if the pump down alarm (during the switching on) is automatic or manual reset:

- AL23 =0 automatic reset; the compressor will restart when the pump down pressure switch is active
- AL23=1 manual reset; if the number of pump down alarm per hour is lower than AL22 the reset is automatic, manual reset; if the number of pump down alarm per hour is higher than AL22 the reset is manual

#### **PAR. CO36 = 3 Pump down enabled during the switching off only in chiller mode (low pressure switch or pump down switch)**

The pump down procedure works as CO36=1 but only in chiller mode; in heat pump mode the solenoid valve is activated when the first compressor is ON and de-activated when the last compressor is OFF.

#### **PAR. CO36 = 4 Pump down enabled during the switching off and switching on only in chiller mode (low pressure switch or pump down switch)**

The pump down procedure works as CO36=2 but only in chiller mode; in heat pump mode the solenoid valve is activated when the first compressor is ON and de-activated when the last compressor is OFF.

## **21.2 PUMP DOWN WITH LOW PRESSURE PROBE**

#### **CO36 = 1 Pump down enabled during the switching off (low pressure probe)**

Before turning off the last compressor, the solenoid valve is closed; the compressor works until the pressure falls below CO37 or after a maximum time CO39; in this case an alarm is displayed (b1PH or b2PH) but the machine continues to work as normal.

If the alarm occurs more than AL21 times per hour, the chiller generates a manual alarm.

Low pressure alarm (when the low pressure switch is used) is disabled for AL02 time after valve activation (AL02=0 the alarm is disabled when the compressor is OFF).

When the first compressor of the circuit is switched on, the solenoid valve is switched on 1 second before it.

#### **CO35 = 2 Pump down enabled during the switching off and switching on (low pressure probe)**

Before turning off the last compressor, the solenoid valve is closed; the compressor works until the pressure falls below CO37 or after a maximum time CO39; in this case an alarm is displayed (b1PH or b2PH) but the machine continues to work as normal.

If the alarm occurs more than AL21 times per hour, the chiller generates a manual alarm.

Low pressure alarm (when the low pressure switch is used) is disabled for AL02 time after valve activation (AL02=0 the alarm is disabled when the compressor is OFF).

When the first compressor of the circuit is switched on, the solenoid valve is switched on 1 second before it and the compressor is switched on if the pressure is higher than CO37 + CO38.

If the pressure remains lower than CO37 + CO38 the compressors do not restart and after CO39 time a pump-down alarm is displayed.

The parameter AL23 allows to choose if the pump down alarm (during the switching on) is automatic or manual reset:

- AL23 =0 automatic reset; the compressor will restart when the pump down pressure switch is active
- AL23=1 manual reset; if the number of pump down alarm per hour is lower than AL22 the reset is automatic, manual reset; if the number of pump down alarm per hour is higher than AL22 the reset is manual

#### **CO36 = 3 Pump down enabled during the switching off only in chiller mode (low pressure probe)**

The pump down procedure works as CO36=1 but only in chiller mode; in heat pump mode the solenoid valve is activated when the first compressor is ON and de-activated when the last compressor is OFF.

### **CO36 = 4 Pump down enabled during the switching off and switching on only in chiller mode (low pressure probe)**

The pump down procedure works as CO36=1 but only in chiller mode; in heat pump mode the solenoid valve is activated when the first compressor is ON and de-activated when the last compressor is OFF.

#### **ATTENTION**

**If the pump down function is enabled, during the unit start-up from digital input as pump down pressure switch and also from analogue input as low pressure transducer, the compressor will restart only if both the inputs are satisfied.**

## **21.3 PUMP DOWN BY TIME**

The pump down can be enabled also by time; in this case the compressor is activated after CO58 from solenoid valve switching on and de-activated after CO59 from solenoid valve switching off.

<b>CO 58</b>	Maximum time for the activation of the pump-down during the switching off CO58 = 0 Not enabled	0	250	Sec	
<b>CO 59</b>	Maximum time for the activation of the pump-down during the switching on CO59 = 0 Not enabled	0	250	Sec	

## **22. UNLOADING**

### **22.1 HIGH TEMPERATURE OF THE EVAPORATOR WATER INLET**

It is possible to use this function if there are at least 2 steps of power (two compressor or 1 compressor with partialization) for every circuit or with inverter compressor.

#### **UNLOADING ACTIVATION**

When the evaporator water inlet temperature is higher than CO40 for CO42 time, the unit works with the number of compressors selected in CO49 parameter or CO96 speed in case of inverter compressor.

#### **EXAMPLE**

2 circuits and 3 compressors per circuit  
6 compressors are running; if CO49 = 2 in case of unloading 2 compressors are switched off and 4 continuous to work.

#### **UNLOAD DE-ACTIVATION**

When the evaporator water inlet temperature falls below CO40-CO41 the unloading function is disabled and all compressor are available to work.

#### **Unloading Information**

If the evaporator water inlet temperature remains between CO40 and CO40-CO41, after CO43 time the unloading function is deactivated.

### **22.2 CONDENSER HIGH PRESSURE, CONDENSER HIGH TEMPERATURE OR EVAPORATOR LOW PRESSURE**

#### **UNLOADING ACTIVATION IN CHILLER MODE**

When the condenser pressure or temperature is higher than CO44 the unit works with the number of compressors selected in CO49 parameter or CO96 speed in case of inverter compressor.

If the compressor is a screw compressor the unloading function works at least CO50 time; if CO50 = 0 this function is disabled.

#### **EXAMPLE**

2 circuits and 3 compressors per circuit

6 compressors are running; if CO49 = 2 in case of unloading 2 compressors are switched off and 4 continuous to work.

#### **UNLOADING DE-ACTIVATION IN CHILLER MODE**

When the condenser pressure or condenser temperature falls below CO44-CO45 the unloading function is disabled and all compressor are available to work.

#### **Other information about the Unloading in chiller**

If the condenser pressure or condenser temperature remains between CO44 and CO44-CO45, after CO48 time the unloading function is deactivated.

#### **UNLOADING IN HEAT PUMP MODE**

The reference probe for this function is the evaporator probe; if any evaporator probe is configured, the function uses the condenser probe.

When the evaporator/condenser pressure is lower than CO46 the unit works with the number of compressors selected in CO49 parameter or CO96 speed in case of inverter compressor.

If the compressor is a screw compressor the unloading function works at least CO50 time; if CO50 = 0 this function is disabled.

#### **EXAMPLE**

2 circuits and 3 compressors per circuit

6 compressors are running; if CO49 = 2 in case of unloading 2 compressors are switched off and 4 continuous to work.

#### **UNLOADING DE-ACTIVATION in HEAT PUMP MODE**

When the evaporator probe (or condenser pressure or condenser temperature) increase over CO46+CO47 the unloading function is disabled and all compressor are available to work.

#### **Other information about the Unloading in Heat Pump**

If the evaporator probe (or condenser pressure or condenser temperature) remains between CO46 and CO46+CO47, after CO48 time the unloading function is deactivated.

### **22.3 LOW TEMPERATURE OF THE EVAPORATOR WATER OUTLET**

#### **ACTIVATION**

The lower value between the inlet evaporator probe, common outlet evaporator probe or outlet probe for the circuit, enables the unloading function.

When the value of one of the probes above decrease under the set point CO55 the unloading function is activated; the number of active compressors/step is determined by the CO49 parameter or CO96 speed in case of inverter compressor.

The display shows the label **b1EU – b2EU** alternated to a default visualization.

#### **DE-ACTIVATION**

Unloading function is disabled when the temperature of all the probes configured rise over CO55 + CO56 or when the CO57 time is elapsed.

### **22.4 UNLOADING BY DIGITAL INPUT**

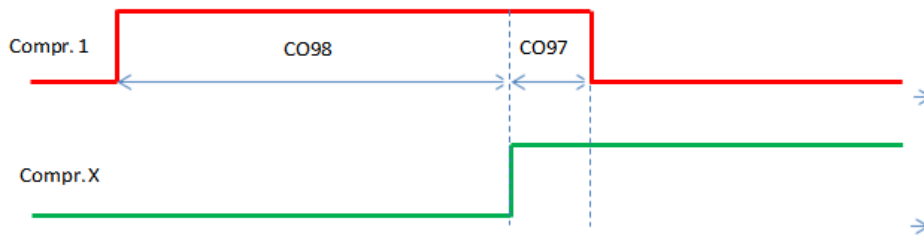
The function is always active and enabled in chiller operation with at least two steps of power in a circuit.

If the unloading is active, the display shows b1CU and / or b2CU.

In case of activation by digital input (which coexists with all types of current unloading), the number of compressors on the circuit is brought to the value set in the parameter CO49 and, in case of inverter compressor, the speed is brought to the value set by CO96 parameter.

The unloading condition will remain till the digital input is active.

In unloading remains active the function that hestabilish the maximum operation time of a single compressor; if a compressor remains on for the time set in CO72 (others compressors are off), it will be switched off and another compressor (according to the logic given by CO14) is switched on.  
 If CO97 >0 both compressors work together for CO97 time.  
 The time CO48 (maximum time in unloading) is not usable for the unloading function by digital input.



## 23. SOLENOID VALVE FOR LIQUID INJECTION

It is possible to configure 2 valves for the liquid injection of the screw compressor (compressor 1 and compressor 2).

When the **compressor is off** the solenoid valve is **always OFF**. When the compressor is on:

- if the temperature detected by the probe mounted in the compressor increases over CO51 setpoint, the valve is switched on
- if the temperature detected by the probe mounted in the compressor decreases under C51-CO52 the valve is switched off.

## 24. CONDENSING UNIT OPERATION

To enable operation as condensing you must configure the parameter CF03 = 1.

In this mode the control probes are not used and the switching on of the compressors is related to the state of the digital inputs of activation of each compressor.

### 24.1 OPERATION WITH DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURED AS REGULATION REQUEST

Digital input configured as regulation request:

- if the contact is NOT ACTIVE the unit is in stand-by and the upper display shows OFF
- if the contact is ACTIVE the unit is ON and the upper display shows On if the unit is in std-by by keyboard, or OnC if it is in chiller or OnH if it is in heat pump.

The operation mode, cooling or heating, is defined pressing the correspondent key on the keyboard; the display shows OnC (ON chiller) or OnH (ON heat pump).

When the digital input configured as regulation request is active, a compressor is switched on; other compressor will be activated by other digital inputs.

If the digital input is active, the unit can be switched off by keyboard; to switch on the unit is necessary:

- Switch it on by keyboard
- Or de-activate then activate the digital input

### 24.2 OPERATION WITH DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURED AS CHILLER REGULATION REQUEST

Digital input configured as chiller regulation request:

- if the contact is NOT ACTIVE the unit is in stand-by and the upper display shows OFF
- if the contact is ACTIVE the unit is ON and the upper display shows OnC (on chiller)

When the digital input configured as chiller regulation request is active, a compressor is switched on; other compressor will be activated by other digital inputs.

If the digital input is active, the unit can be switched off by keyboard; to switch on the unit is necessary:

- Switch it on by keyboard

- Or de-activate then activate the digital input

### 24.3 OPERATION WITH DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURED AS HEAT PUMP REGULATION REQUEST

Digital input configured as heat pump regulation request:

- if the contact is NOT ACTIVE the unit is in stand-by and the upper display shows OFF
- if the contact is ACTIVE the unit is ON and the upper display shows OnH (on heat pump)

When the digital input configured as heat pump regulation request is active, a compressor is switched on; other compressor will be activated by other digital inputs.

If the digital input is active, the unit can be switched off by keyboard; to switch on the unit is necessary:

- Switch it on by keyboard
- Or de-activate then activate the digital input

#### Contemporary regulation request error

If two digital inputs are configured as chiller request and heat pump request and both are simultaneously active, the unit is placed in OFF and the upper display shows the label Ferr.

### 24.4 OPERATION WITH DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURED AS COMPRESSOR REQUEST

It is possible to turn on and off the compressors without following or partially following the logic given by the parameters CO14 and CO15, assigning a digital input the function to switch on / off a specific compressor or a compressor of a specific circuit.

This use is foreseen only for ON / OFF compressors (not with capacity step and not inverter controlled).

In case of incorrect configuration of the digital inputs (condensing unit and compressors with capacity step, digital input configured for a non-existing compressor, etc) is generated alarm ACF4 configuration.

#### Setting for operation with a digital input configured as compressor request:

- Configure the digital input with the following values (depending on the number of compressors):
  - A digital input = o78 or c78 (compressor 1)
  - A digital input = o79 or c79 (compressor 2)
  - A digital input = o80 or c80 (compressor 3)
  - A digital input = o81 or c81 (compressor 4)

In this configuration, the logic of switching on and off of the compressors (set by parameters CO14 and CO15) is not activated; the digital input switches on / off directly the compressor assigned.

If the compressor assigned to a digital input is not available (for alarm, maintenance, etc.), the request will remain active and the compressor will be used for regulation when available; in case of unavailability of a compressor, the controller does not distribute the request to another compressor.

For this operation mode it is not possible to configure the compressor rotation by operation time (CO72 must be set to 0).

#### Setting for operation with a digital input configured as a compressor of a determined circuit:

- Configure the digital input with the following values (depending on the number of compressors):
  - A digital input = o84 or c84 (first compressor circuit 1)
  - A digital input = o85 or c85 (second compressor circuit 1)
  - A digital input = o86 or c86 (third compressor circuit 1)
  - A digital input = o87 or c87 (fourth compressor circuit 1)
  - A digital input = o88 or c88 (not used)
  - A digital input = o89 or c89 (first compressor circuit 2)
  - A digital input = o90 or c90 (second compressor circuit 2)
  - A digital input = o91 or c91 (third compressor circuit 2)

In this configuration, the logic of switching on and off of the compressors (parameters CO14 and CO15) is partially active; it is possible to switch on a compressor of a specific circuit, but in case of machine configuration which provides more than one compressor in a circuit is the controller to determine which compressor has to be switched on according to the logic determined by parameter. For this operation mode it is not possible to configure the compressor rotation by operation time (CO72 must be set to 0).

## 24.5 ERROR OF CONDENSING UNIT

Possible alarms:

- In case of contemporary activation of the digital inputs configured as chiller regulation request and heat pump regulation request the unit is placed in the OFF and the upper display the label Ferr.
- In case of incorrect configuration of the digital inputs (function enabled and not set up the correct number of inputs, or if the number of digital input and the number of compressors doesn't correspond), it will be reported the alarm configuration ACF4.

## 25. EVAPORATOR WATER PUMP / SUPPLY FAN (AIR/AIR UNIT)

Water pump / supply fan operation mode:

**CO16=0:** Not enabled: water pump/supply fan is not managed.

**Attention:** The air / air unit configured with CO16= 0 does not manage the output for integration heaters.

**CO16 = 1:** Continuous control

The water pump / supply fan is ON only if the unit is running (chiller or heat pump).

When the Ichill is switched on in chiller or heat pump, the water pump is immediately activated and the first compressor is switched on after CO17 delay.

When the Ichill is in STD-BY or remote OFF the water pump is OFF (with a delay if CO18>0).

The parameter Ar09 allows to set the status of the water pump in case of antifreeze if the Ichill is in stand-by.

**CO16 = 2:** on compressor demand

The water pump / supply fan is ON only if at least a compressor is ON; in case of compressor activation, the water pump is switched on CO17 before the compressor.

When the last compressor is switched off, the water pump / supply fan is switched off after CO18 delay from compressor.

When the unit is in stand-by or remote off and the Ar09 =1, if the regulation requires the antifreeze heaters also the water pump is turned on.

**The pump is always off when:**

- Remote OFF from digital input.
- Water pump overload.
- Evaporator flow switch alarm if MANUAL reset.

**During the defrost and when the compressor is off in dripping time the water pump/supply fan is on.**

### 25.1 EVAPORATOR PUMP GROUP

It is possible to configure two evaporator water pumps; the water pump to be activated is the pump with less working hours.

When a water pump works continuously for CO19 time, the other one is switched on and after CO20 second the first one is switched off.

If a water pump overload occurs, the water pump is switched off and the other one is switched on.

**Note: During the defrost and when the compressor is off in dripping time, the pump is on.**

## 25.2 MODULATING EVAPORATOR WATER PUMP

To enable the modulating evaporator water pump is necessary to configure an analog output as “Modulated evaporator water pump” (see analog and digital output configuration) .

The modulating evaporator water pump is enabled in cooling, heating and domestic hot water production; if the machine is in STD-BY or OFF the water pump is OFF.

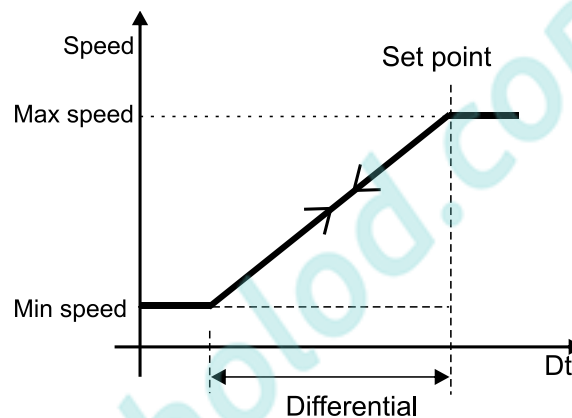
The water pump works according the Dt between two probes, which can be chosen both in summer an winter mode, among those configured in the instrument (Pb1, Pb2,...).

If the state of the water pump is tied to the state of the compressor, when last compressor is switched off the water pump is forced to run at US60 speed for CO18 minutes, then it is switched off.

If the state of the water pump is not tied to the state of the compressor, when last compressor is switched off the water pump is forced to run at US60 speed.

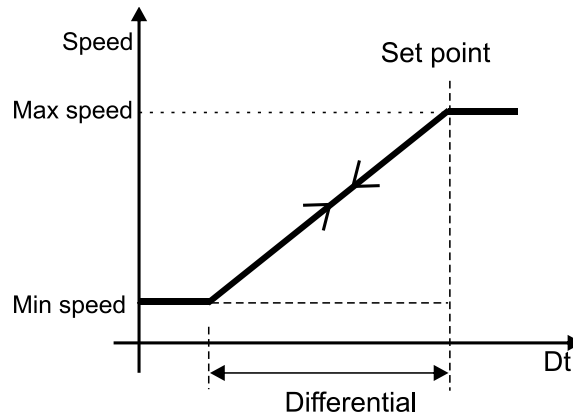
The regulation is done as showed below.

### Chiller and chiller + domestic hot water (machine with valves OUT1 and OUT2 in the gas circuit)



Parameter	Description	min	max	udm	
US 47	Probe 1 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in chiller	0	10		
US 48	Probe 2 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in chiller	0	10		
US 49	Set point for maximum speed of modulating evaporator water pump in chiller	30.0	70.0	°C	Dec
		-58	158	°F	int
		0.0	50.0	Bar	Dec
		0	725	Psi	int
US 50	Proportional band for maximum speed of modulating evaporator water pump in chiller	0.0	25.0	°C	Dec
		0	45	°F	int
		0.0	14.0	Bar	Dec
		0	203	Psi	int
US 51	Minimum speed of the evaporator water pump in chiller	0	100	%	
US 52	Maximum speed of the evaporator water pump in chiller	0	100	%	

### Heat pump and domestic hot water



Parameter	Description	min	max	udm	
US 53	Probe 1 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in Heat Pump	0	10		
US 54	Probe 2 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in Heat Pump	0	10		
US 55	Set point for maximum speed of modulationg evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	30.0 -58 0.0 0	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 56	Proportional band for maximum speed of modulationg evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	0.0 0 0.0 0	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 57	Minimum speed of the evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	0	100	%	
US 58	Maximum speed of the evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	0	100	%	

## 26. WATER PUMP OF CONDENSER SIDE

### 26.1 CONDENSER WATER PUMP CONTROL

Water pump operation mode:

**CO21=0:** Not enabled: water pump is not managed.

**CO21 = 1:** Continuous control

The water pump is ON only if the unit is running (chiller or heat pump).

When the Ichill is switched on in chiller or heat pump, the water pump is immediately activated and the first compressor is switched on after CO17 delay.

When the Ichill is in STD-BY or remote OFF the water pump is OFF (with a delay if CO23>0).

The parameter Ar09 allows to set the status of the water pump in case of antifreeze if the Ichill is in stand-by.

**CO21 = 2:** on compressor demand

The water pump is ON only if at least a compressor is ON; in case of compressor activation, the water pump is switched on CO17 before the compressor.

When the last compressor is switched off, the water pump is switched off after CO23 delay from compressor.

When the unit is in stand-by or remote off and the Ar09 =1, if the regulation requires the antifreeze heaters also the water pump is turned on.

**The pump is always off when:**

- Remote OFF from digital input.
- Water pump overload.
- Condenser flow switch alarm if MANUAL reset.

**During the defrost and when the compressor is off in dripping time the water pump/supply fan is on.**

### 26.2 CONDENSER PUMP GROUP

It is possible to configure two condenser water pumps; the water pump to be activated is the pump with less working hours.



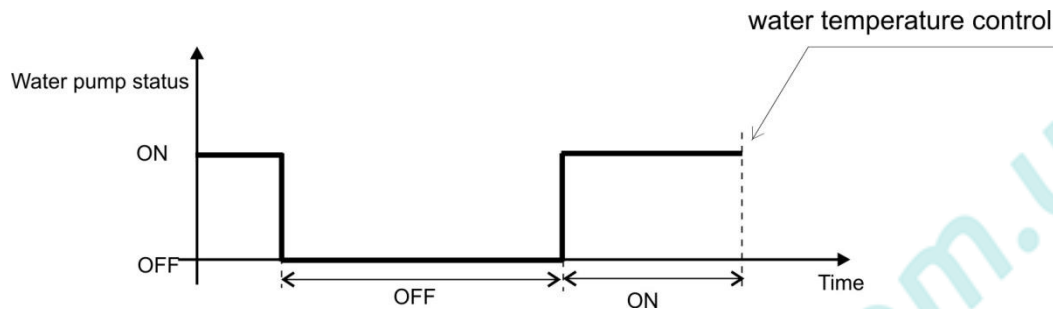
When a water pump works continuously for CO24 time, the other one is switched on and after CO25 second the first one is switched off.

If a water pump overload occurs, the water pump is switched off and the other one is switched on.

## 27. CYCLIC OPERATION OF THE WATER PUMPS

If the water pump is OFF (reached set point), is possible to enable it to run to detect the right water temperature.

At the end of the ON time, the controller verify if is necessary to switch on the compressor/s or not; if is not necessary, the water pump is switched OFF for CO85 time and then switched on for another CO87 ON cycle.



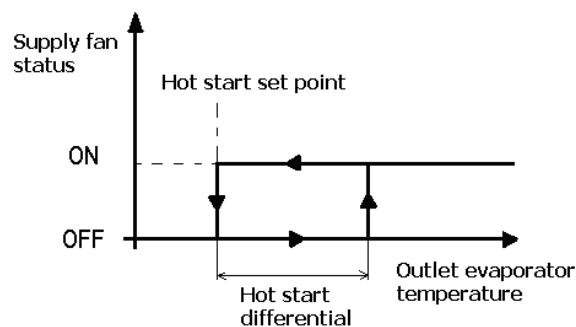
Parameters	Description	min	max	unit of measure
CO 85	Evaporator water pump OFF time if the set point is reached	0	250	10 min
CO 86	Evaporator water pump OFF time if the machine is STD-BY or OFF	0	250	10 hour
CO 87	Evaporator water pump ON time	0	250	10 Sec
CO 88	Condenser water pump OFF time if the set point is reached	0	250	10 min
CO 89	Condenser water pump OFF time if the machine is STD-BY or OFF	0	250	10 hour
CO 90	Condenser water pump ON time	0	250	10 Sec

## 28. HOT START

In the air air unit and in heating mode it is possible to stop the supply fan when the outlet evaporator temperature falls below FA24 degrees.

**FA24** Hot start Setpoint

**FA25** Hot start differential



## 29. LOAD MAINTENANCE

It is possible to define for each load (compressors and water pumps) the number of working hours after which the display will show a maintenance warning.

Parameters **CO26..CO31**: number of working hour of the compressors  
Parameters **CO32..CO33**: number of working hour of the evaporator water pump  
Parameters **CO34..CO35**: number of working hour of the condenser water pump  
Parameters **CO73**: number of working hour of the domestic hot water pump  
Parameters **CO74**: number of working hour of the solar panel water pump  
Parameters **CO95**: number of working hour of the free cooling water pump

If the parameter is set to 0, the maintenance signalling is disabled but the running hours counter remains active.

## 30. CONDENSER FAN REGULATION

The signal to drive the modulating condenser fan is available in the Out 1...Out 4 analog outputs:

- OUT 1 and OUT 2 are 0..10V
- OUT 3 and OUT 4 are 0..10V or PWM selectable by parameter CF49

**FA01** and **FA02** parameters define the operative mode of the condenser fans.

Par. **FA01** Fan regulation

0 = Output not enabled

1 = Always on

2 = ON/OFF step regulation

3 = ON/OFF continuous step regulation

4 = proportional fan speed

Par. **FA02** Condenser fan operation mode

0 = Fan on only if compressor on

1 = Independent from the compressor and off during the stand-by / or from remote OFF

Example:

Par. **FA01 = 1** / Par. **FA02 = 0**

Fans on when the compressor on (the fans work following the same output algorithm)

Par. **FA01 = 1** / Par. **FA02 = 1**

Independent from the compressor status but off in stand-by.

Par. **FA01 = 2** / Par. **FA02 = 0**

Fans on, with ON/OFF regulation and with temperature/pressure transducer control, only when the compressor is on (at least one relay is configured as fan control). When the compressor turns off also the fans are forced off.

Par. **FA01 = 2** / Par. **FA02 = 1**

Fans on, with ON/OFF regulation and with temperature/pressure transducer control, only when the compressor is on (at least one relay is configured as fan control). When the compressor turns off the fans are thermoregulated depending on the condensing temperature/pressure.

Par. **FA01 = 3** / Par. **FA02 = 0**

Fans on, with ON/OFF continuous regulation and with temperature/pressure transducer control, only when the compressor is on (at least one relay is configured as fan control). When the compressor turns off also the fans are forced off.

Par. **FA01 = 3** / Par. **FA02 = 1**

Fans on, with ON/OFF continuous regulation and with temperature/pressure transducer control, only when the compressor is on (at least one relay is configured as fan control). When the compressor turns off the fans are thermoregulated depending on the condensing temperature/pressure.

Par. **FA01 = 4** / Par. **FA02 = 0**

Fans on, with proportional regulation (PWM, 4..20mA, 0..10V) and with temperature/pressure transducer control, only when the compressor is on. When the compressor turns off also the fans are forced off.

Par. **FA01 = 4** / Par. **FA02 = 2**

Fans on in proportional regulation (PWM, 4..20mA or 0..10V) according to condenser temperature/pressure (only when the compressor is on).

When the compressor turns off the fans are thermoregulated depending on the condensing temperature/pressure.

### 30.1 OUTPUT STEP RELÉ CONDENSER FAN

Par FA01 = 2 ON/OFF step regulation

E.G.: 1 circuit and 4 step of ventilation

OUT relè	step n° 1	step n° 2	step n° 3	step n° 4
Out relè step n° 1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Out relè step n° 2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Out relè step n° 3	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Out relè step n° 4	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

Par FA01 = 3 ON/OFF continuous step regulation

E.G.: 1 circuit and 4 step of ventilation

Continuous step regulation

OUT relè	step n° 1	step n° 2	step n° 3	step n° 4
Out relè step n° 1	ON	ON	ON	ON
Out relè step n° 2	OFF	ON	ON	ON
Out relè step n° 3	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
Out relè step n° 4	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

### 30.2 PWM OUTPUT FOR FAN CONTROL

When the condenser fan is switched on it works at maximum speed for FA03 time, then it modulate according to condenser pressure/temperature or evaporator pressure (heat pump mode).

FA04 parameter allows to adapt the signal to the motor (current-voltage phase displacement of a line-powered ac load).

If FA01=3, when the compressor starts-up and the proportional regulation requires to turn off the fan (cut-off), if FA14>0 the fan is forced at the minimum speed for the time set in FA14 itself (if FA14=0 the function is disabled).

### 30.3 CONDENSING UNIT: COMMON OR SEPARATE CONDENSER

FA05 defines the condenser unit

Par. FA05 type of condenser

FA05=0 Common condenser unit (only one common fan but a probe for each condenser is needed)

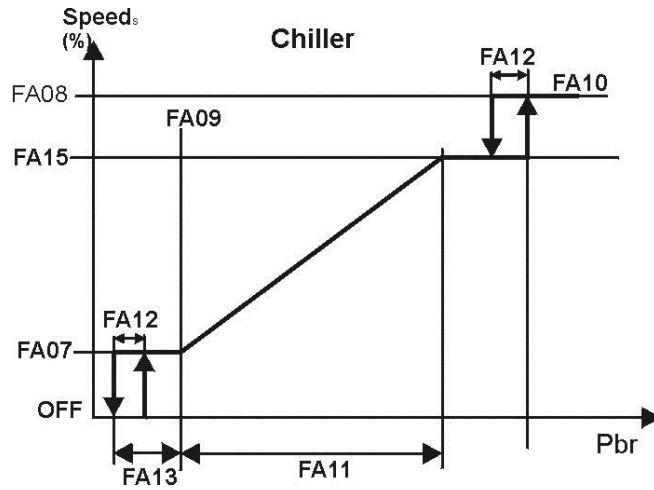
FA05=1 Separate condenser units (one fan and one probe for circuit are needed)

If FA05= 0 the condenser fan of the circuit 1 and circuit 2 works in parallel:

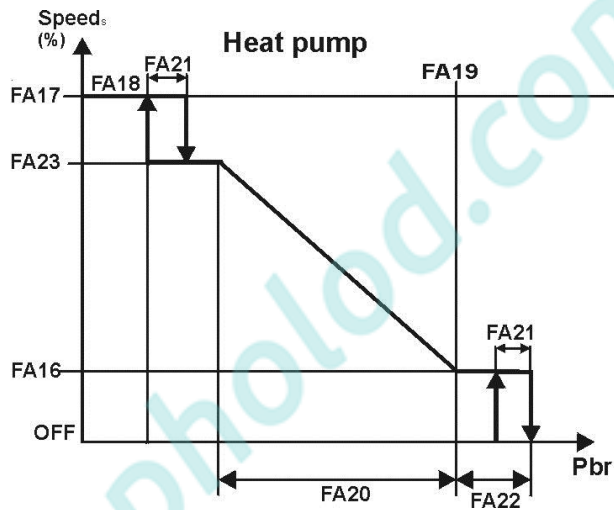
- **CHILLER mode:** the regulation probe is the probe that has the higher value
- **HEAT PUMP mode:** the regulation probe is the probe that has the lower value

### 30.4 PROPORTIONAL REGULATION OF CONDENSER FANS

Condenser fan in Chiller mode.

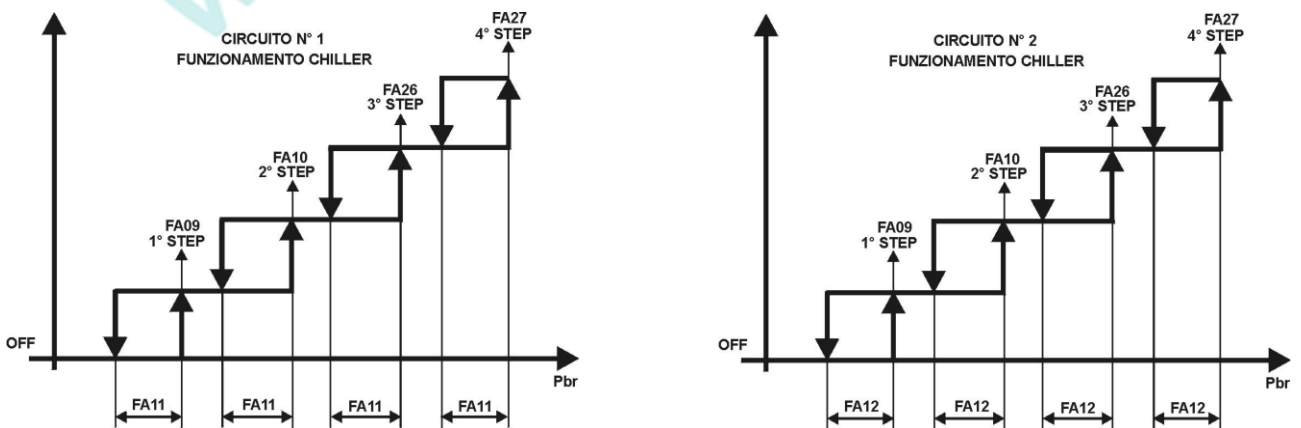


Condenser fan in Heat pump mode.

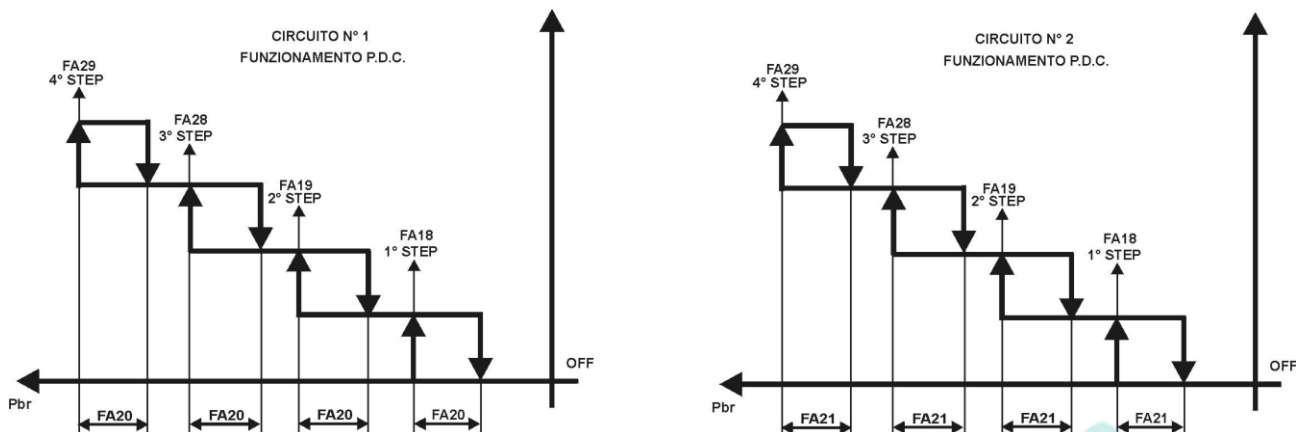


### 30.5 ON/OFF REGULATION OF CONDENSER FANS

Condenser fan in Chiller mode.



Condenser fan in Heat pump mode.



### 30.6 PRE-VENTILATION AND POST-VENTILATION

#### Pre-ventilation:

in chiller and heat pump mode when first compressor is switched on if  $FA06 > 0$  and/or  $FA30 > 0$  the fan runs at maximum speed for  $FA06$  and/or  $FA30$ .

#### Post-ventilation:

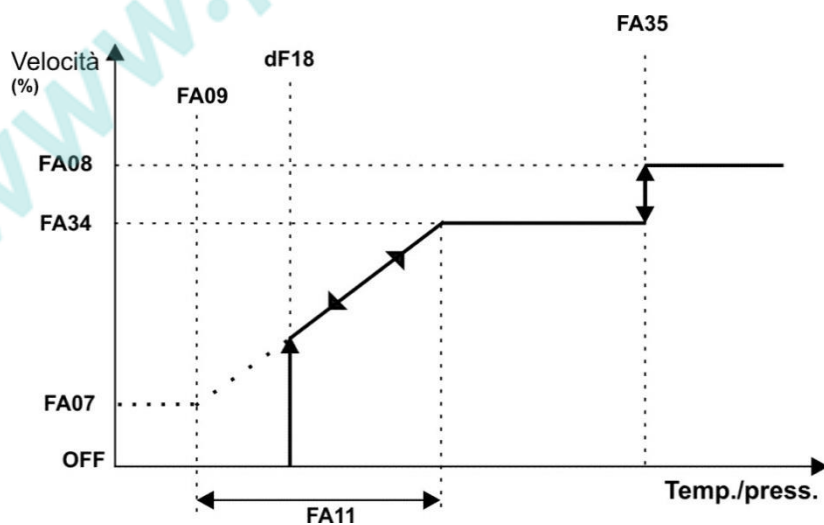
in heat pump mode if  $FA31 > 0$  and outside temperature  $> FA32$ , when last compressor is switched off the condenser fan (if on at that moment) is forced at  $FA33$  speed for  $FA31$  seconds (outside temperature probe is required).

### 30.7 CONDENSER FAN IN DEFROST

During defrost the condenser fan regulate as shown below.

The basic adjustment is that of the operation in chiller, with the following differences:

- the threshold temperature / pressure for enabling the fan is determined by parameter  $dF18$
- Once the fan is started, the modulation occurs between the pressure values  $FA09$  and  $FA09 + FA11$
- speed at the end of modulation is determined by the parameter  $FA34$
- in case of increasing temperature / pressure to a value higher than  $FA35$ , fans are forced to maximum speed of  $FA08$



## 31. ANTI FREEZE HEATERS, INTEGRATION HEATING OR BOILER

### 31.1 REGULATION OF THE HEATERS IN CHILLER

Par. **Ar06** selects the probe/s control for the anti-freeze relay outputs configured as anti-freeze / support / boiler heaters for the circuits 1 and 2 in chiller mode.

Par. **Ar06 = 0**: the function is disabled

Par. **Ar06 = 1**: function enabled; the regulation probe is evaporator water inlet.

Par. **Ar06 = 2**: function enabled; the regulation probe are evaporator water outlet circuit 1 and evaporator water outlet circuit 2.

**ATTENTION:** It is not possible to control the heaters of the circuit #1 with the probe of the circuit #2 and viceversa.

Par. **Ar06 = 3**: function enabled; the regulation probe are evaporator water outlet circuit 1, evaporator water outlet circuit 2 or evaporator common probe.

Par. **Ar06 = 4**: function enabled; the regulation probe is outside temperature.

### 31.2 REGULATION OF THE HEATERS IN HEAT PUMP

The Par. **Ar07** selects the probe/s control for the anti-freeze alarm and the relay outputs configured as anti-freeze / support / boiler heaters for the circuits 1 and 2 in heat pump mode.

Par. **Ar07 = 0**: the function is disabled

Par. **Ar07 = 1**: function enabled; the regulation probe is evaporator water inlet.

Par. **Ar07 = 2**: function enabled; the regulation probe are evaporator water outlet circuit 1 and evaporator water outlet circuit 2.

**ATTENTION:** It is not possible to control the heaters of the circuit #1 with the probe of the circuit #2 and viceversa.

Par. **Ar07 = 3**: function enabled; the regulation probe are evaporator water outlet circuit 1, evaporator water outlet circuit 2 or evaporator common probe.

Par. **Ar07 = 4**: function enabled; the regulation probe is outside temperature.

### ANTI-FREEZE HEATERS, INTEGRATION HEATING, BOILER HEATERS DURING THE DEFROST CYCLE

The **Ar05** parameter allows to choose the operation mode of the heaters during the defrost:

Par. **Ar05 = 0**: The heaters are activated according the regulation request.

Par. **Ar05 = 1**: The heaters are activated only by the regulation request and are always on during the defrost. The heaters are switched on when the 4-way valve change from heat-pump to chiller and switched off only after the dripping time and the compressors restart.

### 31.3 CONDENSER ANTI-FREEZE HEATERS REGULATION

The parameter **Ar08** allows to select the heaters probe control in chiller and heat pump mode.

Par. **Ar08 = 0**: the function is disabled.

Par. **Ar08 = 1**: function enabled; the regulation probe is condenser water inlet.

Par. **Ar08 = 2**: function enabled; the regulation probe are condenser water inlet circuit 1, condenser water inlet circuit 2 and condenser water common inlet.

**ATTENTION:** It is not possible to control the heaters of the circuit #1 with the probe of the circuit #2 and viceversa.

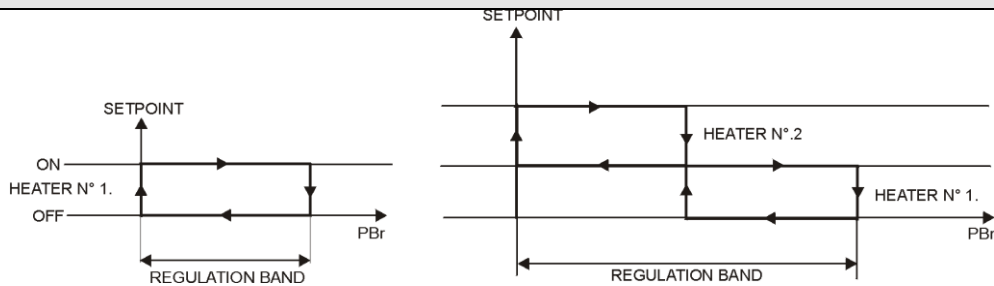
Par. **Ar08 = 3**: function enabled; the regulation probe are evaporator water outlet circuit 1, evaporator water outlet circuit 2

Par. **Ar08 = 4**: function enabled; the regulation probe are evaporator water outlet circuit 1, evaporator water outlet circuit 2 and condenser common outlet.

#### **ATTENTION**

When the outputs are configured as heaters circuit #1 and 2 they are both controlled by the NTC probe of the common condenser outlet.

## 31.4 GRAPH OF THE ANTI-FREEZE- INTEGRATION HEATING - BOILER HEATER RELAYS



## 31.5 BOILER FUNCTION

The function is enabled when:

- One probe is configured as outside temperature.
- Parameter Ar11 > 0.

### Ar11=1 Boiler in integration mode

When outside temperature decreases under the Ar12 setpoint, the Ar14 delay starts counting. If during the Ar14 counting the external air increases above the Ar12 + Ar13 (differential) the function is aborted and the Ar14 time is reloaded.

When the time Ar14 is elapsed and the external air temperature is still under the Ar12 setpoint, if the water temperature detected by the evaporator probe is lower than Ar15 in chiller mode or Ar17 in heat pump mode, the heaters are turned on.

When the temperature rises over Ar15 + Ar16 in chiller mode or Ar17+Ar18 in heat pump the heaters are turned off.

If the heaters are on, when the outside temperature increases over Ar12 + Ar13, they are turned off and the Ar14 delay is reloaded.

### **Attention**

If outside temperature falls below Ar19 setpoint, the compressors are switched off; they can restart if the outside temperature increase over Ar19+Ar20.

### Heating control Ar11=2

When outside temperature decreases under the Ar12 setpoint, the Ar14 delay starts counting.

If during this delay the outside temperature increase over the Ar12+Ar13 the process is aborted and the time Ar14 reloaded.

When the time Ar14 is elapsed and the external air temperature is still under the Ar12 setpoint, if the water temperature detected by the evaporator probe is lower than Ar15 in chiller mode or Ar17 in heat pump mode, the heaters are turned on and the compressor(s) and the condensing fan(s) are turned off. The heating is made only by the heaters.

When outside temperature increase over Ar15+Ar16 or Ar15 + Ar17 the heaters are turned off.

If the outside temperature increase over Ar12 +Ar13, the heaters are turned off, the compressor regulation restarts, the Ar14 delay is reloaded.

### BOILER HEATERS DURING the DEFROST CYCLE

The Ar05 parameters defines the status of the heaters during the defrost:

Ar05=0 Heaters activated according to the regulation

Ar05=1 The heaters are switched on when the 4-way valve changes the status from heat pump to chiller and switched off after the dripping time at the end of the defrost.

### **ATTENTION**

The heaters of the boiler are always off in case of:

- flow switch alarm
- water pump overload alarm

## 32. ENERGY SAVING

### 32.1 ENERGY SAVING ACTIVATION BY DIGITAL INPUT

The energy saving is activated when one digital input is configured as energy saving is active. If the energy saving is active, the Vset icon is on.


The real value of the set point is showed pressing the **SET** key.

When the Energy Saving function is activated the chiller set point and heat pump are modified as follow:

- Set point chiller = St1 ± ES14
- Chiller differential = ES15
- Set point heat pump = St4 ± ES16
- Heat pump differential = ES17

### 32.2 ENERGY SAVING TIME TABLE WITH RTC

This function can be used only if the Ichill has the real time clock on board (optional) and allows to set three events per day.

If the energy saving is active, the  icon is on.

The real value of the set point is showed pressing the **SET** key.

When the Energy Saving function is activated the chiller set point and heat pump are modified as follow:

- Set point chiller = St1 ± ES14
- Chiller differential = ES15
- Set point heat pump = St4 ± ES16
- Heat pump differential = ES17

### 32.3 HOW TO PROGRAM THE ENERGY SAVING AND HOW TO SWITCH ON / SWITCH OFF THE ICHILL BY RTC

Enter the parameter programming:

1. Select the ES parameter family.
2. Select the parameters ES07 (Monday)...ES13 (Sunday).



#### Configuration table Energy saving or unit ON/OFF activation with rtc programming

Par. ES07 – ES13	0= Function disabled 1= 1 <sup>st</sup> period enabled 2= 2 <sup>nd</sup> period enabled 3= 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> periods enabled 4= 3 <sup>rd</sup> period enabled 5= 1 <sup>st</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> periods enabled 6= 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> periods enabled 7= 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> periods enabled
Energy saving or unit ON/OFF with RTC and X Y	where: X with range 0..7 represents the energy saving where: Y with range 0..7 represents the unit on/off

#### Example of a daily programming:

Monday

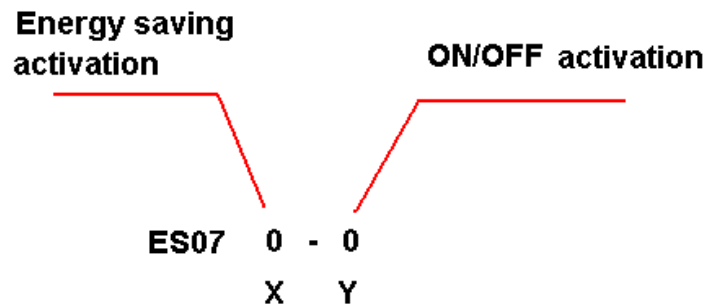
Enter parameter programming:

1. In the ES parameter family, select the parameter ES07, the top display shows 0 - 0
2. Push SET key and using UP or DOWN keys set the right value:
3. Push SET to confirm.



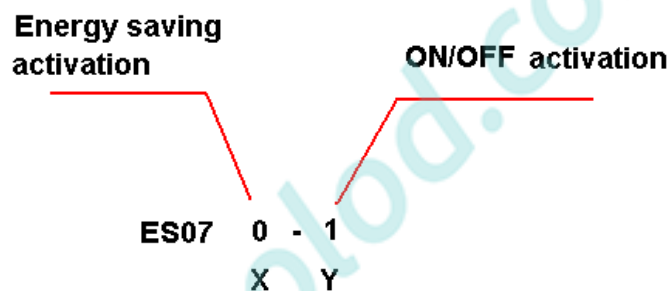
### MONDAY

X = 0 - Y= 0: energy saving and automatic on/off are both disabled



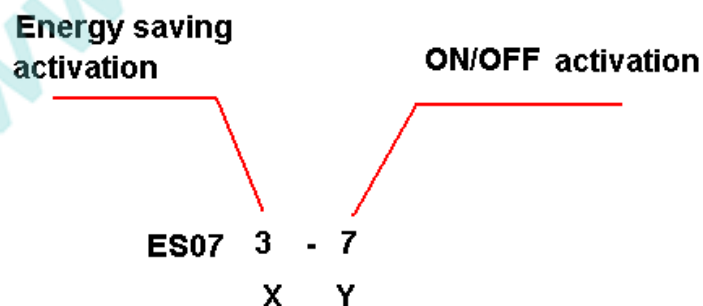
### MONDAY

X = 0 - Y= 1: the energy saving is disabled, the automatic on is enabled in time band 1



### MONDAY

X = 3 - Y= 7: the energy saving is enabled in time band 1 and time band 2, the automatic on is enabled in time band 1, time band 2 and time band 3.



### WEEKLY PROGRAMMING

Repeat the daily programming for the other days of the week using parameters ES08..ES13.

### **32.4 HOW TO SWITCH ON THE CONTROLLER WHEN IT IS OFF BY REAL TIME CLOCK**

When the unit is in OFF by RTC and the parameter ES18 > 0, if the user switch on the controller by keyboard the unit stay on for ES18 time; when this time is elapsed the unit return to OFF.

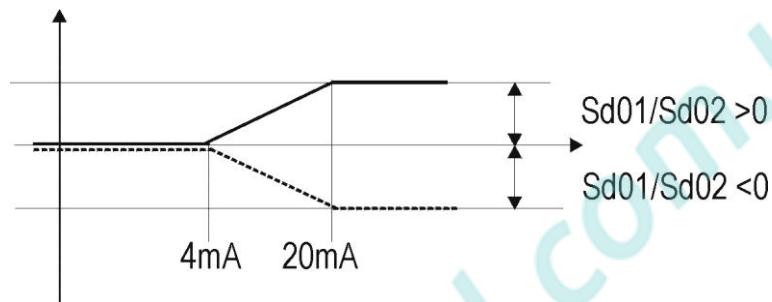
### 33. DYNAMIC SETPOINT

This function allows to modify the set point according to outside temperature or a 4..20mA analog input. This function is enabled if:

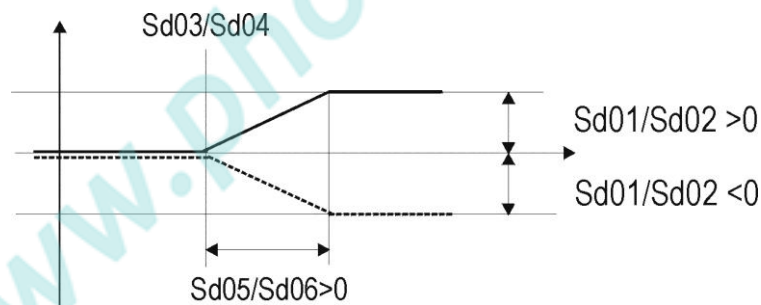
- In chiller mode the parameter Sd01 is not equal to 0.
- In heat pump mode the parameter Sd02 is not equal to 0.
- A analog input is configured as 4÷20mA for dynamic setpoint control or outside temperature

#### 33.1 DYNAMIC SETPOINT DIAGRAM

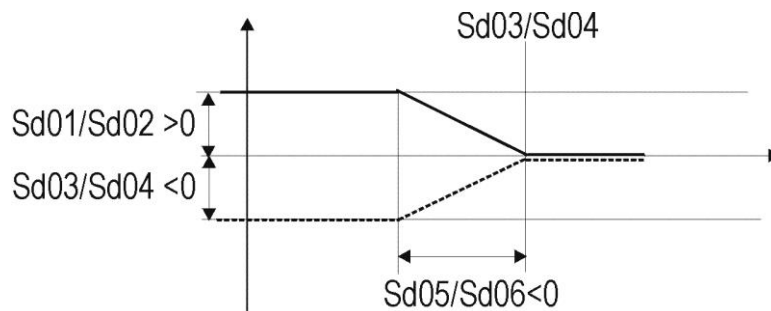
Analog input configured as 4..20mA for dynamic setpoint:



Analog input configured as outside temperature and positive differential:



Analog input configured as outside temperature and negative differential:



## 34. AUXILIARY RELAYS

Par. **uS01** configuration auxiliary relay 1

Par. **uS05** configuration auxiliary relay 2

0 = Not enabled

1 = Function enabled, direct action, also if the lchill is in stand-by or remote off.

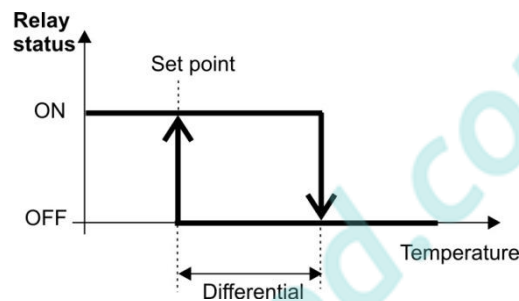
2 = Function enabled, direct action, only if the lchill is on in chiller or heat pump (not in stand-by or remote off)

3 = Function enabled, inverse action, also if the lchill is in stand-by or remote off

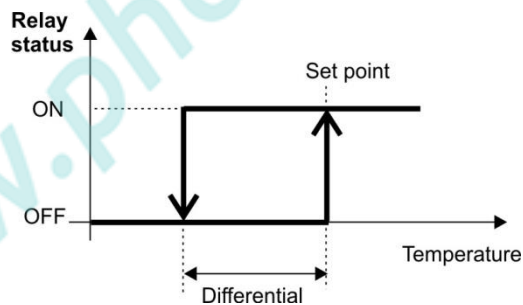
4 = Function enabled, inverse action, only if the lchill is on in chiller or heat pump (not in stand-by or remote off).

To configure the regulation of the auxiliary relay, please refer to uS parameters.

### 34.1 AUXILIARY RELAY WITH DIRECT ACTION



### 34.2 AUXILIARY RELAY WITH INVERSE ACTION



<b>US 1</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 operating mode 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
<b>US 2</b>	Analog input configuration for auxiliary relay 1 control. Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls the relay	1	10		
<b>US 3</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 summer minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US5	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 4</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 summer maximum set point	US5	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 5</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 summer set point	US3	US4	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int

US 6	Auxiliary relay 1 winter minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US8	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 7	Auxiliary relay 1 winter maximum set point	US8	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 8	Auxiliary relay 1 winter set point	US6	US7	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 9	Auxiliary relay 1 summer differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 10	Auxiliary relay 1 winter differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 11	Auxiliary relay 2 operating mode 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
US 12	Analogue input configuration for auxiliary relay 2 control . Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls the relay	1	10		
US 13	Auxiliary relay 2 summer minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US15	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 14	Auxiliary relay 2 summer maximum set point	US15	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 15	Auxiliary relay 2 summer set point	US13	US14	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 16	Auxiliary relay 2 winter minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US18	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 17	Auxiliary relay 2 winter maximum set point	US18	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 18	Auxiliary relay 2 winter set point	US16	US17	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 19	Auxiliary relay 2 summer differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 20	Auxiliary relay 2 winter differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
US 21	Maximum operating time of auxiliary reals	0	250	min	
...					
US 61	AUX 1 relay operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		
US 62	AUX 2 relay operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		

## 35. AUXILIARY PROPORTIONAL OUTPUTS

The outputs OUT 3 .. OUT 6 can be configured as proportional output.

Each output is managed with a dedicated temperature or pressure probe; the parameters involved in the probe selection are uS23 for the output 1 and uS35 for the output 2.

The function is enabled when the parameter uS22>0 for the output 1 and the parameter uS34>0 for the output 2 and at least one output is configured as auxiliary output.

Par. **uS22** configuration auxiliary output 1

Par. **uS34** configuration auxiliary output 2

Value and function

0 = Not enabled

1 = Function enabled, direct action, enabled also in stand-by and remote off

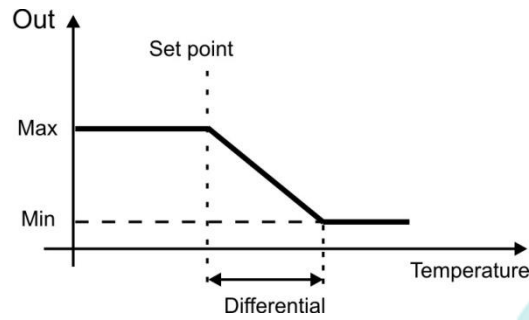
2 = Function enabled, direct action, enabled only if the lchill is working in chiller or heat pump

3 = Function enabled, inverse action, enabled also in stand-by and remote off

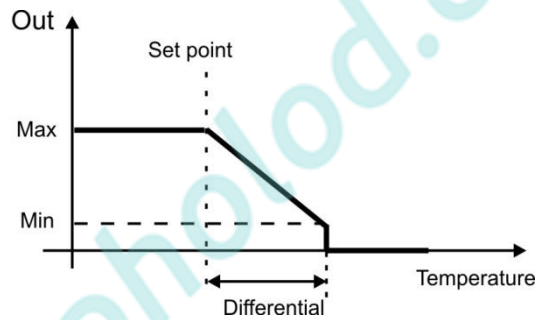
4 = Function enabled, inverse action, enabled only if the lchill is working in chiller or heat pump

### 35.1 AUXILIARY PROPORTIONAL OUTPUT: DIRECT ACTION

US46=0

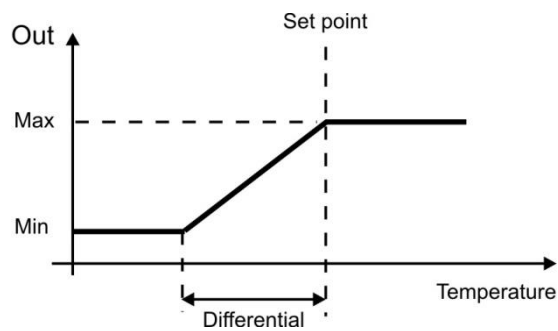


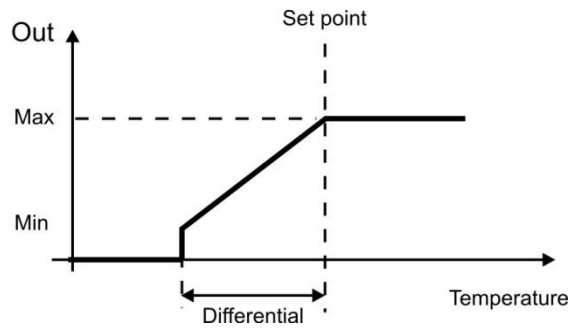
US46=1



### 35.2 AUXILIARY PROPORTIONAL OUTPUT: INVERSE ACTION

US46=0





<b>US 22</b>	Auxiliary proportional output n° 1 operating mode 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
<b>US 23</b>	Analogue input configuration for auxiliary control 1 Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls output	1	10		
<b>US 24</b>	Analog output 1 summer minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US26	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 25</b>	Analog output 1 summer maximum set point	US26	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 26</b>	Analog output 1 summer set point	US24	US25	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 27</b>	Analog output 1 winter minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US29	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 28</b>	Analog output 1 winter maximum set point	US29	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 29</b>	Analog output 1 winter set point	US27	US28	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 30</b>	Analog output 1 summer differential	0.0 0 0.0 0	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 31</b>	Analog output 1 winter differential	0.0 0 0.0 0	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 32</b>	Analog output 1 minimum value	0	US33	%	
<b>US 33</b>	Analog output 1 maximum value	US32	100	%	
<b>US 34</b>	Auxiliary proportional output n° 2 operating mode 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
<b>US 35</b>	Analogue input configuration for auxiliary 2 control Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls output	1	10		

<b>US 36</b>	Analog output 2 summer minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US38	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 37</b>	Analog output 2 summer maximum set point		US38 70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 38</b>	Analog output 2 summer set point		US36 US37	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 39</b>	Analog output 2 winter minimum set point	-30.0 -22 0.0 0	US41	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 40</b>	Analog output 2 winter maximum set point		US41 70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 41</b>	Analog output 2 winter set point		US39 US40	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 42</b>	Analog output 2 summer differential	0.0 0 0.0 0	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 43</b>	Analog output 2 winter differential	0.0 0 0.0 0	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 44</b>	Analog output 2 minimum value	0	US45	%	
<b>US 45</b>	Analog output 2 maximum value	US44	100	%	
<b>US 46</b>	Operation mode under minimum value	0	1		
...					
<b>US 63</b>	AUX 1 analog output operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		
<b>US 64</b>	AUX 2 analog output operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		

## 36. PROBE SELECTION FOR REGULATION WITH SELECTABLE PROBE

For some regulators it is possible to select the reference probe; in this case select the probe as showed below:

- 0 Not used
- 1 Pb1 of Ichill
- 2 Pb2 of Ichill
- 3 Pb3 of Ichill
- 4 Pb4 of Ichill
- 5 Pb5 of Ichill
- 6 Pb6 of Ichill
- 7 Pb7 of Ichill
- 8 Pb8 of Ichill
- 9 probe mounted in remote keyboard 1 (VI622)
- 10 probe mounted in remote keyboard 2 (VI622)
- 11 Pb1 of I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 12 Pb2 of I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 13 Pb3 of I/O expansion module I/O (ICX207D)

- 14 Pb4 of I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 15 Pb5 of I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 16 Pb6 of I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 17 Pb7 of I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 18 Pb8 of I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 19 Pb1 of electronic expansion valve 1 (IEV)
- 20 Pb2 of electronic expansion valve 1 (IEV)
- 21 Pb3 of electronic expansion valve 1 (IEV)
- 22 Pb4 of electronic expansion valve 1 (IEV)

## 37. DEFROST CYCLE

The following conditions are mandatory to enable the defrost:

- The IChill has to be configured as Heat pump unit
- DF01>0 (defrost enabled)

**dF01** Defrost configuration:

0= Not enabled

1= Start and stop for temperature / pressure

2= Start depends on probe selected by par. dF24 and stop for time duration (dF05)

3= Start depends on probe selected by par. dF24 and stop for external contact


4= Defrost only with condenser fan

5= Start from digital input and stop on probe selected by par. dF24

### 37.1 AUTOMATIC DEFROST PROCEDURE

#### Phase 1

When the condenser temperature/pressure or evaporating pressure falls below dF02 and at least one compressor is ON, the delay between two defrost dF09 starts counting.

The display of the keyboard shows the symbol  blinking.

dF09 counter is reloaded in case of power down, after a defrost cycle, when the IChill changes the operation mode (from heat pump to chiller) or when the IChill is in STD-BY or remote OFF.

dF09 counter is stopped if the last compressor of the circuit is turned off or if the pressure-temperature of the condensing-evaporating probe increases over dF02.

#### Phase 2

When dF09 counter is elapsed the defrost procedure starts.

If one digital input is configured as "end defrost" is active, the unit waits until the contact is de-activated.

If one probe is configured as combined defrost:

- If the combined defrost probe of the 1<sup>st</sup> circuit is lower than dF10 and/or the combined defrost probe of the circuit 2 is lower than dF12, the process proceeds to phase 3.
- If the combined defrost probe of the 1<sup>st</sup> circuit is higher than dF10 and/or the combined defrost probe of the circuit 2 is higher than dF12, the process doesn't proceed to phase 3

#### Phase 3

If dF07=0 the reversing valve is activated without stopping any compressor and the defrost cycle is immediately activated.

If dF07>0:

1. Compressors are turned off
2. After dF07 / 2 the reversing valve is activated;
3. After dF07 / 2 the compressor is activated; if dF14=1 and / or dF15=1 all the compressors are activated (with a delay of dF16).

#### Phase 4

Defrost ON

Condenser fan management:

- If dF17=0: condenser fans are always off;
- If dF17=1: condenser fans start if the condensing temperature-pressure value is higher than dF18 and the regulation is the standard chiller regulation.



## **ATTENTION**

The condenser fan is controlled by the condensing probe even if the evaporator probe is present and configured.

The phase 4 lasts at least dF04 time; phase 4 ends:

1. If dF01=1:
  - the combined probe is higher than dF11 of the 1<sup>st</sup> circuit;
  - the combined probe is higher than dF13 of the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit;
  - when the condensing temperature/pressure is higher than dF03
2. If dF401=2: when dF05 counter is elapsed
3. If dF01=3: when the digital input configured as end defrost is deactivated

## **PHASE 5**

If dF08 = 0 the reversing valve is switched without stopping the compressors and the defrost ends.

If dF08 > 0:

1. All the compressors are switched off
2. After dF08 / 2 reversing valve is de-activated
3. After dF08 / 2 the heat pump regulation can restart

## **37.2 END OF DEFROST FOR MAXIMUM TIME**

If the defrost ends for maximum time and not for achievement of the conditions of end defrost, a specific alarm is signalled (b1dF or b2dF appears on the display).

AL88 parameter sets the maximum number of alarms:

- if the number of alarms is lower than AL88, the alarm reset is automatic and does not affect the normal regulation
- if the number of alarms reaches AL88, the alarm reset is manual and the affected circuit is locked

## **37.3 OTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE DEFROST**

If the unit is configured with one condenser FA05=0, the defrost of the two circuits starts at the same time.

### **ATTENTION**

Before starting the 3<sup>rd</sup> phase, the dF06 counting, time delay between two circuits defrost, must be expired.

If the defrost ends because of the dF05 counting (Maximum defrost time) and the dF02 configuration or with the end defrost contact, the bottom display will show, alternated with the normal measurement value, the label **b1dF** (circuit #1) or **b2dF** (circuit #2) labels to indicate the defrost end alarms.

## **37.4 FORCED DEFROST**

The function is enabled if the parameter dF19>0. It allows to make a forced defrost cycle even if the dF09 timeout counting is not expired, when the condensing/evaporating temperature/pressure is lower than dF20 setpoint for the dF19 time counting.

If during the dF19 time counting the condensing/evaporating temperature/pressure rises above the value dF20+dF21 (set+differential) the function is disabled and the tF19 time is reloaded.

**ATTENTION**: the forced defrost is not related to the dF09 /dF06 delay times, therefore the forced defrost cycle, if condition are OK, is immediately executed.

## **37.5 COMBINED DEFROST**

The function is enabled if one of the digital input is configured as NTC temperature for combined defrost of the 1st or 2nd circuit. This probe detects the external air temperature of the condenser (evaporator in heat pump) and its temperature value determines the start and the stop of the defrost cycle.

Description:

The defrost count-down starts when the temperature/pressure of the probe, configured as condensing/evaporating circuit 1 or 2 probe, is lower than dF02 parameter.


After the dF09 counting the instruments checks the temperature probe value (configured as combined defrost circuit 1 or 2) and if it is lower than dF10 (temperature setpoint to start the defrost of the circuit 1) or dF12 (temperature setpoint to start the defrost of the circuit 2) the defrost cycle starts, otherwise the unit still runs in heat pump mode.

When the temperature decreases under the dF10 or dF12 values the defrost immediately start.

The defrost ends when the NTC combined defrost probe 1 or 2 increases over dF11 (circuit1) or dF13 (circuit2).

### 37.6 MANUAL DEFROST

The manual defrost key function is enabled if the unit is on with at least one compressor running. The defrost start temperature/pressure of the controlled probe must be lower than dF02 setpoint value while if the combined defrost is active the detected temperature must be lower than dF10 or dF12.

At this point by pushing  key in the “Defrost status of the circuit” visualization, the defrost starts.

**ATTENTION:** the manual defrost is not related to the dF09 /dF06 delay times, therefore the forced defrost cycle, if condition are OK, is immediately executed for both circuits.

### 37.7 DEFROST IN UNIT WITH TWO CIRCUITS

#### 37.7.1 Start defrost in unit with common condenser

Parameter involved: dF22

0= Independent

1= Only if both circuit conditions are satisfied

2= At least one circuit condition is satisfied

#### 37.7.2 End defrost in unit with two condenser

Parameter involved: dF23

0= Independent

1= Both circuits have reached the conditions to stop the defrost

2= At least one circuit has reached the end defrost condition

#### Common condensation: possible configuration

Parametri	dF23=0	dF23=1	dF23=2
dF22=0	not possible (ACF1)	not possible (ACF1)	not possible (ACF1)
dF22=1	not possible (ACF1)	YES	YES
dF22=2	not possible (ACF1)	YES	not possible (ACF1)

#### Separate condensation: possible configuration

Parameter	dF23=0	dF23=1	dF23=2
dF22=0	YES	not possible (ACF1)	not possible (ACF1)
dF22=1	YES	YES	YES
dF22=2	not possible (ACF1)	YES	not possible (ACF1)

#### **ATTENTION:**

The configuration error ACF1 is displayed if the parameter value of dF22 and dF23 is not permitted. For only one condensing unit the dF22 and dF23 values must be not equal to 0.

### 37.8 DEFROST WITH CONDENSER FAN PROCEDURE

#### DEFROST WITH CONDENSER FANS

If dF01 = 4 defrost is activated only through the condenser fans.

If the temperature detected by the probe configured as external air temperature > dF26, instead of reverse the cycle, the compressor is stopped and is activated the condenser fan.

The defrost ends:

- If the combined defrost is ON, for temperature or max time
- If only NTC probes are configured, for temperature or max time
- If only pressure probes are configured, for max time

**ATTENTION:**

also if the defrost through condenser fan is activated, if the external temperature < dF26, the defrost is through hot gas (compressor ON).

If dF17 = 2 during dripping time (dF08 if different from 0) the ventilation is forced for the time set on dF08 only if the temperature detected by the probe configured as external temperature is > of the Par. dF26 value.

**ATTENTION:**

With defrost with only ventilation enabled the forced defrost is always with hot gas.

### 37.9 DEFROST PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

**ATTENTION IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO DO MODIFY THE dF PARAMETERS WHEN THE DEROST CYCLE IS RUNNING.**

**dF01** Defrost mode

0 = Defrost not enabled;

1 = Temperature/pressure defrost. The dF09 "Time delay to defrost" starts to decrease when the temperature/pressure decreases under the dF02 setpoint.

The defrost ends when pressure/temperature reaches the end defrost temperature/pressure.

2 = Time duration defrost. The dF09, time delay to the defrost, starts when the temperature decreases under the dF02 setpoint (see start probe par. dF24). The defrost cycle ends after dF05 minutes.

3 = Defrost starts when the temperature/pressure decreases under the dF02 setpoint (see start probe par. dF24) and stops when the digital input configured as "digital input to start defrost" is active. The delay dF09 "Time delay to defrost" starts when the temperature decreases under the dF02 set point. The Defrost cycle ends when the digital input is active.

4 = Defrost with condenser fan

5= Defrost starts if the digital input configured as "digital input to start defrost" is active and ends when pressure/temperature reaches the end defrost temperature/pressure.

**dF02** Temperature / pressure to begin the time counting to next defrost.

It allows to program a setpoint under which the dF09 starts counting.

**dF03** Temperature / pressure to end the defrost.

It allows to program a temperature/pressure setpoint value to determines the end of the defrost when the probe value is rising.

**dF04** Minimum duration of the defrost

It determines the minimum defrost time duration after starting the defrost itself even if the conditions are not more satisfied.

**dF05** Maximum duration of the defrost

If dF01=2, it determines the maximum duration of the defrost and even if, for the other cases, the end defrost condition are still to be satisfied.

**dF06** defrost delay time between the 1<sup>st</sup> and the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit.

After the interval dF09 determined by the defrost request of one of the circuits the other 2<sup>nd</sup> circuits must wait also the time dF06 before defrosting.

**dF07** Compressor off time before the defrost (the led of the compressor is blinking)

After the dF09 delay and before activating the defrost, the compressors are stopped for the dF07 time.

Exactly in the middle of the dF07 time the 4-way valve is activated to equalise the pressure of the unit and when dF07 is completely expired the compressors and the defrost can start.

This procedure does not respect the compressor on delay protection therefore the compressor is immediately turned off and then on. If dF07 = 0 the compressor is not stopped and the 4-way valve is immediately turned.

**dF08** Compressor off time after the defrost (the led of the compressor is blinking)

After the defrost cycle the compressors are stopped for the dF08 time.

Exactly in the middle of the dF07 time the 4-way valve is activated to equalise the pressure of the unit and to drain the external exchange unit, when dF08 is completely expired the unit restart in heat pump mode.

This procedure does not respect the compressor on delay protection therefore the compressor is immediately turned off and then on. If dF08 = 0 the compressor is not stopped and the 4-way valve is immediately turned.

**DF09** Delay time to next defrost

It starts when the condensing/evaporating temperature/pressure probe value is lower than dF02 setpoint.

This time is reloaded if the power supply fails, after a defrost cycle or from a digital input request of defrost.

The time counting is interrupted if the compressor is turned off or if the temperature/pressure is higher then dF02.

**dF10** Temperature setpoint to start a combined defrost of the circuit #1.

It allows to set a temperature value to determines the beginning of a combined defrost.

After the dF09 counting the NTC probe of the combined defrost of the circuit #1 is compared to the dF10 setpoint, if the value is lower the defrost starts otherwise the unit runs in heat pump mode and when the temperature decreases under dF10 the defrost immediately starts.

**dF11** Temperature setpoint to end a combined defrost of the circuit #1.

It allows to set a temperature value to determine the end of a combined defrost.

When the NTC probe of the combined defrost of the circuit #1 becomes higher than dF10 setpoint the defrost cycle stops.

**dF12** Temperature setpoint to start a combined defrost of the circuit #2.

It allows to set a temperature value to determine the beginning of a combined defrost.

After the dF09 counting the NTC probe of the combined defrost of the circuit #2 is compared to the dF12 setpoint, if the value is lower the defrost starts otherwise the unit runs in heat pump mode and when the temperature decreases under dF12 the defrost immediately starts.

**dF13** Temperature setpoint to end a combined defrost of the circuit #2.

It allows to set a temperature value to determine the end of a combined defrost.

When the NTC probe of the combined defrost of the circuit #2 becomes higher than dF13 setpoint the defrost cycle stops.

**dF14** All the resources on during the defrost of the circuit #1

0= Not enabled

1= Enabled

**dF15** All the resources on during the defrost of the circuit #2

0= Not enabled

1= Enabled

**dF16** Compressor step delay time in defrost.

**dF17** Condensing fan control during defrost and dripping cycle

0= Not enabled

1 = Enabled in defrost

2= Enabled in defrost and in dripping time

If dF17 = 0: During the defrost the fan control is not active.

If dF17 = 1: when the condensing temperature/pressure value increases over dF18 the fans are turned on. the fan control is determined by the same algorithm used in chiller mode.

If dF17 = 2: during the dripping time (dF08 <>0) the fan are turned on for the time duration set in dF08 .

**dF18** Pressure / temperature setpoint to force the fans on during the defrost

When the temperature/pressure rises over this value the fan are turned on at the maximum speed.

**dF19** Time delay before starting a forced defrost

It determines a delay time before starting the defrost cycle

**dF20** Temperature / pressure setpoint to force a defrost

It determines a temperature/pressure setpoint under which the dF19 starts counting, when dF19 is expired if the temperature/pressure is still lower than dF20 the defrost is immediately executed.

ATTENTION If during the dF19 counting the temperature rises over dF20+dF21(differential) the process is aborted and the dF19 time reloaded.

**dF21** Forced defrost differential

**dF22** defrost mode for unit with two circuits

Operative mode:

0= Independent

1= The condition are satisfied in both circuits

2= At least one circuit has reached the start condition

**dF23** It determines the end of the defrost for unit having two circuit and common condensing ventilation

Operative mode:

0= Independent

1= The end defrost condition are satisfied In both circuits

2= At least one circuit has reached the end defrost condition

**dF24** Start / stop defrost probe

Start / stop defrost from analog input

0= start and stop with condenser temperatur / pressure probe

1= start with evaporator pressure probe / stop with condenser temperatur / pressure probe

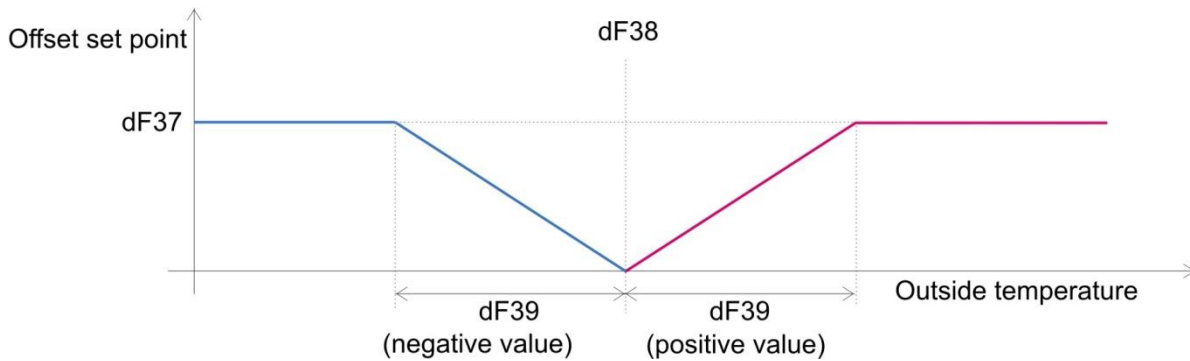
2= start with condenser temperatur / pressure probe / stop with evaporator pressure probe

3= start and stop with evaporator pressure probe

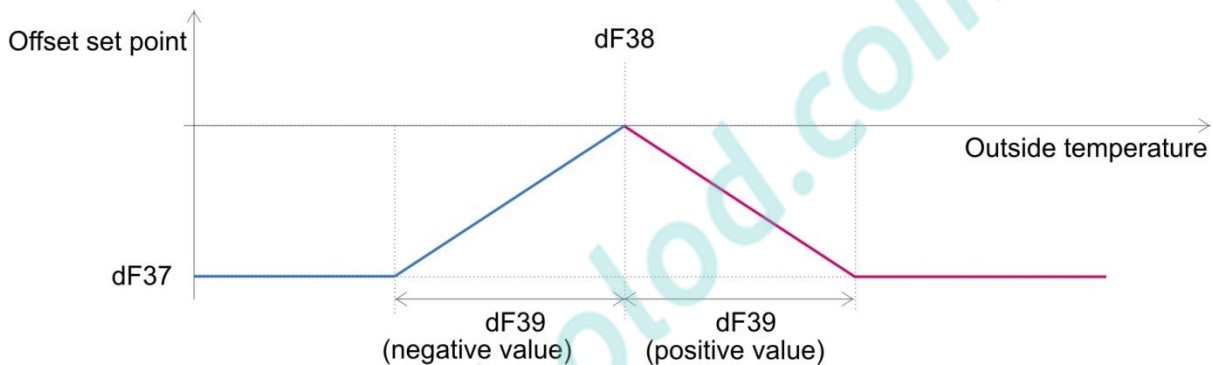
## 37.10 DEFROST DYNAMIC SET POINT

It is possible to modify the start defrost set point according to outside temperature.

Offset set point if dF37>0



Offset set point if  $dF37 < 0$



## 38. PRODUCTION OF DOMESTIC HOT WATER

The domestic hot water production is enabled when the machine is switched on and disabled if the machine is OFF or in STAND-BY.

The controller has to be configured to manage the heat pump (not only chiller).


The lchill has to be configured for the proportional regulation ( $St11=0$ ) and not in neutral zone.

In case of machine with valve 1 and valve 2 in gas circuit and cooling and domestic hot water active at the same time, the number of compressors to use is determined by CO78 parameter.

Two temperature probes need to be configured when the function is enabled:

- Probe 1: it is used to determine the temperature of the domestic hot water
- Probe 2: it can be used to stop the domestic hot water production for high temperature. As an alternative to Probe 2 it is possible to choose another probe setting FS48 parameter.

Configurable proportional band and set-point are used to regulate the production of domestic hot water;

when the domestic hot water function is enabled, you will see  symbol lighted on the display.

The production of domestic hot water can only be requested when the temperature detected by Probe n°1 is below the FS03 set-point – band FS04; all the compressors are called into action when the function is enabled.

The domestic hot water set-point can be viewed and modified on the display by pressing the SET button.

It is possible to set a minimum temperature under which the domestic hot water heaters are switched on (low temperature protection).

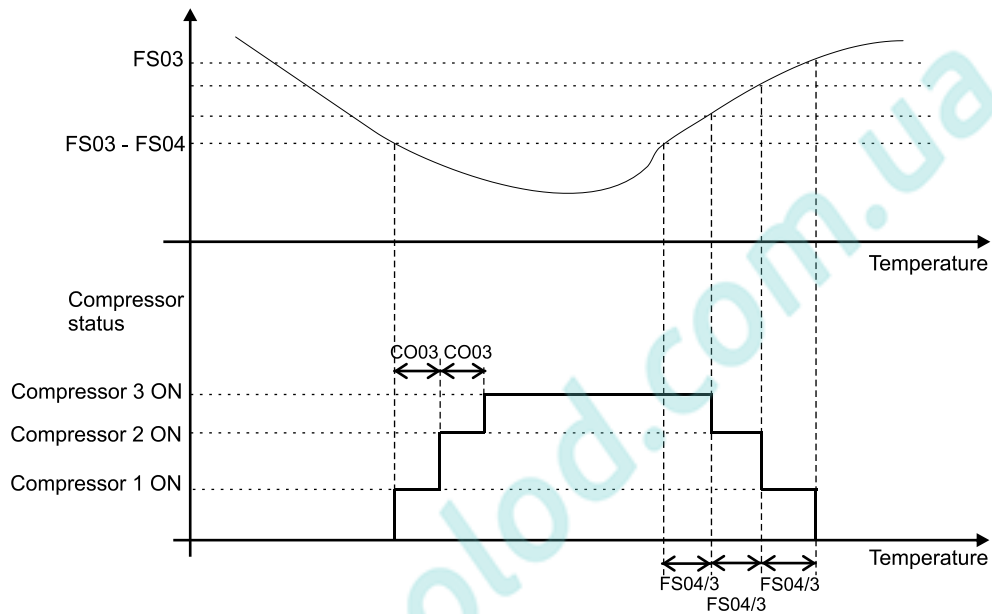
It is possible to use a second domestic hot water set point by time schedule (parameters ES19..ES33, internal clock is necessary) or by digital input (opportunely configured).

Inside the time band or when the digital input is active, to the set point is applied an offset determined by ES32 parameter and the new differential is ES33.

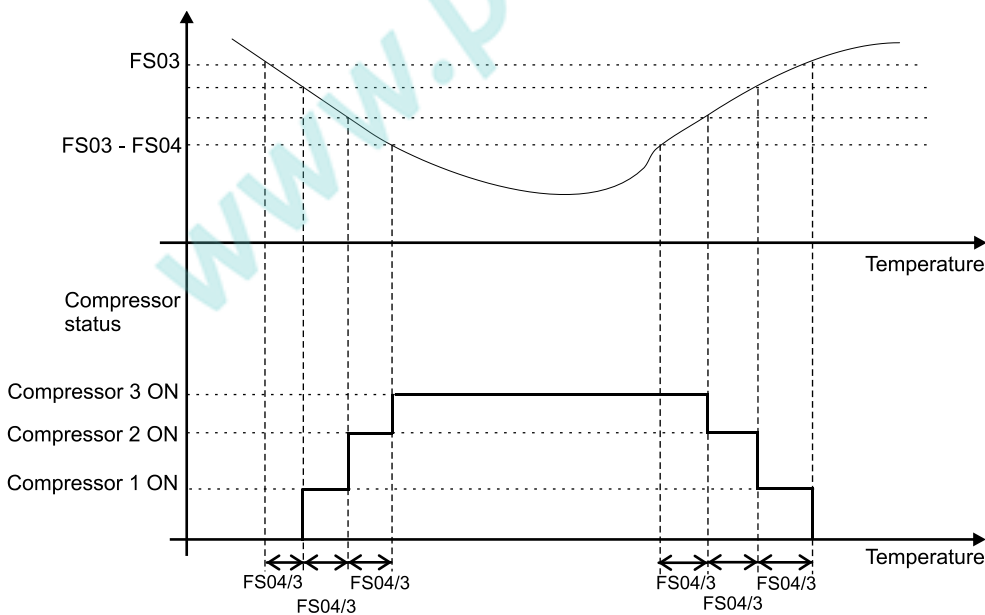
Compressors regulation:

- FS49=0 the compressors are switched on when domestic hot temperature < FS03 (domestic hot water set point) – FS04 (proportional band); all the compressors are switched on with a delay of CO03 seconds each other
- FS49=1 the proportional band is divided by the number of compressors; at every step (proportional band/number of compressors) a compressor will be switched on

- FS49=0 Example for machine with 3 compressors



- FS49=1 Example for machine with 3 compressors



**Domestic hot water heaters:**

Domestic hot water is produced using mainly the compressors; the domestic hot water heaters are only used to produce domestic hot water if one or more compressors are not available for regulation (due to an alarm

of a compressor, activation of the unloading function,..) or if the domestic hot water set-point is not reached within a configured timeframe (described in greater detail below).

The FS08 parameter allows you to determine if the domestic hot water heaters can be used when a compressor is not available.

When the domestic hot water heaters are activated, the regulation band is divided according to the number of compressors and domestic hot water heaters available (see figure below).

### Max time for reaching the domestic hot water set-point

A counter determines the maximum time for reaching the domestic hot water set-point as from the moment the production of domestic hot water is requested; once this time has elapsed (parameter FS09) there are 2 options:

- If FS07=0, enable all the compressors (if not already enabled)
- If FS07=1, enable all the compressors and all the heating elements

After all the available steps (compressors and heaters) have been enabled, they remain activated until the domestic hot water set-point has been reached. At which point the heating elements are switched off immediately, while the compressors are switched off in order, with a CO03 delay between each one.

In the event of domestic hot water probe 1 faulty (the domestic hot water regulation probe), the domestic hot water function is stopped and disabled; the controller will regulate normally in chiller or heat pump mode.

In the event of domestic hot water probe 2 faulty (not involved in the regulation), the alarm is signalled without affecting heat regulation in any way; domestic hot water will continue to be produced normally even if the display probe is not working properly.

If there is an error with the heat regulation probe (for the chiller or heat pump) during production of domestic hot water, the machine will continue to operate but the regulation of the chiller or heat pump is disabled and domestic hot water continues to be produced.

## 38.1 ANTI-LEGIONELLA FUNCTION

The FS12 parameter allows you to enable the anti-legionella function.

- **FS12=0** intervals between two anti-legionella cycles; the process will have to be repeated after the FS13 time since the last anti-legionella production procedure was carried out. The counter continues to operate, regardless of whether the machine is on or off or in standby; if the power is OFF, the value of the counter is recorded and then continued when the machine is next started up.
- **FS12=1** time-bands; Ichill with internal real time clock is required (you need to configure the day of activation FS18 and the start time FS17).
- **FS12=2** daily time band (start time FS17 is needed)

To disable the function is necessary to configure FS12=0 and FS13=0 or FS12=1 and FS18=0 or FS12=2 and FS17=0:00.

The function is enabled when the machine is ON. If the request for an anti-legionella cycle is made when the machine is switched off, the cycle will start immediately when the machine is next switched on and the priority is given to anti-legionella cycle.

If instead heat regulation is prioritized, the anti-legionella cycle will run when the chiller/heat pump set-point is reached.

The function must remain active for the minimum time configured with parameter FS19 (activated when the temperature of the domestic hot water reaches the anti-legionella set-point) and can last a maximum of FS29 minutes.

If FS02=0 the Anti-legionella cycle starts when cooling/heating set point is reached.

If the legionella cycle ends for maximum time and not to have achieved and maintained the set point for the time needed, ALEG alarm is generated (registered in the alarm log); the alarm has no effect on regulation and it is only a warning.

If the cycle ends because of alarms, defrost, OFF machine, etc., the alarm is generated and the legionella request is maintained (when the alarm is reset, the legionella cycle starts).

## Compressors and domestic hot water heaters in Anti-legionella cycle

### FS46=0 Compressors and heaters used at the same time in Anti-legionella cycle

When the anti-legionella cycle is active, all the compressors and heating elements configured for the domestic hot water are switched on; once the set-point (FS14) is reached, the compressors are switched off (delayed of CO04 time) while the heating elements are switched off when the the set-point (FS14) + band (FS20) is reached.

The anti-legionella cycle is enabled for FS19 time; during this time the machine works to maintain the anti-legionella set point.

The Anti-legionella cycle lasts maximum FS29 minutes.

It is possible to switch off the compressors if the domestic hot water temperature reaches FS50 temperature. At the end of this procedure, the controller returns to the production of domestic hot water or normal heating/cooling regulation.

If the FS02 parameter (operating priority) gives priority to heating/cooling regulation and the production of anti-legionella needs to be enabled, then the heat regulation set-point has to be reached beforehand.

The anti-legionella cycle has to end before heating/cooling regulation can start, even if the FS02 parameter gives the priority to heating/cooling regulation.

### FS46=1 First compressors then heaters are used in Anti-legionella cycle

At first the compressors are switched on; when FS50 set point is reached, all the compressors are switched off and domestic hot water heaters are switched on to reach the Anti-legionella set point (FS14) + band (FS20).

Once reached, the instrument works to maintain the set point for FS19 time; if water temperature falls down below FS14 the heaters are switched on and if falls down below FS 50 compressors are switched on.

The Anti-legionella cycle lasts maximum FS29 minutes.

### FS46=2 Only heaters are used in Anti-legionella cycle

Only domestic hot water heaters are used in the Anti-legionella cycle (compressors off); when FS14 + FS20 temperature is reached the heaters are switched off.

Once reached the set point, the instrument works to maintain the set point for FS19 time; the Anti-legionella cycle lasts maximum FS29 minutes.

### FS46=3 Only compressors are used in Anti-legionella cycle

Only compressors are used in the Anti-legionella cycle (heaters off); when FS14 + FS20 temperature is reached the compressors are switched off.

Once reached the set point, the instrument works to maintain the set point for FS19 time; the Anti-legionella cycle lasts maximum FS29 minutes.

### Priority management (domestic hot water or heating/cooling)

**If FS02 =0**, priority is given to the production of chilled/hot water; domestic hot water is produced once the chiller/heat pump requests has been satisfied.

The production of anti-legionella is stopped in case of chiller/heat pump requests.

**If FS02=1**, priority is given to the production of domestic hot water (or anti-legionella). Chilled water or hot water can be produced once the need for domestic hot water has been satisfied (if required).

**If FS02=2**, if the digital input configured as “Domestic hot water priority” is active, the priority is given to the production of domestic hot water.

If defrosting is required, this takes priority over the production of domestic hot water or anti-legionella even if FS02=1.

## 38.2 WATER PUMPS MANAGEMENT

The domestic hot water pump is managed in domestic hot water regulation or during the anti-legionella cycle.

Evaporator water pump:

- if CO16=1 (evaporator water pump always on), also in domestic hot water regulation the water pump is ON. If the machine is forced to work only in domestic hot water (digital input “only domestic hot water” is active), the evaporator water pump is:



- OFF if FS47=1
  - ON if FS47=0
- if CO16=2 (evaporator water pump on if at least a compressor is on), the parameter FS47 allows to choose if the water pump is on or off in case of domestic hot water production. If the machine has the domestic hot water valves placed in the gas circuit, in case of contemporary cooling and domestic hot water production, the evaporator water pump is on.

If only one water pump is needed for cooling, heating and domestic hot water, the evaporator water pump has to be configured.

### Management of the domestic hot water pump

The domestic hot water pump can be turned on continuously (also when the device is on cooling or heating regulation) or activated only during the production of hot water and during the cycle of legionella as described in the following paragraphs.

In the case in which the domestic hot water pump is turned on during the production of domestic hot water, the timing of are the following:

- OUT 1 and OUT 2 outputs switching with the delay of FS27 seconds from pump switching on
- the water pump switching off occurs with the delay of FS28 seconds from OUT 1 and OUT 2 outputs switching.

The domestic hot water flow switch is managed by parameters AL65 ...68.

### Domestic hot water flow switch, solar panel flow switch and overload domestic hot water pump.

It is possible to enable the domestic hot water flow switch by setting appropriately parameters AL65..AL68. It is possible to enable the solar panel flow switch by setting appropriately parameters AL69..AL72.

If domestic hot water flow switch or domestic hot water pump overload is active, domestic hot water regulation is disabled; heating and cooling regulation proceed normally.

If solar panel flow switch is active, solar panel regulation is disabled; heating and cooling regulation proceed normally.

## 38.3 DOMESTIC HOT WATER SECOND SET POINT

The domestic hot water second set point can be enabled by time bands (ES19..ES33 parameters) or digital input properly configured.

In case of domestic hot water second set point enabled by time bands, the IChill must have internal clock.

Par. ES25 – ES31	0= Function disabled 1= 1 <sup>st</sup> period enabled 2= 2 <sup>nd</sup> period enabled 3= 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> periods enabled 4= 3 <sup>rd</sup> period enabled 5= 1 <sup>st</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> periods enabled 6= 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> periods enabled 7= 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> periods enabled
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Inside the time band or when the digital input is active to the domestic hot water set point is applied an offset (parameter ES32) and the new differential for the regulation is ES33.

## **38.4 DOMESTIC HOT WATER PRODUCTION: VALVES IN WATER CIRCUIT \_\_\_\_ FS01=1 (AIR/WATER, WATER/WATER UNIT)**

### **38.4.1 - Domestic hot water operation when the unit is producing hot water**

When domestic hot water production is required (and it has priority), the sequence of operation is the following:

- the domestic hot water pump is switched on
- after a delay of FS27 seconds, domestic hot water valve 1 is switched on
- after a delay of FS10 seconds the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off

Domestic hot water is produced until the FS03 set-point is reached.

Once the domestic hot water set-point is reached, the sequence of operation is the following:

- domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
- after a delay of FS10 seconds the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water circulation pump is switched off

Condenser fans are managed normally.

### **The defrost takes priority over the production of domestic hot water.**

If the controller determines the need for a defrosting cycle during the production of domestic hot water, the chiller stops the domestic hot water operation to activate the defrost procedure:

- all compressors and heaters are stopped
- the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water pump is switched off

The defrost can now start as per the normal procedure.

At the end of the defrosting cycle:

- If there is a need to produce domestic hot water, the compressors and any heating elements will be switched on. After the dF07/2 delay from the end of the dripping phase, domestic hot water valve 1 is switched on and, after the FS10 delay, domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off.
- If there is no need to produce domestic hot water, the controller continues with normal heat regulation.

### **38.4.2 - Domestic hot water operation when the unit is producing cold water**

When the production of domestic hot water is required (and it has priority), it is necessary to reverse the cycle as follows:

- the compressors are switched off
- after the dF07/2 delay the 4-way valve status is reversed
- after dF07/2 the compressors are switched on
- after a delay of FS27 seconds valve 1 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off

The production of domestic hot water stops once the set-point is reached and it will be possible to return to produce cold water (if needed):

- the compressors are switched off
- the valve 2 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water circulation pump is switched off
- after a delay of dF08/2 the 4-way valve status is reversed
- after a delay of dF08/2 the compressors are switched on as per normal if required by the chiller regulator

## **38.5 DOMESTIC HOT WATER PRODUCTION: VALVES IN GAS CIRCUIT \_\_\_ FS01=2 (AIR/WATER, WATER/WATER UNIT)**

### **38.5.1 Domestic hot water operation when the unit is producing hot water**

When domestic hot water production is required (and it has priority), the sequence of operation is the following:

- the domestic hot water pump is switched on
- after a delay of FS27 seconds the valve 1 is activated
- after a delay of FS10 seconds the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off

Domestic hot water is produced until the FS03 set-point is reached.

Once the domestic hot water set-point is reached:

- domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
- after a delay of FS10 seconds the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water circulation pump is switched off

Condenser fans are managed normally.

### **The defrost takes priority over the production of domestic hot water.**

If the controller determines the need for a defrosting cycle during the production of domestic hot water, the chiller stops the domestic hot water operation to activate the defrost procedure:

- all compressors and heaters are stopped
- the valve 2 is activated
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water pump is switched off

The defrost can now start as per the normal procedure.

At the end of the defrosting cycle:

- If there is a need to produce domestic hot water, the compressors and any heating elements will be switched on. After the FS11 delay from the end of the dripping phase, domestic hot water valve 1 is enabled and, after the FS10 delay, domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off.
- If there is no need to produce domestic hot water, the controller continues with normal heat regulation.

### **38.5.2 - Domestic hot water operation when the unit is producing cold water**

When the production of hot domestic hot water is required, the sequence of operation is different and depend on the status of the compressors:

#### **a) One or more compressors are switched on for production of chilled water**

If the production of domestic hot water is required during operation in chiller mode:

- the domestic hot water circulation pump is switched on
- after a delay of FS27 seconds the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off

The following two cases could occur during the production of domestic hot water:

- The domestic hot water set-point is reached when the chiller is working (the chiller set-point is not reached):
  - the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
  - after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
  - after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water circulation pump is switched off

At the end of this phase, if necessary, the machine continues to regulate in chiller mode.

- The regulation temperature reaches the chiller set-point (parameter ST01) and the domestic hot water production is working:
  - the domestic hot water circulation pump stays on
  - the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
  - after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 1 and the compressors are switched off
  - after the DF07/2 delay the 4-way valve status is reversed
  - after dF07/2 the compressors are switched on again to produce hot domestic hot water

- after the FS11 delay from the 4-way valve switching, the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off

Once the domestic hot water set-point is reached:

- the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- after FS28 seconds the domestic hot water circulation pump and the compressors are switched off
- after the dF08/2 delay the status of the 4-way valve is reversed

If the domestic hot water production is working and the temperature detected by the chiller regulation probe is greater than ST01+ST07 (cold water required), the sequence of operation is the following:

- the domestic hot water pump will remain on
- the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- the compressors are switched off
- after the DF08/2 delay the 4-way valve status is reversed
- after a delay of dF08/2 the compressors are switched on to produce chilled water and domestic hot water

When the domestic hot water set-point is reached:

- domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched off
- after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water circulation pump is switched off

#### b) None of the compressors are switched on for the production of chilled water

In this case, the cycle is reversed as follows:

- the 4-way valve status is reversed
- after dF07/2 the compressors are switched on
- the domestic hot water pump switches on after the FS11 delay from start-up of the compressors
- after a delay of FS27 seconds the domestic hot water valve 1 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched off.

Once the domestic hot water set-point is reached, the sequence of operation is the following:

- the domestic hot water valve 2 is switched on
- after the FS10 delay the domestic hot water valve 1 and the compressors are switched off
- after a delay of FS28 seconds the domestic hot water circulation pump is switched off
- after the DF07/2 delay the 4-way valve status is reversed and normal regulation is restored.

If chilled water is required during the production of domestic hot water, operation is the same as in the previous case.

## 39. SOLAR PANEL MANAGEMENT

Though appropriate configuration of FS55 and FS56 parameters is possible to use the solar panel in heating or for domestic hot water production.

The solar panel is managed through the valve and water pump control; their status depend from:

- solar panel temperature
- regulation probe (typically heating regulation probe or domestic hot water regulation probe); this probe is defined in FS57 and FS58 parameters

### 39.1 SOLAR PANEL IN DOMESTIC HOT WATER

- **Compressors and solar panel in integration to domestic hot water (FS55=1):**

If:

solar panel temperature – domestic hot water temperature > FS59 (Dt to enable solar panel in domestic hot water)

the solar panel are enabled to work; domestic hot water probe is defined by FS57 parameter (it is possible to set another probe, if needed).

Compressors are normally managed by domestic hot water temperature and domestic hot water set point.

- if domestic hot water temperature < FS23-FS24, the valve of the solar panel is open and the water pump is on
- if domestic hot water temperature > FS23, , the valve of the solar panel is close and the water pump is off

- **Solar panel in heating mode (FS55=2)**

If:

solar panel temperature – domestic hot water temperature > FS59 (Dt to enable solar panel in domestic hot water)

the solar panel are enabled to work; domestic hot water probe is defined by FS57 parameter (it is possible to set another probe, if needed).

At first compressors are not used for domestic hot water.

It is possible to set a maximum time to use solar panel (FS61); when this time is elapsed and domestic hot water set point is not reached, the solar panel are disabled and compressors are switched on.

The domestic hot water pump runs when solar panel are enabled.

In regulation, if

solar panel temperature – domestic hot water temperature < FS59

the solar panel are disabled and the hot domestic hot water is done by compressors.

Dt control is done only at the time of the request of domestic hot water; at this moment, if Dt < FS59 the solar panel are not used and compressors are used for heating.

## 39.2 SOLAR PANEL IN HEATING MODE

- **Solar panel in integration mode (FS56=1)**

If:

solar panel temperature – heating temperature > FS60 (Dt to enable solar panel in heating)

the solar panel are enabled to work (valve is open and water pump on); heating probe is defined by FS58 parameter (it is possible to set another probe, if needed).

Compressors are normally managed by heating regulation.

- **Solar panel in Heating (FS56=2)**

If:

solar panel temperature – heating temperature > FS60 (Dt to enable solar panel in heating)

the solar panel are enabled to work; heating probe is defined by FS58 parameter (it is possible to set another probe, if needed).

At first compressors are not used for heating.

It is possible to set a maximum time to use solar panel (FS61); when this time is elapsed and domestic hot water set point is not reached, the solar panel are disabled and compressors are switched on.

In regulation, if

solar panel temperature – heating temperature < FS60

the solar panel are disabled and the heating is done by compressors.

Dt control is done only at the time of the request of heating; if Dt < FS60 the solar panel are not used and compressors are used for heating.

## 40. UNIT WITH HYBRID EXCHANGERS (AIR / WATER UNIT)

The parameter CF75=1 enables this function.

This unit manages two exchangers by relay:

- Hybrid exchanger 1
- Hybrid exchanger 2

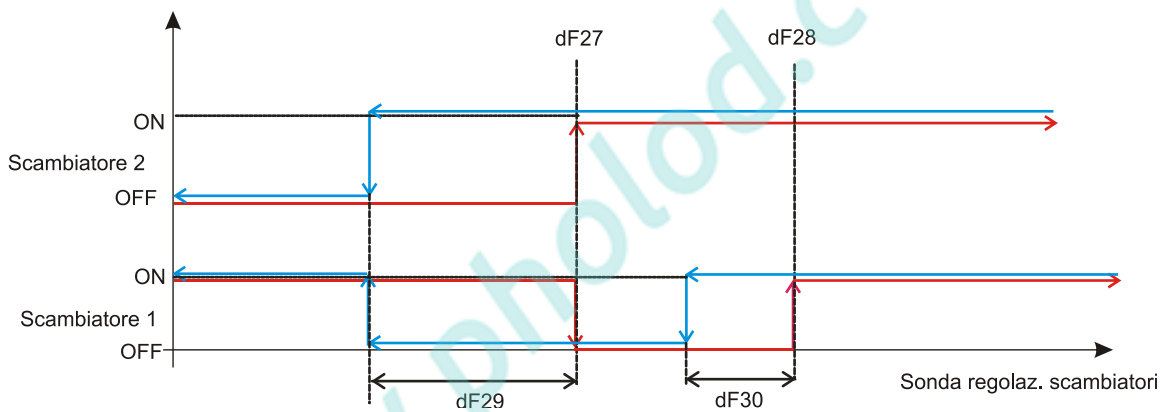
Setting the parameter CF75=1 hybrid exchangers are enabled; through the parameter dF35 is possible to select which probe is used for the regulation (external temperature or condenser temperature/pressure).  
 If external temperature is selected, hybrid exchangers regulation of both circuits works in parallel.  
 If condenser temperature/pressure is selected:

- common condenser: the regulation is done according the higher value of pressure/temperature of the circuits in summer and the lower value in winter
- separated condenser: every exchanger is managed according the temperature/pressure of the specific circuit

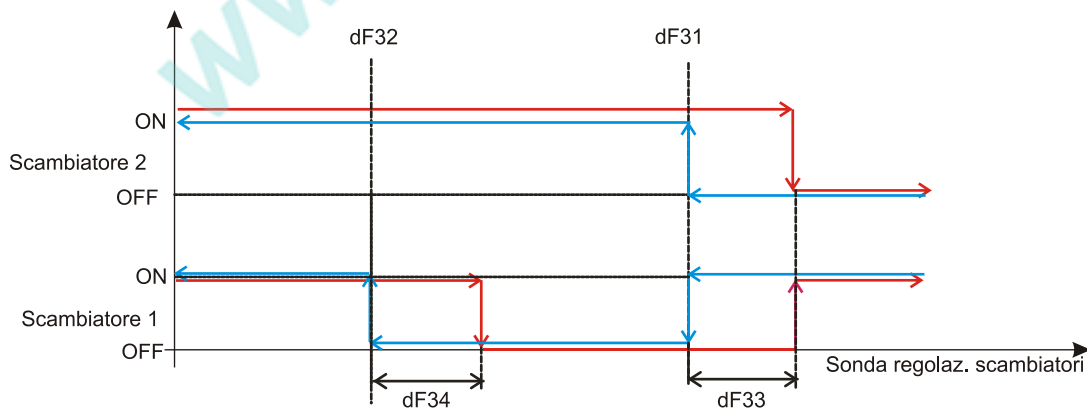
Parameters involved:

- 
- Hybrid exchangers set point 1 in chiller (parameter dF27)
- Hybrid exchangers set point 1 in chiller (parameter dF29)
- Hybrid exchangers set point 2 in chiller (parameter dF28)
- Hybrid exchangers set point 2 in chiller (parameter dF30)
- Hybrid exchangers set point 1 in heat pump (parameter dF31)
- Hybrid exchangers set point 1 in heat pump (parameter dF33)
- Hybrid exchangers set point 2 in heat pump (parameter dF32)
- Hybrid exchangers set point 2 in heat pump (parameter dF34)

**Summer operation mode:**



**Winter operation mode:**



If the machine is switched on and external temperature or condenser temperature/pressure is inside the differential:

- machine in chiller and temperature/pressure inside the differential dF29: exchanger 2 ON

- machine in chiller and temperature/pressure inside the differential dF30: exchanger 1 and exchanger 2 ON
- machine in heat pump and temperature/pressure inside the differential dF33: exchanger 2 ON
- machine in heat pump and temperature/pressure inside the differential dF34: exchanger 1 and exchanger 2 ON

In chiller when first compressor starts both exchangers are ON for dF36 time; after this time the regulation follows diagrams above.

If dF36=0 the regulation follows diagrams above also at the start up.

In defrost this regulation is disabled.

In STD-BY or remote OFF the status of the exchangers is hybrid exchanger 1=ON, hybrid exchanger 2=OFF.

The set point is related to the status of the machine:

- if the machine is producing cooled water and domestic hot water, reference set point is chiller set point
- if the machine is producing only domestic hot water, reference set point is heat pump set point

## 41. GEOTHERMAL FREE COOLING

Outputs managed:

- relay for valve/pump management
- 0..10V analog output to control a modulating valve

In heating the relay is OFF and the analog output is 0V.

Free cooling operation mode:

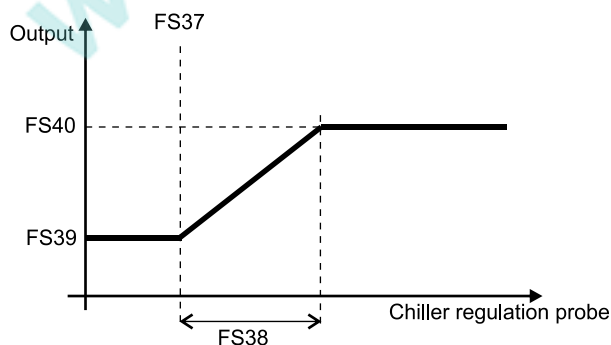
- **CF77=2**: Free cooling is the only cooling source
- **CF77=3**: Free cooling and compressors work together to produce cooling. The compressors work according to their standard regulation.

Free cooling management:

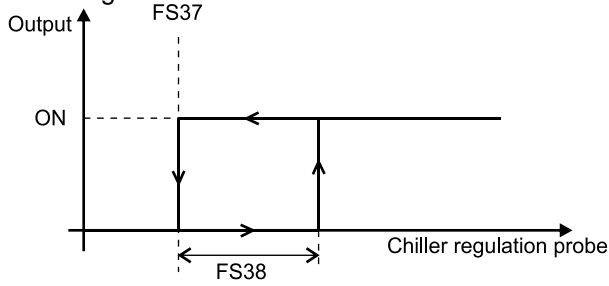
2 probes are needed, selected from those configured in the instrument (1 Pb1, 2=Pb2, etc.); parameters to select the probes are FS41 and FS42.

- if  $T1 \text{ temperature} - T2 \text{ temperature} \geq FS21$ , the Free cooling is enabled and the relay and analog output are managed as figures below
- if  $T1 \text{ temperature} - T2 \text{ temperature} < FS21 - FS22$ , the Free cooling is disabled

Analog output management:



Digital output management:



Parameter	Description	min	max	udm
FS21	Temperature differential to enable the freecooling function	0	25.0 45	°C °F
FS22	Temperature differential for the free cooling regulation	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F
....				
FS34	Free cooling water pump OFF time if chiller only Free cooling	0	250	min
FS35	Free cooling water pump ON time if chiller only Free cooling	0	250	sec
FS36	Free cooling maximum time	0	250	min
FS37	Set point Free cooling	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	70.0 158 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi
FS38	Proportional band Free coling	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi
FS39	Minimum value Free cooling analog output	0	100	%
FS40	Maximum value Free cooling analog output	0	100	%
FS41	T1 probe selection for Free cooling 0=disabled, 1=Pb1, 2=Pb2, etc.	0	10	
FS42	T2 probe selection for Free cooling 0=disabled, 1=Pb1, 2=Pb2, etc.	0	10	
FS43	Outside temperature set point to force the maximum speed of condenser fan	0	1	
FS44	FC condensing fan maximum speed outside temperature differential	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F
FS45	FC condensing fan delay	0	250	min
FS62	FC low temperature stop probe	0	20	
FS63	FC low temperature stop set point	-50.0 -58	110 230	°C °F
FS64	FC low temperature stop differential	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F
FS65	Delay to enable compressors if temperature above set	0	250	min
FS66	FC analog out differential	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F

- **Only free cooling for cooling (CF77=2)**

Compressors are not used for cooling.

Evaporator and condenser water pumps are managed according to chiller probe and St01 set point; free cooling valve/pump is managed according chiller probe and FS37 set point (or St01 if St01<FS37).

If the free cooling set point is not reached in FS36 minutes (0 = function disabled) or when the free cooling set point is reached, the free cooling will be disabled for FS34 minutes.

After this time the valve/pump is switched on for FS35 seconds and, when this time is elapsed the controller verify if T1 temperature – T2 temperature ≥ FS21 and if free cooling temperature > FS37.

If both condition are true, the free cooling valve/pump is activated.



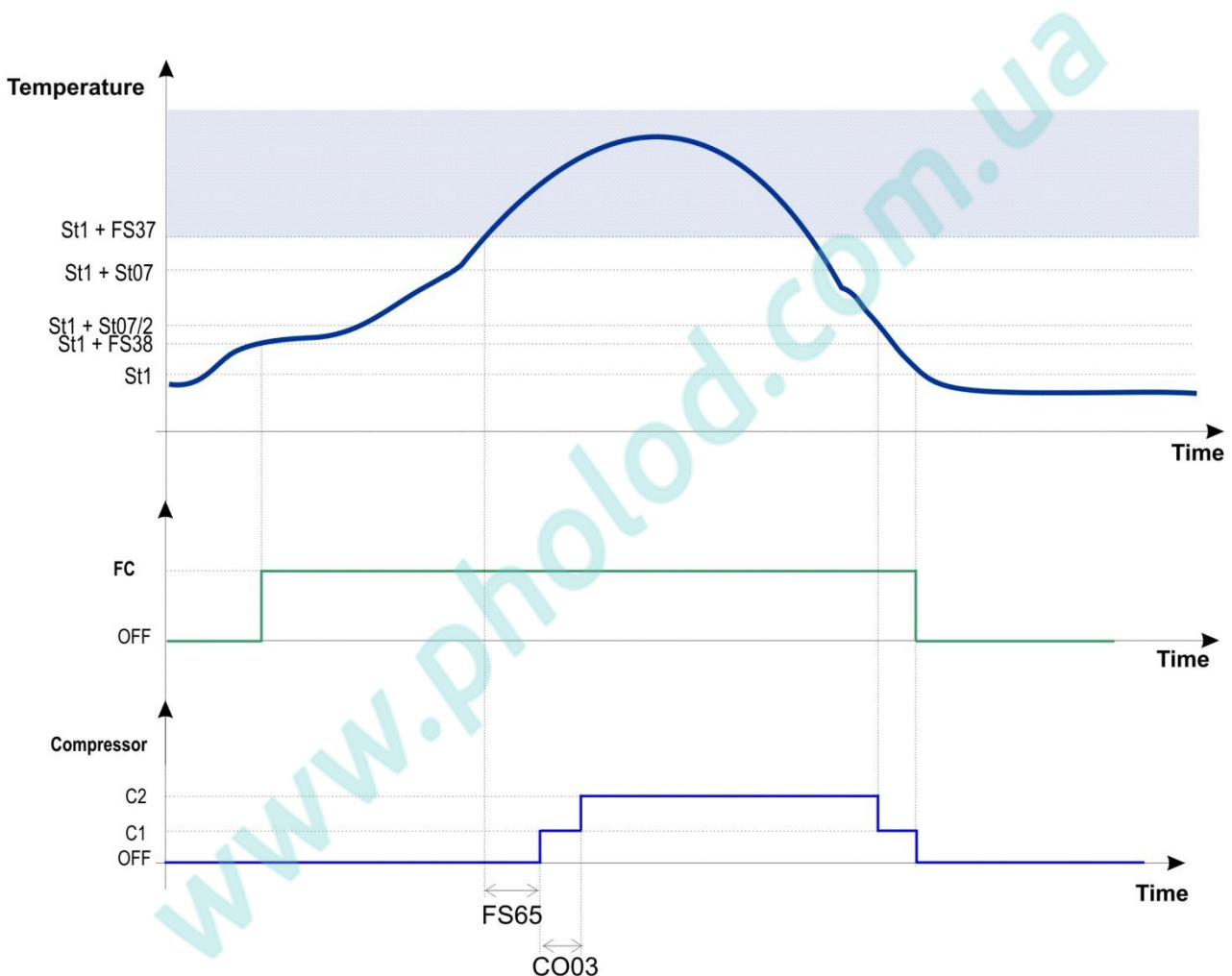
If FS34=0 and FS35=0 this function is disabled.

- **Free cooling with compressors (CF77 = 3)**

The compressors can be used to integrate the free cooling; if there are the conditions for free cooling the adjustment is as showed below:

- if the regulation temperature is lower than  $St1 + FS37$ , the Free Cooling is performed only with the resources of the Free Cooling; the reference set point is  $St1$  and the differential is  $FS38$ . The compressors remain off; it is active the maximum time to reach the set point, after which the compressors are enabled to operate;
- if the regulation temperature exceeds  $St1 + FS37$  for  $FS65$  time, the compressors are enabled for the regulation.

Regarding the chart below, the example assumes  $FS38 < St07 < FS37$ .



### Low temperature protection

If the temperature detected by probe selected with FS62 parameter is lower than FS63 set point, the free cooling is disabled.

The free cooling will be enabled when temperature detected by probe selected with FS62 parameter is higher than  $FS63 + FS64$ .

## 41.1 FAN SPEED CONTROL IF COMPRESSORS AND FREE COOLING ARE USED FOR COOLING (CF77=3)

When the free cooling is not active the condenser fan speed is managed like standard regulation.

If free cooling is active:

- outside temperature > FS43 + FS44: condenser fan speed is forced at maximum speed
- outside temperature < FS43: when outside temperature decreases below FS43 temperature, after FS45 minutes the condenser fan speed is managed as standard regulation

## 42. HEAT RECOVERY FUNCTION

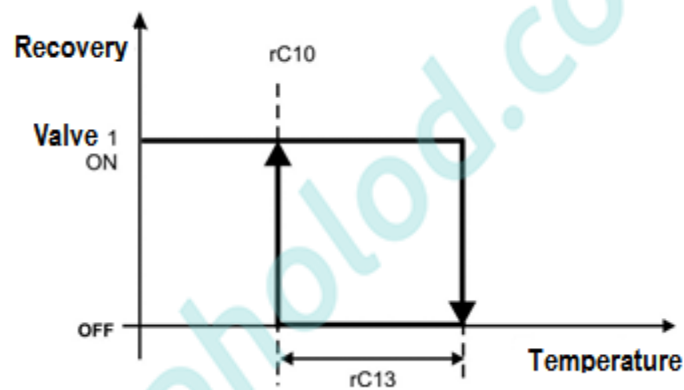
The heat recovery function is enabled if:

- 1 Par. **rC01** > 0
- 2 The unit is working in chiller mode
- 3 The condensing temperature or pressure is lower than set rC06 – rC07
- 4 The heat recovery input/output resources are correctly configured
- 5 The heat recovery digital input is activated and or a heat recovery probe is configured

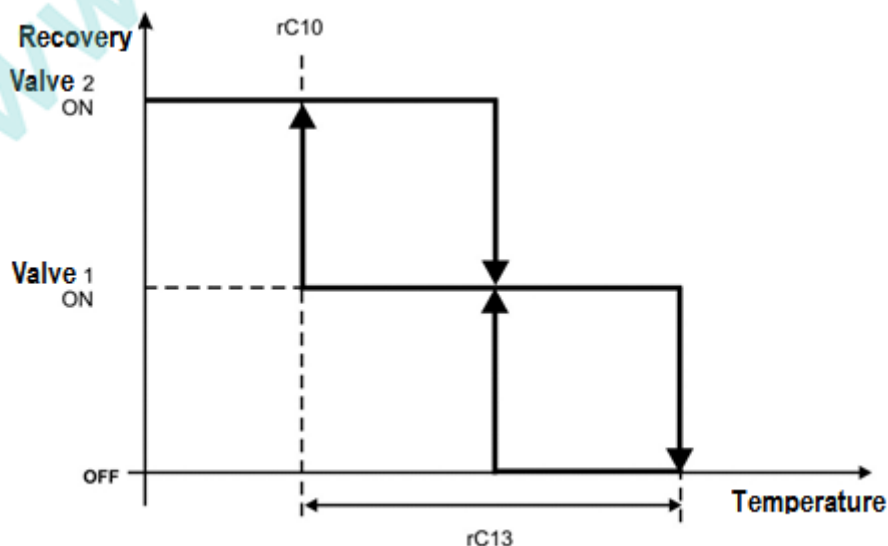
If the heat recovery is configured, in the menu the REC sub-menu is available to read the status of the valves and to disable / enable the function.

### 42.1 HEAT RECOVERY TEMPERATURE PROBE

If single valve is configured:



If two valves are configured:



In the heat recovery digital input is active and if the heat recovery temperature is lower than the first valve activation threshold, the recovery valve will be activated on the circuit switched on.  
If both circuits are working, first is activated the heat recovery valve of circuit 1 and then the heat recovery valve of circuit 2.

## 42.2 UNIT WITH TWO SEPARATE IDRAULIC CIRCUITS (rC01=1)

### HEAT RECOVERY: CIRCUIT CONFIGURED WITH ONLY ONE COMPRESSOR

If:

- chiller unit is on
- at least a compressor is ON
- condenser temperature / pressure are lower than rC06

the heat recovery starts if the the digital input configured as recovery circuit 1 or circuit 2 is active and, in case of use of the recovery probe, if the temperature is below the rC10 set point (both conditions must be fulfilled); in this condition the relay configured as recovery valve circuit 1 or circuit 2 is activated.

When the heat recovery request is not active, the relay configured as recovery valve circuit 1 or circuit 2 will be deactivated.

When the unit enters in recovery operation, the recovery state is maintained for a minimum time set in parameter rC04.

When the heat recovery is deactivated, next request will not be fulfilled until the end of time set in the RC05 (counted from the moment of exit the recovery operation).

### HEAT RECOVERY: CIRCUIT CONFIGURED WITH MORE THAN ONE COMPRESSOR

Enter in heat recovery

If:

- chiller unit is on
- at least a compressor is ON
- condenser temperature / pressure are lower than rC06

the heat recovery starts if the digital input configured as recovery circuit 1 or circuit 2 is active and, in case of use of the probe recovery, if the temperature is below the rC10 set point (both conditions must be fulfilled):

- if the heat recovery request comes when the number of compressors switched on is lower than the maximum available, the recovery valve is activated with delay of RC02 seconds; during this delay the switching on of more compressors of the circuit, if required by the regulation, is inhibited.  
Once the valve is turned on, any additional compressors required by regulation chiller compressors will be delayed of rC03 seconds after the valve

- if the heat recovery request comes when the maximum number of available compressor is switched on, a compressor is switched off and a delay time rC02 starts counting; once elapsed, the heat recovery valve is activated, condenser fan is switched off (if rC09=1) and starts counting a delay rC03 after which the compressor will be re-started (if CO02 time is elapsed).

Exit from heat recovery

- If:
  - Heat recovery digital input is de-activated or heat recovery temperature rise over RC10 + RC13, when the number of compressors switched on is lower than the maximum available for that circuit, recovery valve of circuit 1 or circuit 2 is switched off after a delay of rC02 seconds; during rC02 delay the switching on of more compressors of the circuit, if required by the regulation, is inhibited.  
Once the valve is turned off, any additional compressors required by regulation chiller compressors will be delayed of rC03 seconds after the valve.
  - Heat recovery digital input is de-activated or heat recovery temperature rise over RC10 + RC13 when the maximum number of available compressor for that circuit is switched on, then:
    - a compressor will be switched off
    - starts counting rC02 delay, after that recovery valve is switched off
    - after rC03 delay the compressor will be re-started (if CO02 time is elapsed).

## 42.3 UNIT WITH TWO IDRAULIC CIRCUIT WORKING IN PARALLEL (rC01=2)

The principle of operation is similar to the unit with separate circuits; in particular condition in which only one of the two circuits is active, the digital inputs of retrieval request are not specific for circuit 1 and circuit 2 but are generic.

So if the unit is on in chiller, only one circuit is working, condenser temperature / pressure are lower than rC06, heat recovery starts if one of the digital inputs configured as heat recovery circuit 1 or circuit 2 is active and, in case of use of the recovery probe, if the temperature is below the rC10 set point (both conditions must be fulfilled).

The recovery valve activated will be the one belonging to the circuit switched on at that time.

When heat recovery digital input is de-activated or heat recovery temperature rise over RC10 + RC13, then the heat recovery valve of circuit 1 or circuit 2 will be de-activated in the same way of unit with two separated circuits.

### ENTER/EXIT FORM HEAT RECOVERY CIRCUIT 1 OR CIRCUIT 2 IF ONLY ONE CIRCUIT IS WORKING

Enter in heat recovery

Heat recovery starts if the the digital input configured as recovery circuit 1 or circuit 2 is active and, in case of use of the probe recovery, if the temperature is below the rC10 set point (both conditions must be fulfilled):

- If the unit has only one compressor per circuit, heat recovery valve of circuit 1 or circuit 2 is switched on (depending on wich circuit is active)
- If the unit has more than one compressor per circuit:
  - if the heat recovery request comes when the number of compressors switched on is lower than the maximum available, the recovery valve is activated with delay of rC02 seconds; during this delay the switching on of more compressors of the circuit, if required by the regulation, is inhibited.  
Once the valve is turned on, any additional compressors required by regulation chiller compressors will be delayed of rC03 seconds after the valve
  - if the heat recovery request comes when the maximum number of available compressor is switched on, a compressor is switched off and a delay time rC02 starts counting; once elapsed, the heat recovery valve is activated, condenser fan is switched off (if rC09=1) and starts conting a delay rC03 after wich the compressor will be re-started (if CO02 time is elapsed)

Exit from heat recovery

- if the unit has only one compressor per circuit, when heat recovery request is not active the heat recovery valve of circuit 1 or circuit 2 is de-activated
- if the unit has more than a compressor per circuit:
  - if the heat recovery request is de-activated when the number of compressors switched on is lower than the maximum available, the recovery valve is de-activated with delay of rC02 seconds; during this delay the switching on of more compressors of the circuit, if required by the regulation, is inhibited.  
Once the valve is turned on, any additional compressors required by regulation chiller compressors will be delayed of rC03 seconds after the valve
  - if the heat recovery request is de-activated when the maximum number of available compressor is switched on, a compressor is switched off and a delay time rC02 starts counting; once elapsed, the heat recovery valve is activated, condenser fan is switched off (if rC09=1) and starts conting a delay rC03 after wich the compressor will be re-started (if CO02 time is elapsed)

### ENTER/EXIT FORM HEAT RECOVERY IF BOTH CIRCUITS ARE WORKING

The principle of operation is similar to the unit with separate circuits; so if the unit is on in chiller, both circuits are working, condenser temperature / pressure are lower than rC06, heat recovery starts if one of the digital inputs configured as heat recovery circuit 1 or circuit 2 is active and, in case of use of the recovery probe, if the temperature is below the rC10 set point (both conditions must be fulfilled):

- if the unit has only one compressor per circuit, when heat recovery request is active the heat recovery valve of circuit 1 or circuit 2 is activated
- if the unit has more than a compressor per circuit:
  - if the heat recovery request comes when the number of compressors switched on is lower than the maximum available, the recovery valve is activated with delay of rC02 seconds; during this delay the switching on of more compressors of the circuit, if required by the

regulation, is inhibited.

Once the valve is turned on, any additional compressors required by regulation chiller compressors will be delayed of rC03 seconds after the valve

- if the heat recovery request comes when the maximum number of available compressor is switched on, a compressor is switched off and a delay time rC02 starts counting; once elapsed, the heat recovery valve is activated, condenser fan is switched off (if rC09=1) and starts counting a delay rC03 after which the compressor will be re-started (if CO2 time is elapsed)

When the unit enters in recovery operation, the recovery state is maintained for a minimum time set in parameter rC04.

#### Exit from heat recovery

- if the unit has only one compressor per circuit, when heat recovery request is not active the heat recovery valve of circuit 1 or circuit 2 is de-activated
- if the unit has more than a compressor per circuit:
  - if the heat recovery request is de-activated when the number of compressors switched on is lower than the maximum available, the recovery valve is activated with delay of rC02 seconds; during this delay the switching on of more compressors of the circuit, if required by the regulation, is inhibited.  
Once the valve is turned on, any additional compressors required by regulation chiller compressors will be delayed of rC03 seconds after the valve
  - if the heat recovery request is de-activated when the maximum number of available compressor is switched on, a compressor is switched off and a delay time rC02 starts counting; once elapsed, the heat recovery valve is activated, condenser fan is switched off (if rC09=1) and starts counting a delay rC03 after which the compressor will be re-started (if CO2 time is elapsed)

When the heat recovery is deactivated, the next request will not be fulfilled until the end of time set in the RC05 (counted from the moment of exit the recovery operation).

## 43. MASTER / SLAVE FUNCTION

The IC208CX can be used as a slave in a master / slave configuration; the master is represented by a device that has the specific function, the IPL500 Master.

The use of the device as a slave is enabled automatically when the IC208CX is connected to the Master and the serial communication with the Master work correctly.

During operation, the slave:

- does not calculate the power to be supplied to the system; the power is calculated by the Master and sent to the Slave
- operates normally the procedure to enter to the defrost, but before starting the defrost it need the Master consent
- can be configured to manage compressors type ON / OFF (not inverter, not with capacity step)
- can not be configured to manage the domestic hot water
- can not be configured to handle condensing units

More detailed specifications of Master / Slave operation and configuration are in the IPL500 Master / Slave documentation.

### 43.1 DISABLE THE HEAT RECOVERY CYCLE BY CONDENSER TEMPERATURE / PRESSURE

The heat recovery operation can be disabled depending on the condenser condition to avoid a possible high pressure alarm.

If condenser temperature/pressure is equal or higher than the set rC06 (limit of the recovery cycle), the heat recovery operation (of the same circuit of the transducer) is disabled.

When the heat recovery is disabled, the bottom display shows **b1rC** (circuit 1) or **b2rC** (circuit 2).



## ACF1 ...AC15: Configuration alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<p><b>ACF1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Heat pump unit but 4-way valve not configured</li><li>• Wrong configuration of defrost parameters dF22 and dF23</li><li>• Defrost only with condenser fan enabled but external temperature probe not configured</li></ul> <p><b>ACF2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Condenser fan configured as step or proportional control, but condenser probes not configured</li><li>• Condenser fan configured for proportional control and following rules not respected:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FA09 + FA11 + FA12 &lt; FA10</li><li>FA12 &lt; FA13</li><li>FA07 &lt; FA15 &lt; FA08</li></ul></li><li>FA18 + FA21 + FA20 &lt; FA19</li><li>FA21 &lt; FA22</li><li>FA16 &lt; FA23 &lt; FA17</li><li>• Condenser fan configured for ON/OFF control and following rules not respected:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FA09 &lt; FA10</li><li>FA18 &lt; FA19</li></ul></li><li>• If the defrost is enabled and:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- no evaporating/condensing probes is configured</li><li>- dF18 &gt; FA35</li><li>- FA34 &lt; FA07</li><li>- FA34 &gt; FA08</li><li>- FA07 &lt; FA34 &lt; FA08</li><li>- dF18 &lt; FA10</li></ul></li><li>• In two circuits unit and two separated condenser, two condenser probe are not configured</li><li>• If condenser fan is configured with modulation and PWM output, and the power supply selection is dc voltage (CF63 = 2)</li><li>• If condenser fan is enabled as step control, the following rules are to be respected:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FA09 &lt; FA10 &lt; FA26 &lt; FA27 in cooling mode</li><li>FA29 &lt; FA28 &lt; FA19 &lt; FA18 in heating mode</li></ul></li></ul> <p><b>ACF3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Two relays, or two digital inputs, or two probes are configured with the same function or without the necessary resources (es. compressor 3 overload alarm but compressor 3 relay not configured)</li></ul> <p><b>ACF4</b> <b>Heating / Cooling selection</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• CF59=1 and none digital input configured as Chiller request or Heat Pump request</li><li>• CF59=2 and none probe configured as external temperature probe</li><li>• Unit configured as Heat pump and rack compressor unit enabled (Cr01&gt;0)</li><li>• CF03 = 1 (condensing unit enabled) and wrong configuration of the digital input or digital output for condensing unit</li></ul> <p><b>ACF5</b> Circuit 2 not configured but at least one of its resources are configured (e.g.: solenoid pump-down valve, heaters, inversion valve, fan, recovery, etc)</p>
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### ACF6

- The number of compressor of the 2 circuits (CF04 + CF05) is:
  - √ > 4
  - √ > 4 with no direct compressor start-up (CO10 ≠ 0) or the number of steps is > 0 (CF06),
  - √ > 2 and the intermittent valve is configured
- Pump-down function but at least in one circuit:
  - √ The pump-down solenoid relay is not present
  - √ No pump-down pressure switch or evaporating probe when
    - the pump-down is enabled with unit in start
  - Or
  - No low pressure switch configured.
- The compressor configuration with CF04 and CF05 but not the relay outputs:
  - √ Main relay of the compressor
  - √ Intermittent valve when enabled with the ON / OFF time (CO08 / CO09 > 0)
  - √ When the by-pass time >0 and there is no partialization or by-pass valve configured
  - √ Coil 2 of part-winding start up
  - √ Requested step valve for screw compressor are configured
- One relay is configured as:
  - √ Compressor not selected in CF04 or CF05
  - √ Intermittent valve configured but CO08 =0 and CO09 =0
  - √ By-pass gas valve configured but by-pass time = 0
  - √ Coil 2 of part winding start up configured but direct start up selected
- Wrong configuration of the capacity step valve

### ACF7

Evaporator pump configuration:

- Enabled (CO16 >0) but the relay of the water pump is not configured
- Not enabled (CO16=0) but the relay of the water pump is configured

Condenser pump configuration:

- Enabled (CO21 >0) but the relay of the water pump is not configured
- Not enabled (CO21=0) but the relay of the water pump is configured

Water pump enabled for antifreeze prevention:


- if Ar24=1 and Ar25=0 (water pump enabled for antifreeze prevention but is not configured the probe)
- if Ar25=1 and not probe configured to control the water pump for antifreeze
- if Ar34=1 and Ar35=0 (water pump enabled for antifreeze prevention but is not configured the probe)
- if Ar35=1 and not probe configured to control the water pump for antifreeze

### ACF8

Cooling / heating regulation probe configuration


- The regulation probe selected by ST09 or ST10 parameters is not properly configured
- The compressor rack regulation probe selected by Cr01 is not present on the configured probes




<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<p><b>ACF9</b> Recovery function enabled but without resources needed (heat recovery probe or digital input, heat recovery valve, condenser probe)</p> <p><b>AC10</b> Compressor inverter controlled</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 analogue output configured to control the same compressor</li> <li>• One analog output is configured to control a compressor via inverter but none relays is configured as compressor</li> <li>• If the unit is configured as condensing unit and a compressor is configured as compressor inverter controlled</li> </ul> <p><b>AC11</b> Compressor with different power capacity enabled and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One analog output is configured as output for compressor inverter controlled</li> <li>• one of the compressor has capacity power = 0</li> <li>• the regulation is not a neutral zone</li> <li>• the compressor is configured with capacity step</li> </ul> <p><b>AC12</b> Free cooling function enabled and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None relay is configured as free cooling</li> <li>• FS41 and FS42 select a probe not configured in CF parameters</li> <li>• If FS21 &lt; FS22</li> <li>• If FS01=2 and CF97=2</li> <li>• If it is not respected the following condition: FS38 &lt; St07 &lt;= FS37</li> </ul> <p><b>AC13</b> Domestic hot water function enabled and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None relay is configured as valve 1</li> <li>• None probe is configured as probe 1 of domestic hot water</li> <li>• Valves mounted on water circuit and valves configured to be switched off in STD-BY or OFF</li> <li>• Domestic hot water priority defined by digital input and none digital input configured for this function</li> <li>• FS49=1 and the regulation is in neutral zone</li> </ul> <p><b>AC15</b> Hybrid exchangers enabled and:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">dF27-dF29 &gt; dF28-dF30</td> <td style="text-align: right;">or</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">dF27 &gt; dF28</td> <td style="text-align: right;">or</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">dF32+dF34 &gt; dF31+dF33</td> <td style="text-align: right;">or</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">dF32 &gt; dF31</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	dF27-dF29 > dF28-dF30	or	dF27 > dF28	or	dF32+dF34 > dF31+dF33	or	dF32 > dF31	
dF27-dF29 > dF28-dF30	or								
dF27 > dF28	or								
dF32+dF34 > dF31+dF33	or								
dF32 > dF31									
<b>Origin</b>	Wrong programming								
<b>Reset</b>	Correctly programming								
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic								
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking								
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON								

**ACFL: condenser flow alarm (differential Pressure switch)**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ACFL</b> condenser flow alarm
--	----------------------------------

<b>Origin</b>	Digital input active for the time set in AL55 after the water pump is on and, after the digital input itself is activated, for the time set in AL57. Alarm not enable if AL14=0 Alarm enabled in chiller only if AL14=1 Alarm enabled in heat pump only if AL14=2 Alarm enabled in chiller and heat pump if AL14=3
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active for the time AL58.
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – Manual after AL56 (Reset procedure in Menu function).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on only during normal running conditions.
<b>Loads</b>	OFF


#### ACP1 - ACP1 Condenser pump mintage

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ACP1</b> (Condenser 1 pump maintenance) <b>ACP1</b> (Condenser 2 pump maintenance)
<b>Origin</b>	Pump running hours > Hour counter setpoint
<b>Reset</b>	Hour reset in function menu
<b>Restart</b>	Manual
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Action</b>	Only display warning messages
<b>Loads</b>	Not changed

#### AEE Eeprom alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AEE</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Wrong eeprom data
<b>Reset</b>	-----
<b>Restart</b>	Manual
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Loads</b>	OFF

#### AEFL: evaporator flow alarm (differential pressure switch)

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AEFL</b> evaporator flow alarm
<b>Origin</b>	Digital input active for the time set in AL15 after the water pump is on and, after the digital input itself is activated, for the time set in AL17.
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active for the time AL18.
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – Manual if the digital input is active for AL16 seconds (Reset procedure in Menu function).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on only during normal running conditions.

#### **ATTENTION**

The alarm relay and the buzzer are activated only if the alarm appears during normal running conditions. When the temperature setpoint has been reached and CO16/CO21= 2, the icon **Flow!** blinks without alarm.

#### **NOTE ABOUT THE FLOW ALARM**

CO16 / CO21=0 Water pump not enabled.

The alarm is managed only if one digital input is configured as flow switch, **the restart is always automatic.**

CO16 / CO21=1 Water pump with continuous control.

The alarm is managed only if one digital input is configured as flow switch, **the restart is always automatic, in stand-by or remote OFF ( pump off)**, it becomes **manual** after AL16 time.

**In chiller or heat pump only.** During the functioning of the unit any flow alarm stop the loads described in the table, the water pump follow its regulation algorithm and is turned off, after AL16 time.

**CO16 / CO21=2** Compressor on – pump on

The alarm is managed only if one digital input is configured as flow switch, **the restart is always automatic, in stand-by or remote OFF ( pump off)**, it becomes **manual** after AL16 time.

During the functioning of the unit any flow alarm stop the loads described in the table, the water pump follow its regulation algorithm and is turned off, after AL16 time it is completely locked.

#### **MANUAL RESTART OF THE FLOW ALARM**

After AL16 time it is necessary to enter the function Menu to reset the alarm itself. The alarm message **DOES NOT DISAPPEAR** if the alarm condition is still on. The water pump, if configured, can start and the alarm is by-passed for AL18 seconds.

**AL15** Alarm flow delay after on pump.

When the water pump starts the AL15 delay stops any flow alarm to reach the normal flow condition.

**AL16** Maximum time flow switch alarm active before to block the water pump

It determines maximum time of flow alarm active before to block the water pump.

#### **ATTENTION**

With air/water or water/water units and CF01=1,2 the minimum number of events per hour is 1.


**AL17** Active flow input duration

Within this time the flow alarm must be active and after AL17 is expired the alarm is signalled. The counter starts after AL15 and allows to filter the improvise flow reduction or the possible bubbles of air.


**AL18** Not active flow input duration

Within this time the flow alarm must be not active and, after this time, the previous alarm is automatically reset (if automatic) or, if manual, the unit can be restarted.

#### **AEht: alarm from high temperature of the evaporator water inlet**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AEht</b> High water temperature evaporator inlet
<b>Origin</b>	During normal running condition when the temperature/pressure of evaporator water inlet is higher than AL61 setpoint for the AL60 time delay.
<b>Reset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ If the water temperature is lower than AL61 – AL62 (differential)</li> <li>▪ With unit in stand by or remote OFF if alarm reset is automatic</li> </ul>
<b>Restart</b>	Reset procedure in Menu function Always manual AL59 = 0 Always automatic AL59 =16 From manual to utomatic if AL59 value is between 1 and 15
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>REGULATIONS</b>	
<b>Compressor</b>	OFF
<b>Other Loads</b>	Not modified

#### **AEP1 - AEP2 Evaporator pump / Supply fan maintenance request**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AEP1</b> (Main water pump/supply fan) <b>AEP2</b> (Support water pump)
<b>Activation</b>	Load running hours > counter setpoint for that load
<b>Reset</b>	Running hour reset (Hour label in Menu function)
<b>Restart</b>	Manual
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Actions</b>	Alarm relay and buzzer activated
<b>REGULATIONS</b>	
<b>Actions</b>	Only signalling
<b>Loads</b>	Not modified

The parameters CO34 / CO35 define the hour set counters for the condenser water pump / Support water pump.  
They establish the load running hours limit of the pump/s or the supply fan to give a maintenance signalling. If one of these parameters is equal to 0 the maintenance signalling of that load is disabled but the running hours counter remains active.


#### AEUn: Unloading from high temperature of the evaporator water inlet

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AEUn</b> Unload signalling from evaporator
<b>Origin</b>	During normal running condition when the temperature/pressure of evaporator water inlet is higher than CO40 setpoint for the CO42 time delay.
<b>Reset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ If the water temperature is lower than CO39 –CO41 (differential)</li> <li>▪ With unloading ON after the CO43 time delay.</li> </ul>
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer OFF

#### AEUn: Unloading from low temperature of the evaporator water outlet


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1EU</b> Unload signalling from evaporator circuit n° 1 <b>b2EU</b> Unload signalling from evaporator circuit n° 2
<b>Origin</b>	During normal running condition when the temperature of evaporator water outlet is higher than CO55 setpoint
<b>Reset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ If the water temperature is lower than CO55 + CO56 (differential)</li> <li>▪ With unloading ON after the CO57 time delay.</li> </ul>
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Compressor</b>	OFF
<b>Other loads</b>	Not modified

#### AHFL: domestic hot water flow alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AHFL domestic hot water flow alarm</b>
<b>Origin</b>	The flow switch alarm is not detected for AL65 seconds starting from water pump activation. Flow switch alarm is signalled if the digital input is active for AL67 seconds.
<b>Reset</b>	Automatic reset: digital input not active for AL68 seconds. Manual reset: Reset procedure in Menu function
<b>Type of alarm</b>	Automatic if flow switch digital input activation < AL66 + AL67 Manual if Automatic if flow switch digital input activation > AL66 + AL67
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on only during normal running conditions.
<b>Loads</b>	Domestic hot water pump OFF

#### ALC1: Generic alarm with stop regulation


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ALC1: generic alarm from digital input with stop regulation</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Digital input configured as generic alarm with stop regulation active after the delay in Par. AL43

<b>Reset</b>	Digital input configured as generic alarm with stop regulation not active after the delay in Par. AL44
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – It becomes manual after AL42 events/hour Logged only if manuale
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>REGULATION</b>	
<b>Alarm</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Other loads</b>	OFF

#### **ATTENTION**

If during AL44 the alarm stop and start again the AL44 time delay is reloaded.


#### **ALC2: Generic Signal alarm**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ALC1:</b> generic signal alarm from digital input if AL50 = 0
<b>Origin</b>	Digital input configured as generic alarm with stop regulation active after the delay in Par. AL52
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input configured as generic alarm with stop regulation not active after the delay in Par. AL53
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>REGULATION</b>	
<b>Alarm</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON

#### **ATTENTION**

If during AL53 the alarm stop and start again the AL44 time delay is reloaded.

#### **ALC2: Generic alarm with stop regulation**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ALC1:</b> generic signal alarm from digital input with stop regulation if AL50 = 1
<b>Origin</b>	Digital input configured as generic alarm with stop regulation active after the delay in Par. AL52
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input configured as generic alarm with stop regulation not active after the delay in Par. AL53
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – It becomes manual after AL51 events/hour Logged only if manuale
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>REGULATION</b>	
<b>Alarm</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Other loads</b>	OFF

#### **ATTENTION**


If during AL53 the alarm stop and start again the AL44 time delay is reloaded.

#### **ALSF: Phase sequence alarm**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ALSF</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Digital input active
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic

<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Loads</b>	OFF


### ALti: low air ambient temperature (Air / Air unit only)

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ALti</b> (low temperature value of the evaporator air inlet)
<b>Origin</b>	Chiller mode: evaporator inlet NTC probe lower than AL26 for AL28 seconds. Heat pump: evaporator inlet NTC probe lower than lower than AL33 for AL36 seconds In stand-by or remote OFF: evaporator inlet NTC probe lower than the lowest value compared between AL28 and AL36.
<b>Reset</b>	Chiller: evaporator inlet NTC probe higher than AL26 + AL27(differential). Heat pump: evaporator inlet NTC probe higher than AL33 + AL34 (differential). n stand-by or remote OFF: the evaporator inlet NTC probe higher than AL26+AL27 or AL33+AL34.
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on


### AP1 ... AP8, APr1.. Apr2, APE1 .. APE8, APU1 .. APU4 PROBE FAILURE

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AP1</b> = PB1 probe alarm... <b>AP6</b> = PB6 regulator probe alarm <b>APr1</b> = remote keyboard 1 alarm probe ... <b>APr2</b> = remote keyboard 2 alarm probe <b>APE1</b> I/O expansion probe 1 alarm... <b>APE8</b> I/O expansion probe 8 alarm <b>APU1</b> expansion valve probe 1 alarm... <b>APU4</b> expansion valve probe 2 alarm
<b>Reason</b>	Probe configured but the read-out is not in the range
<b>Reset</b>	Probe not configured or probe in the right range
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on
<b>Loads</b>	The behaviour of the load depend on witch probe is on error (regulation probe = all loads OFF; external temperature probe = only loads involved on this probe)


### APFL: solar panel flow alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>APFL solar panel flow alarm</b>
<b>Origin</b>	The flow switch alarm is not detected for AL69 seconds starting from water pump activation. Flow switch alarm is signalled if the digital input is active for AL71 seconds.
<b>Reset</b>	Automatic reset: digital input not active for AL72 seconds. Manual reset: Reset procedure in Menu function
<b>Type of alarm</b>	Automatic if flow switch digital input activation < AL70 + AL71 Manual if Automatic if flow switch digital input activation > AL70 + AL71
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on only during normal running conditions.
<b>Loads</b>	Solar panel water pump OFF


### ArtC Clock alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ArtC</b> (clock alarm)
<b>Origin</b>	Wrong setting
<b>Reset</b>	After clock adjustment
<b>Restart</b>	Manual in function menu
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Loads</b>	Not changed
<b>Energy saving</b>	Disabled if controlled by RTC
<b>Unit ON/OFF</b>	Disabled if controlled by RTC


#### ArtF Clock failure

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ArtF</b> (clock failure)
<b>Origin</b>	Clock failure
<b>Reset</b>	Replace the instrument
<b>Restart</b>	Manual in function menu
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Loads</b>	Not changed
<b>Energy saving</b>	Disabled if controlled by RTC
<b>Unit ON/OFF</b>	Disabled if controlled by RTC


#### ASAn Domestic hot water pump maintenance

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ASAn</b> (Domestic hot water pump maintenance)
<b>Origin</b>	Pump running hours > Hour counter setpoint
<b>Reset</b>	Hour reset in function menu
<b>Restart</b>	Manual
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Action</b>	Only display warning messages
<b>Loads</b>	Not changed


#### ASLA Failed Communication With I/O Expansion

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ASLA</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Failed communication with I/O expansion
<b>Reset</b>	Automatic when the communication is working
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	 blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulatori</b>	
<b>Loads</b>	OFF


**ASUn Solar panel water pump maintenance**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>ASUn</b> (Domestic hot water pump maintenance)
<b>Origin</b>	Pump running hours > Hour counter setpoint
<b>Reset</b>	Hour reset in function menu
<b>Restart</b>	Manual
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Action</b>	Only display warning messages
<b>Loads</b>	Not changed


**AtAS Domestic hot water pump overload alarm**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AtAS</b> (domestic hot water pump overload)
<b>Origin</b>	Digital input active
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic reset if number of alarms per hour < AL75. Manual reset if number of alarms per hour = AL75 (reset procedure in function menu).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Loads</b>	Domestic hot water pump OFF

**AtC1 - AtC2 Condenser pump overload alarm**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AtC1</b> (overload pump alarm of condenser 1) <b>AtC2</b> (overload pump alarm of support condenser 2)
<b>Origin</b>	Active ID when it is configured as overload pump of condenser 1 Active ID when it is configured as overload pump of condenser 2.
<b>Reset</b>	With active digital input
<b>Restart</b>	Manual (reset procedure in function menu).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Loads</b>	Condenser water pump and compressors OFF


**AtE1 - AtE2 Evaporator pump overload alarm**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AtE1</b> (overload pump alarm of evaporator 1) <b>AtE2</b> (overload pump alarm of support evaporator 2)
<b>Origin</b>	Active ID when it is configured as overload pump of evaporator 1 Active ID when it is configured as overload pump of support evaporator 2.
<b>Reset</b>	With active digital input
<b>Restart</b>	Manual (reset procedure in function menu).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Loads</b>	Evaporator water pump and compressors OFF


**AtHS Domestic hot water heaters overload alarm**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AtHS</b> (domestic hot water heaters overload)
<b>Origin</b>	Digital input active




<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active
<b>Restart</b>	Manual (reset procedure in function menu)
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Loads</b>	Sanitary heaters OFF

### Atr1 REMOTE TERMINAL 1 (VICX620) COMMUNICATION ALARM

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>Atr1 (communication alarm with remote terminal 1)</b> <b>Atr2 (communication alarm with remote terminal 1)</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Absence of serial communication with remote keyboard n°1
<b>Reset</b>	When the serial communication works properly
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	 blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Loads</b>	OFF if the remote terminal has internal probe and it is the regulation probe


### AtSF: supply fan overload alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AtSF: Overload alarm of the supply fan</b>
<b>Origin</b>	CF01=0: After on fan when the ID is activated for AL15 time. After on pump when the ID is activated for AL17.
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active for AL18 time
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – Manual if the digital input is active for AL16 seconds (Reset procedure in Menu function).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Loads</b>	OFF

#### MANUAL RESET OF THE OVERLOAD ALARM OF THE SUPPLY FAN


If the digital input is active for AL16 seconds it is necessary to restart manually the unit (reset procedure in alarm Menu with blinking label **Reset** if the alarm is not active from AL18 otherwise label **Active** (can not be reset)). Push SET key to reset the alarm, the label disappears, the fan restarts and the alarm is by-passed for AL15 time delay to allow the start-up if within this interval the alarm does not appear again.

### AUAL Failed Communication With Electronic Expansion Valve


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AUAL</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Failed communication with electronic expansion valve
<b>Reset</b>	Automatic when the communication is working
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	 blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulatori</b>	
<b>Loads</b>	OFF

### AtrE: REMOTE TERMINAL VISOGRAPH 2.0 COMMUNICATION ALARM


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>AtrE</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Absence of serial communication with remote keyboard Visograph 2.0
<b>Reset</b>	When the serial communication works properly

<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	 blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Loads</b>	OFF if the remote terminal has internal probe and it is the regulation probe

### **b1AC - b2AC - b1Ac - b2Ac Antifreeze alarm / Low outlet temperature (Air / Air unit in Chiller mode)**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1AC</b> (anti-freeze alarm of the circuit #1 in chiller) <b>b2AC</b> (anti-freeze alarm of the circuit #2 in chiller) <b>b1Ac</b> (anti-freeze alarm signalling of the circuit #1 in chiller) <b>b2Ac</b> (anti-freeze alarm signalling of the circuit #2 in chiller) Both the labels are displayed when the alarm is coming from the evaporator inlet probe or evaporator common outlet probe or when there is only one digital input configured.
<b>Origin</b>	Normal conditions, stand-by, remote OFF: when the anti-freeze probe value is lower than AL26 for AL28 seconds. With the anti-freeze digital input is active.
<b>Reset</b>	When the anti-freeze probe value is higher than A26+ AL27(differential) With the anti-freeze digital input is active.
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – Manual after AL29 events per hours (Reset procedure in Menu function). If AL74=1 to reset the alarm is necessary to type the password
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	If AL30=0 only the compressors are turned off and than display shows <b>b1Ac b2Ac</b> , the buzzer and the alarm relay are not activated. If AL30=1 only the compressors are turned off and than display shows <b>b1Ac b2Ac</b> , the buzzer and the alarm relay are activated. If the alarm comes from the digital input also the anti-freeze heaters are turned on.

### **b1AH - b2AH Anti-freeze alarm / Low outlet air temperature(Air/Air unit only) on heat pump mode**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1AH</b> (anti-freeze alarm of the circuit #1 in heat pump) <b>b2AH</b> (anti-freeze alarm of the circuit #2 in heat pump) <b>b1Ah</b> (anti-freeze alarm signalling of the circuit #1 in heat pump) <b>b2Ah</b> (anti-freeze alarm signalling of the circuit #2 in heat pump) Both the labels are displayed when the alarm is coming from the evaporator inlet probe or evaporator common outlet probe or when there is only one digital input configured.
<b>Origin</b>	Normal conditions, stand-by, remote OFF: when the anti-freeze probe value is lower than AL33 for AL36 seconds. With the anti-freeze digital input is active.
<b>Reset</b>	When the anti-freeze probe value is higher than AL33 + AL34. With digital input on active
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – Manual after AL37 events per hour (Reset procedure in Menu function). If AL74=1 to reset the alarm is necessary to type the password
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	If AL38=0 only the compressors are turned off and than display shows <b>b1Ah - b2Ah</b> , the buzzer and the alarm relay are not activated. If AL38=1 only the compressors are turned off and than display shows <b>b1AH - b2AH</b> , the buzzer and the alarm relay are activated. If the alarm comes from the digital input also the anti-freeze heaters are turned on.

### **Attention**


Par. **AL35** anti-freeze alarm delay (low outlet air temperature air/air unit) when the unit starts in heat pump mode.

In stand-by or remote OFF: there is an anti-freeze alarm and the time delay in AL35>0, if the unit is manually turned on in heat pump from keyboard or remote input, the alarm is reset so the unit can start at least for the time set in AL35 in order to heat the water or the air. After the AL35 delay if the anti-freeze probe is still lower than AL33 setpoint for AL36 seconds the unit is locked again with an anti-freeze alarm.


### **b1Cu – b2Cu Unloading disabled from High condensing temperature / pressure in chiller**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1CU</b> (unloading high temperature from condenser of the circuit 1) <b>b2CU</b> (unloading high temperature from condenser of the circuit 2)
<b>Origin</b>	When the temperature/pressure of condenser probe control is higher then CO44
<b>Reset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ When the temperature/pressure of condenser probe is lower than CO44 – CO45 (differential)</li><li>▪ After unloading is activated and after Par. CO47</li></ul>
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer OFF

### **b1Cu – b2Cu: Unloading from low condensing temperature / pressure in Heat pump**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1CU</b> (unloading message from condenser 1) <b>b2CU</b> (unloading message from condenser 2)
<b>Origin</b>	During normal running condition when the temperature/pressure of evaporator/condenser probe is lower than < CO46 setpoint
<b>Reset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ when the temperature/pressure of evaporator/condenser probe value is higher than CO46 + CO47</li><li>▪ After unloading is activated and after Par. CO48</li></ul>
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer OFF

### **b1dF – b2dF Defrost alarm**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1dF</b> (Defrost alarm of the circuit 1) <b>b2dF</b> (Defrost alarm of the circuit 2)
<b>Origin</b>	Only in defrost if DF01 = 1,3 (defrost en temperature/pressure or external contact): when the defrost ends after the DF05 timeout.
<b>Reset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Stand - by or remote ON-OFF.</li><li>▪ Next defrost ends for temperature/pressure.</li></ul>
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic if next defrost ends for temperature/pressure, otherwise manual.
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer OFF

### **b1HP - b2HP High Pressure switch circuit 1 and 2**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1HP</b> (high pressure switch circuit #1) <b>b2HP</b> (high pressure switch circuit #2)
<b>Reason</b>	The unit is running and the digital input of the high pressure switch is active
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active
<b>Restart</b>	Reset procedure in Menu function Always manual AL54 = 0 Always automatic AL54 =16 From manual to utomatic if AL54 value is between 1 and 15

<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Condensing fan</b>	If FA02=0 the fan is forced at maximum speed for 60 seconds then switched off If FA02=1 the fan is forced at maximum speed for 60 seconds then regulate according to normal fan regulation

### b1hP - b2hP High pressure / Condensing High temperature of the Circuit


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1hP</b> (high pressure digital input of the circuit #1) <b>b2hP</b> (high pressure digital input of the circuit #2)
<b>Origin</b>	In chiller or heat pump, if the condensing probe is higher than AL09 setpoint.
<b>Reset</b>	If the condensing probe value is lower than AL09 –AL10 (differential)
<b>Restart</b>	Reset procedure in Menu function. Always manual AL54 = 0 Always automatic AL54 =16 From manual to automatic if AL54 value is between 1 and 15
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Condensing fan</b>	If FA02=0 the fan is forced at maximum speed for 60 seconds then switched off If FA02=1 the fan is forced at maximum speed for 60 seconds then regulate according to normal fan regulation

### b1lp - b2lp Low temperature / Low Condensing pressure of the Circuit


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1IP</b> (low pressure digital input of the circuit 1) <b>b2IP</b> (low pressure digital input of the circuit 2)
<b>Origin</b>	When the condensing probe value is lower than AL03 setpoint if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In chiller or heat pump</li> <li>Stand-by or remote OFF when AL08 = 1</li> <li>In defrost when AL06=1</li> </ul> The alarm is not signalled if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In defrost, for the time AL07, when the 4-way valve is turned on.</li> <li>For the time set in AL01 after turning on the compressor.</li> </ul>
<b>Reset</b>	When the condensing probe temperature is higher than AL03 + AL04 (differential)
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic– Manual after AL05 events per hour (Reset procedure in Menu function).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on

### b1LP - b2LP low pressure switch circuit #1 or 2

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1LP</b> (low pressure switch circuit #1) <b>b2LP</b> (low pressure switch circuit #2)
--	--


<b>Origin</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•With the digital input is active</li> <li>•If AL08=1, also in stand-by or remote OFF, when the low pressure switch input is active.</li> <li>•In defrost if AL06=1 when the compressor low pressure switch input is active.</li> </ul> <p>The alarm is not signalled if :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•In defrost for the time AL07 when the 4-way valve is activated.</li> <li>•During the AL01 delay after turning on the compressor.</li> </ul>
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic - Manual after AL05 events per hour (Reset procedure in Menu function)
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on

### **b1lp - b2lp Low evaporating pressure of the circuit (with pressure transducers only)**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1IP</b> (low evaporator pressure from analogue input #1) <b>b2IP</b> (low evaporator pressure from analogue input #2)
<b>Origin</b>	<p>The alarm is activated when at least one of the probes , configured as evaporating control, is lower than AL03 setpoint if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•In chiller or heat pump mode;</li> <li>•Stand-by or remote OFF when AL08 = 1</li> <li>•In defrost when AL06=1</li> </ul> <p>The alarm is not signalled if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•In defrost ,for the time AL07, when the 4-way valve is turned on.</li> <li>•For the time set in AL01 after turning on the compressor.</li> </ul>
<b>Reset</b>	When the condensing probe temperature is higher than AL03 + AL04 (differential)
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic– Manual after AL05 events per hour (Reset procedure in Menu function).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on


**ATTENTION** When the pressure transducers are configured the low pressure alarms are related only to transducer values.

### **b1PH - b2PH: Pump Down stop alarm from pressure switch / Low pressure switch**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1PH</b> (Pump down stop alarm of the circuit 1) <b>b2PH</b> (Pump down stop alarm of the circuit 2)
<b>Origin</b>	<p>Pressure switch: if CO36 = 1,2,3,4 and ID not active, the pump down stops because of the timeout CO39.</p> <p>Transducer: if CO36 = 1,2,3,4 and the set CO37 is not reached: the pump stops because of the timeout CO39.</p>
<b>Reset</b>	From thermoregulation start-up and ID not active From thermoregulation start-up with evaporating pressure higher than CO37 + CO38 (differential)
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – Manual and logged after AL21 events per hour (reset procedure in function menu).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON when it becomes manual

### **b1PL - b2PL Alarm during the Pump Down start-up from pump down pressure switch / Low pressure transducer**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1PL</b> (pump down alarm in start-up of circuit 1) <b>b2PL</b> (pump down alarm in start-up of circuit 2)
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<b>Origin</b>	Pump down pressure switch : CO36 = 1, 2, 3, 4 and compressors start-up and digital input not active for the time set in CO39 Pump down transducer: CO36 = 1, 2, 3, 4, compressors start-up and the set CO37 is not reached in the interval time CO39.
<b>Reset</b>	From thermoregulation start-up and ID not active From thermoregulation start-up with evaporating pressure higher than CO37 + CO38 (differential)
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic - Manual and logged after AL21 events per hour if AL23=1 (reset procedure in function menu). If AL23 = 0 it is automatic and not logged.
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON when it becomes manual


### **b1rC – b2rC recovery disabled from high condensing temperature/pressure in Chiller**

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1rC</b> (recovery disabled message from circuit 1) <b>b2rC</b> (recovery disabled message from circuit 2)
<b>Origin</b>	In normal running condition when the temperature/pressure probe value is higher than the set rC06
<b>Reset</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ When the temperature/pressure probe value is lower than the rC06 – rC07(differential)</li> <li>▪ Unloading start after the time delay Par. rC08</li> </ul>
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer OFF

### **b1tF- b2tF Condenser fan overload alarm**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1tF</b> (Condenser fan overload alarm of the circuit #1) <b>b2tF</b> (Condenser fan overload alarm of the circuit #2)
<b>Origin</b>	When the digital input is active
<b>Reset</b>	When the digital input is not active
<b>Restart</b>	Manual (reset from the function menu)
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON

### **b1UA, b2UA Expansion valve 1 or Expansion Valve 2 Alarm**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>b1UA</b> (expansion valve 1 alarm) <b>b2UA</b> (expansion valve 2 alarm)
<b>Origin</b>	When the electronic expansion valve is on alarm
<b>Reset</b>	Automatic when the alarm is solved
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic
<b>Symbol</b>	 blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regolatori</b>	
<b>Loads</b>	Load of the circuit OFF

### **C1dt - C2dt - C3dt - C4dt – C5dt - C6dt High compressor discharge temperature alarm**


<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>C1dt</b> (High discharge temperature of the compressor 1) -... <b>C6dt</b> (High discharge temperature of the compressor 6)
<b>Origin</b>	The compressor discharge temperature is higher than AL39 setpoint. <b>ATTENTION</b> The display resolution is 0.1°C until the read-out is 99.9, over 100°C it is 1°C.

<b>Reset</b>	If the probe value of the high discharge temperature is lower than "AL39 - AL40 (differential)"
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic. Manual when there are AL41 per hour (Reset procedure in Menu function).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay and buzzer on
<b>Compressor involved</b>	OFF


### C1HP - C2HP - C3HP - C4HP- C5HP – C6HP compressor high pressure alarms

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>C1HP</b> ( compressor 1 high pressure alarm) – ... <b>C6HP</b> (compressor 6 high pressure alarm)
<b>Origin</b>	The unit is running and the digital input of the compressor high pressure switch is active
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active
<b>Restart</b>	Reset procedure in Menu function Reset procedure in Menu function Always manual AL54 = 0 Always automatic AL54 =16 From manual to automatic if AL54 value is between 1 and 15
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Condensing fan</b>	If FA02=0 the fan is forced at maximum speed for 60 seconds then switched off If FA02=1 the fan is forced at maximum speed for 60 seconds then regulate according to normal fan regulation

### C1Mn - C2Mn - C3Mn - C4Mn – C5Mn – C6Mn -Compressor maintenance

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>C1Mn</b> (Compressor 1 maintenance) –... <b>C6Mn</b> (Compressor 6 maintenance)
<b>Origin</b>	Compressor running hours > Hour counter setpoint
<b>Reset</b>	Hour reset in function menu
<b>Restart</b>	Manual
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Regulation</b>	
<b>Action</b>	Only display warning messages
<b>Loads</b>	Not changed

### C1oP - C2oP - C3oP - C4oP - - C5oP – C6oP Pressure switch alarm / compressor oil

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>C1oP</b> (Compressor 1 pressure switch ... <b>C6oP</b> (Compressor 6 pressure switch)
<b>Origin</b>	The alarm is not signalled: during the AL01 delay after turning on the compressor, during the AL12 delay that starts after the AL11 delay when the unit is properly running
<b>Reset</b>	Digital input not active
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic - Manual after AL013 events per hour (Reset procedure in Menu function). If AL76=1 the alarm is only a warning and the compressor remains on
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay + and buzzer on

### OIL ALARM FROM PRESSOSTAT SWITCH OR OIL LEVEL SWITCH (screw)

Occasionally it is possible to find both the safety systems, the delay, the active input duration and the number of events per hour allow to set-up both the protections.

Par. **AL11** Oil alarm delay after on compressor.

It allows to set a time delay before signalling the oil or the oil level switch alarms after the on compressor.

Par. **AL12** Duration of the pressure switch / oil level switch in normal operating conditions.


Duration of the oil level switch activation during normal running condition.

It allows to set the time delay before signalling the alarm. **AL11** defines the delay counting, it helps to override the low pressure or the low oil level determined, for example, by a new partialization step of the compressor itself.


Par. **AL13** Maximum number of alarm events per hour.

It determines the maximum number of alarm events before switching the restart from automatic to manual.

### C1Pd - C2Pd – compressor oil differential pressure

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>C1Pd (compressor 1)</b> <b>C2Pd (compressor 2)</b>
<b>Origin</b>	Pistons compressor: Compressor oil pressure – evaporating pressure < AL78 Screw compressor: Condensing pressure – compressor oil pressure > AL78
<b>Reset</b>	Pistons compressor: Compressor oil pressure – evaporating pressure > AL78 + AL79 Screw compressor: Condensing pressure – compressor oil pressure < AL78 - AL79
<b>Restart</b>	Automatic – Manual after AL80 events per hour (Reset procedure in Menu function).
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm Relay and buzzer on
<b>Compressor / circuit involved</b>	OFF If more than one compressor is configured in the compressors are OFF

### C1tr - C2tr - C3tr - C4tr – C5tr - C6tr Compressor overload alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	C1tr (Compressor 1 overload alarm) -... C6tr (Compressor 6 overload alarm)
<b>Origin</b>	With active digital input. The alarm is not detected within the AL19 time delay after the on compressor
<b>Reset</b>	When the digital input is not active
<b>Restart</b>	AL77=0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Manual reset in Alrm menu if AL20=1÷16</li> <li>Manual reset in cOtr menu; if AL20=0 or number of alarm per hour = AL20, password is requested</li> </ul> AL77=1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Automatic reset if the number of alarm per hour &lt; AL20 or if AL20=16</li> <li>Manual reset in Alrm menu if the number of alarm per hour = AL20</li> </ul>
<b>Symbol</b>	On the display the symbol  is blinking
<b>Action</b>	Alarm relay + buzzer ON
<b>Compressor involved</b>	OFF if AL47=0 or AL47=1
<b>Compressor not involved</b>	OFF if AL47=1

### noL Keyboard Alarm

<b>Label on alarm visualization menu</b>	<b>keyboard Alarm description</b>
<b>noL</b>	No data communication between the keyboard and the regulator.



## Alarm relay and buzzer

Alarm relay / buzzer outputs

<b>Origin</b>	Alarms still active Alarms not reset
<b>Reset relay alarm</b>	Whitout alarms In stand- by or remote ON-O FF if AL42 = 1
<b>Buzzer silencing</b>	By pushing one of the key of the front panel

The alarm relay is enabled only by configuring the corresponding output resource.

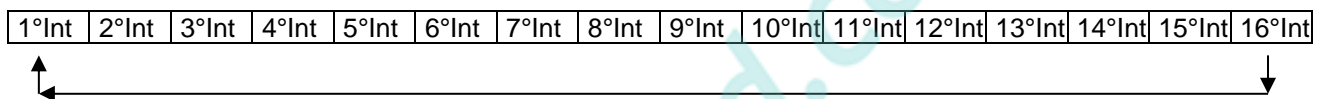
## 46. MANUAL ALARM PROCEDURE

### CONCEPT OF NUMBER OF EVENTS PER HOUR

For some alarms is possible to set a number of alarms per hour:

- if the alarm occurs a number of time lower than the value set, the alarm is automatic reset
- if the alarm occurs a number of time equal the value set, the alarm is manual reset

Each hour is divided in 16<sup>th</sup> intervals (each interval is  $3600 / 16 = 225$  seconds).



After the unit start-up, each interval is marked as “not active”. During the interval counting, for 255seconds, if at least an alarm event appears, the interval itself is marked “Active”.

Starting from the first interval the instrument calculates the 16 intervals and, at the end, it restats overwriting from the first.

In this way the last hour is always monitored and counted the active intervals. when the number of active intervals reaches the threshold set with the corresponding parameter the alarm becomes manual.

By setting the threshold (parameter)=0 the alarm is manual from its first activation while if the threshold=16 the alarm is always automatic .

## 47. ALARMS LIST

### 47.1 MACHINE ALARMS

Alarm Code	Alarm description	Comp.	Anti freeze heaters Boiler	Support heaters	Evaporator Pump / Supply fan	Condenser Pump	Domestic hot water Water pump	Solar panel Water pump	Ventilaz. cond. Cir1 Cir2	Auxiliary relay
<b>ACF1</b> ... <b>AC13</b>	Configuration alarm	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
<b>ACFL</b>	Condenser flow alarm	OFF				OFF (3)			OFF	
<b>AEE</b>	Eeprom alarm	OFF			OFF	OFF			OFF	OFF
<b>AEFL</b>	Evaporator flow alarm	OFF	OFF (boiler)		OFF (3)				OFF	
<b>AEht</b>	High water temperature inlat evaporator	OFF								
<b>AEUn</b>	Unloading signalling from high temp. of evaporator water									
<b>AHFL</b>	Domestic hot water flow switch alarm	OFF (6)				OFF	OFF			
<b>ALC1</b>	General alarm	OFF			OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
<b>ALC2</b>	General alarm type 2	OFF (3)			OFF (3)	OFF (3)	OFF (3)	OFF (3)	OFF (3)	
<b>ALOC</b>	Generic alarm	OFF			OFF	OFF			OFF	OFF
<b>ALSf</b>	Phase sequence alarm	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
<b>ALti</b>	Low air temperature of the evaporator inlet (air / air unit) Alarm									
<b>ALti</b>	Low evaporator inlet temperature in air/air unit									
<b>AP1</b> ... <b>AP8</b>	Probe alarm	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)
<b>APE1</b> ... <b>APE8</b>	I/O Expansion probe alarm	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	
<b>APFL</b>	Solar panel flow switch alarm	OFF (6)						OFF	OFF	
<b>APr1</b> <b>APr2</b>	Remote keyboard probe alarm	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)	OFF (1)

<b>APU1</b> ... <b>APU4</b>	IEV Electronic Expansion Valve probe alarm	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	
<b>ASLA</b>	Serial communication failure with I/O expansion	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
<b>AtAS</b>	Domestic hot water pump overload	OFF (6)								
<b>AtC1</b>	Condenser 1 water pump overload alarm	OFF (4)				OFF			OFF	
<b>AtC2</b>	Condenser 2 water pump overload alarm	OFF (4)				OFF			OFF	
<b>AtE1</b>	Evaporator 1 water pump overload alarm	OFF (4)	OFF (boiler) (5)		OFF				OFF	
<b>AtE2</b>	Evaporator 2 water pump overload alarm	OFF (4)	OFF (boiler) (5)		OFF				OFF	
<b>AtHS</b>	Domestic hot water heaters overload									
<b>AtSF</b>	Fan supply overload alarm	OFF		OFF	OFF				OFF	
<b>AUAL</b>	Serial communication failure with IEV expansion valve driver	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
<b>AtrE</b>	Remote terminal Visograph 2.0 communication alarm	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
<b>Atr1</b> <b>Atr2</b>	Remote terminal VI622 / TI620 communication alarm	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

(1) = if the probe is the regulation probe

(2) = with probe configured as auxiliary relay control

(3) = with manual alarm procedure

(4) = Off compressors with only 1 water pump configured or with 2 pumps but both in alarm from the corresponding digital inputs.

(5) = Boiler heaters off with only 1 water pump configured or with 2 pumps but both in alarm from the corresponding digital inputs (in this case the boiler heaters are on only with thermoregulation anti-freeze setpoint as evaporator protection function)

(6) Compressors switched off in case of only production of domestic hot water

(7) In case of expansion valve probe alarm all load of the circuit are OFF

## 47.2 CIRCUIT ALARM

Alarm Code	Alarm description	Compressors of the circuit (n)	Compressors of the other circuit	Fan condensing of the circuit (n)	Fan condensing of the other circuit
<b>b(n)AC</b>	Anti-freeze in chiller of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)Ac</b>	Anti-freeze circuit (n) message in chiller				
<b>b(n)AH</b>	Anti-freeze in heat pump of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)Ah</b>	Anti-freeze circuit (n) message in heat pump				
<b>b(n)Cu</b>	Unloading from condenser high temp/press of the circuit (n)				
<b>b(n)Cu</b>	Unloading from evaporator low temp/press of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)dF</b>	Bad defrost circuit (n)				
<b>b(n)ds</b>	Circuit (n) disabled from keyboard	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)HP</b>	High pressure switch of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF after 60 seconds	
<b>b(n)hP</b>	High condensing pressure of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF after 60 seconds	
<b>b(n)hP</b>	High condensing temperature from NTC of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF after 60 seconds	
<b>b(n)LP</b>	Low pressure switch of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)LP</b>	Low condensing pressure - (evaporating with low pressure transducer) with transducer of the circuit of the (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)IP</b>	Low condensing temperature NTC circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)PH</b>	Pump down alarm in stop regulation of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)PL</b>	Pump down in regulation start-up of the circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)rC</b>	Recovery function disabled in circuit (n)				
<b>b(n)tF</b>	Fan overload circuit (n)	OFF		OFF	
<b>b(n)UA</b>	Expansion valve 1 or valve 2 alarm (n)	OFF		OFF	

(n) identifies the circuit 1 or 2

### 47.3 COMPRESSOR ALARM

Alarm Code	Alarm description	Compressor (n)	Compressors not involved
<b>C(n)dS</b>	Compressor (n) disabled from keyboard	OFF	
<b>C(n)dt</b>	Compressor high discharge temperature	OFF	
<b>C(n)HP</b>	Compressor(n) high pressure switch	OFF	
<b>C(n)oP</b>	Compressor(n) oil pressure switch / Oil level switch	OFF	
<b>C(n)Pd</b>	Compressor oil differential	OFF	
<b>C(n)tr</b>	Compressor(n) overload	OFF	

(n) identifies the compressor 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

### 47.4 WARNING

Alarm Code	Alarm description
<b>noL</b>	Link problem between the I chill and the remote keyboard
<b>AEP1</b>	Evaporator 1 water pump maintenance
<b>AEP2</b>	Evaporator 2 water pump maintenance support
<b>ACP1</b>	Condenser 1 water pump maintenance
<b>ACP2</b>	Condenser 2 water pump maintenance
<b>ASAn</b>	Domestic hot water pump maintenance
<b>ASUn</b>	Solar panel water pump maintenance
<b>ArtC</b>	Clock to be set
<b>ArtF</b>	Clock failure
<b>C(n)Mn</b>	Compressor(n) maintenance

## 48. ICHILL ANALOG AND DIGITAL OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

### 48.1 ANALOG INPUT PB1 – PB2 – PB6 – PB7 – PB8

0. Not enabled
1. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 1 discharge
2. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 2 discharge
3. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 3 discharge
4. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 4 discharge
5. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 5 discharge
6. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 6 discharge
7. Temperature probe **PTC** for solar panel
8. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator inlet
9. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 1 outlet
10. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 2 outlet
11. Temperature probe **NTC** for common evaporator outlet
12. Temperature probe **NTC** for common hot water condenser / recovery inlet
13. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 inlet
14. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 inlet
15. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 outlet
16. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 outlet
17. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery common outlet
18. Temperature probe **NTC** for free cooling water inlet circuit
19. Temperature probe **NTC** for dynamic setpoint external air / boiler / change over
20. Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 1
21. Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 2
22. Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 1
23. Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 2
24. Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 1
25. Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 2
26. Temperature probe **NTC** solar panel
27. Temperature probe **NTC** recovery function
28. Temperature probe **NTC** for condensing circuit 1
29. Temperature probe **NTC** for condensing circuit 2

After the number 28 the configuration can be selected from **o 1** to **c75** that allows to set an analogue input as digital input (see polarity of the digital input/outputs).

### 48.2 ANALOG INPUT PB3 - PB4 – PB5

- 0 Not enabled
- 1 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 1 discharge
- 2 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 2 discharge
- 3 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 3 discharge
- 4 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 4 discharge
- 5 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 5 discharge
- 6 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 6 discharge
- 7 Temperature probe **PTC** for solar panel
- 8 Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator inlet
- 9 Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 1 outlet
- 10 Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 2 outlet
- 11 Temperature probe **NTC** for common evaporator outlet
- 12 Temperature probe **NTC** for common hot water condenser / recovery inlet
- 13 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 inlet
- 14 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 inlet
- 15 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 outlet
- 16 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 outlet
- 17 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery common outlet
- 18 Temperature probe **NTC** for free cooling water inlet circuit
- 19 Temperature probe **NTC** for dynamic setpoint external air / boiler / change over
- 20 Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 1

- 21 Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 2
- 22 Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 1
- 23 Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 2
- 24 Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 1
- 25 Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 2
- 26 Temperature probe **NTC** solar panel
- 27 Temperature probe **NTC** recovery function
- 28 Condenser probe circuit 1 ( temperature **NTC** / pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 29 Condenser probe circuit 2 ( temperature **NTC** / pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 30 Evaporator pressure probe circuit 1 (pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 31 Evaporator pressure probe circuit 1 (pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 32 Aux 1 output probe control (**4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt**)
- 33 Aux 2 output probe control (**4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt**)
- 34 Dynamic setpoint probe (**4÷20 mA**)
- 35 Compressor 1 or circuit 1 pressure probe
- 36 Compressor 2 or circuit 2 pressure probe

After the number 35 the display read-out goes from “o 1” to “c75 that allows to set an analogue input as digital input (see polarity input of digital inputs).

### 48.3 DIGITAL INPUT ID1 – ID9

- 0. Not enabled
- 1. Remote ON / OFF
- 2. Remote chiller / heat pump
- 3. Flow switch/ Supply fan overload
- 4. Flow switch of heated side
- 5. Antifreeze heater circuit 1
- 6. Antifreeze heater circuit 2
- 7. High pressure switch circuit 1
- 8. High pressure switch circuit 2
- 9. Low pressure switch circuit 1
- 10. Low pressure switch circuit 2
- 11. Compressor 1 high pressure
- 12. Compressor 2 high pressure
- 13. Compressor 3 high pressure
- 14. Compressor 4 high pressure
- 15. Compressor 5 high pressure
- 16. Compressor 6 high pressure
- 17. Compressor 1 overload
- 18. Compressor 2 overload
- 19. Compressor 3 overload
- 20. Compressor 4 overload
- 21. Compressor 5 overload
- 22. Compressor 6 overload
- 23. Condenser fan overload of circuit 1
- 24. Condenser fan overload of circuit 2
- 25. Condenser fan overload of circuit 1 and 2 (comun)
- 26. Water pump overload of evaporator 1
- 27. Water support pump overload of evaporator
- 28. Water pump overload of condenser 1
- 29. Water support pump overload of condenser
- 30. Recovery request circuit 1
- 31. Recovery request circuit 2
- 32. Start/End defrost circuit 1
- 33. Start/End defrost circuit 2
- 34. Energy Saving
- 35. Pressure switch / compressor 1 oil
- 36. Pressure switch / compressor 2 oil
- 37. Pressure switch / compressor 3 oil
- 38. Pressure switch / compressor 4 oil
- 39. Pressure switch / compressor 5 oil
- 40. Pressure switch / compressor 6 oil
- 41. Pump down pressure switch of circuit 1

42. Pump down pressure switch of circuit 2
43. Generic alarm from digital input with stop regulation n° 1
44. Generic alarm from digital input with stop or signal regulation n° 2
45. Operation working mode: by RTC or keyboard
46. Operation mode with supply fan only
47. Digital input of thermoregulation request (condensing unit)
48. Digital input of cooling request (condensing unit)
49. Digital input of heating request (condensing unit)
50. Request step 2 (condensing unit)
51. Request step 3 (condensing unit)
52. Request step 4 (condensing unit)
53. Request step 5 (condensing unit)
54. Request step 6 (condensing unit)
55. Request step 7 (condensing unit)
56. Request step 8 (condensing unit)
57. Request step 9 (condensing unit)
58. Request step 10 (condensing unit)
59. Request step 11 (condensing unit)
60. Request step 12 (condensing unit)
61. Request step 13 (condensing unit)
62. Request step 14 (condensing unit)
63. Request step 15 (condensing unit)
64. Request step 16 (condensing unit)
65. Domestic hot water flow switch
66. Solar panel flow switch
67. Only domestic hot water
68. Domestic hot water heaters overload
69. Domestic hot water pump overload
70. Domestic hot water second set point
71. Phase sequence alarm
72. Domestic hot water priority
73. Free cooling water pump flow switch
74. Expansion valve 1 alarm
75. Expansion valve 2 alarm
76. Condenser antifreeze alarm circuit n° 1
77. Condenser antifreeze alarm circuit n° 2
78. Compressor 1 of condensing unit
79. Compressor 2 of condensing unit
80. Compressor 3 of condensing unit
81. Compressor 4 of condensing unit
82. Compressor 5 of condensing unit
83. Compressor 6 of condensing unit
84. First compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
85. Second compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
86. Third compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
87. Fourth compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
88. Fifth compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
89. First compressor circuit 2 of condensing unit
90. Second compressor circuit 2 of condensing unit
91. Third compressor circuit 2 of condensing unit
92. Common circuit recovery request
93. Unloading circuit 1
94. Unloading circuit 2

#### **48.4 DIGITAL OUTPUT RL1- RL7**

0. Not enabled
1. Alarm
2. Evaporator water pump / Supply fan
3. Support water pump of the evaporator
4. Evaporator anti-freeze heater circuit 1
5. Evaporator anti-freeze heater circuit 2



6. Supply / boiler heaters circuit 1
7. Supply / boiler heaters circuit 2
8. Condenser anti-freeze heater circuit 1
9. Condenser anti-freeze heater circuit 2
10. Water pump of the condenser recovery circuit
11. Support water pump of the condenser recovery circuit
12. 4-way valve for chiller / heat pump inversion of the circuit 1
13. 4-way valve for chiller / heat pump inversion of the circuit 2
14. 1° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
15. 2° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
16. 3° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
17. 4° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
18. 1° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
19. 2° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
20. 3° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
21. 4° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
22. Solenoid valve of the pump-down circuit 1
23. Solenoid valve of the pump-down circuit 2
24. Recovery valve circuit 1
25. Recovery valve circuit 2
26. Free cooling ON/OFF valve
27. Auxiliary output 1
28. Auxiliary output 2
29. Solenoid valve Intermittent for screw compressor 1
30. Solenoid valve Intermittent for screw compressor 2
31. Solenoid valve of the liquid injection for compressor 1
32. Solenoid valve of the liquid injection for compressor 2
33. Domestic hot valve 1
34. Domestic hot valve 2
35. Domestic hot heater 1
36. Domestic hot heater 2
37. Domestic hot heater 3
38. Solar panel water pump
39. Solar panel valve
40. Domestic hot water pump
41. Hybrid exchanger 1 circuit 1
42. Hybrid exchanger 2 circuit 1
43. Hybrid exchanger 1 circuit 2
44. Hybrid exchanger 2 circuit 2
45. Cooling/Heating status circuit 1
46. Cooling/Heating status circuit 2
47. Defrost status circuit 1
48. Defrost status circuit 2
49. Status of the regulation circuit 1
50. Status of the regulation circuit 2
51. Domestic hot water status
52. STD-BY/Remote OFF status
53. Solenoid water valve circuit 1
54. Solenoid water valve circuit 2
55. Direct start-up : compressor 1 relay  
PW start: relay PW 1 of the compressor 1
56. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 1
57. Capacity step valve 1 compressor 1
58. Capacity step valve 2 compressor 1
59. Capacity step valve 3 compressor 1
60. By-pass gas valve compressor 1
61. Direct start: compressor 2 start  
PW start: relay 1 of the compressor 2
62. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 2
63. Capacity step valve 1 compressor 2
64. Capacity step valve 2 compressor 2
65. Capacity step valve 3 compressor 2

66. By-pass gas valve compressor 2
67. Direct start: compressor 3 relay  
PW start: relay PW 1 of the compressor 3
68. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 3
69. Capacity step valve 1 compressor 3
70. Capacity step valve 2 compressor 3
71. Capacity step valve 3 compressor 3
72. By-pass gas valve compressor 3
73. Direct start: compressor 4 relay  
PW start: PW 1 of the compressor 4
74. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 4
75. Capacity step valve 1 of the compressor 4
76. Capacity step valve 2 of the compressor 4
77. Capacity step valve 3 of the compressor 4
78. By-pass gas valve compressor 4
79. Compressor 5
80. Compressor 6

#### 48.5 ANALOG OUTPUT OUT1 (0 – 10 VOLT / 4..20MA)

- 0 Not enabled
- 1 Modulated evaporator water pump
- 2 Modulated Free cooling valve
- 3 not used
- 4 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 1
- 5 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 2
- 6 Proportional output for modulating compressor 1
- 7 Proportional output for modulating compressor 2
- 8 Condenser fan circuit 1
- 9 Condenser fan circuit 2

After selection number 9 it is possible to configure the analog output as digital output with the same meaning of the relays configuration; every analog output can be configured from “o 1” to “c54” (see relay configuration table).

#### 48.6 ANALOG OUTPUT OUT2 E OUT3 (0 – 10 VOLT / 4..20MA / PWM)

- 0 Not enabled
- 1 Modulated evaporator water pump (0..10 Vdc)
- 2 Modulated Free cooling valve (0..10 Vdc)
- 3 not used
- 4 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 1 (0..10 Vdc)
- 5 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 2 (0..10 Vdc)
- 6 Proportional output for modulating compressor 1 (0..10 Vdc)
- 7 Proportional output for modulating compressor 2 (0..10 Vdc)
- 8 Condenser fan circuit 1 (0..10 Vdc)
- 9 Condenser fan circuit 2 (0..10 Vdc)
- 10 Condenser fan circuit 1 (PWM)
- 11 Condenser fan circuit 2 (PWM)

After selection number 11 it is possible to configure the analog output as digital output with the same meaning of the relays configuration; every analog output can be configured from “o 1” to “c54” (see relay configuration table).

#### 48.7 OTHER OUTPUTS

- LAN to connect I/O Expansion module (IPX207D model)
- Serial output TTL to connect the HotKey, or Personal computer (through hardware interface) for parameters programming with Wizmate software, or XJ485RS device for connection to XWEB supervisor system.
- Remote keyboard (LED or LCD depending from the I chill model).

## 49. I/O EXPANSION ANALOG AND DIGITAL OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

### 49.1 ANALOG INPUT PB1 – PB2 – PB6 – PB7 – PB8

0. Not enabled
1. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 1 discharge
2. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 2 discharge
3. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 3 discharge
4. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 4 discharge
5. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 5 discharge
6. Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 6 discharge
7. Temperature probe **PTC** for solar panel
8. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator inlet
9. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 1 outlet
10. Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 2 outlet
11. Temperature probe **NTC** for common evaporator outlet
12. Temperature probe **NTC** for common hot water condenser / recovery inlet
13. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 inlet
14. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 inlet
15. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 outlet
16. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 outlet
17. Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery common outlet
18. Temperature probe **NTC** for free cooling water inlet circuit
19. Temperature probe **NTC** for dynamic setpoint external air / boiler / change over
20. Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 1
21. Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 2
22. Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 1
23. Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 2
24. Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 1
25. Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 2
26. Temperature probe **NTC** solar panel
27. Temperature probe **NTC** recovery function
28. Temperature probe **NTC** for condensing circuit 1
29. Temperature probe **NTC** for condensing circuit 2

After the number 28 the configuration can be selected from **o 1** to **c75** that allows to set an analogue input as digital input (see polarity of the digital input/outputs).

### 49.2 ANALOG INPUT PB3 - PB4 – PB5

- 0 Not enabled
- 1 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 1 discharge
- 2 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 2 discharge
- 3 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 3 discharge
- 4 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 4 discharge
- 5 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 5 discharge
- 6 Temperature probe **PTC** for compressor 6 discharge
- 7 Temperature probe **PTC** for solar panel
- 8 Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator inlet
- 9 Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 1 outlet
- 10 Temperature probe **NTC** for evaporator 2 outlet
- 11 Temperature probe **NTC** for common evaporator outlet
- 12 Temperature probe **NTC** for common hot water condenser / recovery inlet
- 13 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 inlet
- 14 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 inlet
- 15 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 1 outlet
- 16 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery circuit 2 outlet
- 17 Temperature probe **NTC** for hot water of the condenser / recovery common outlet
- 18 Temperature probe **NTC** for free cooling water inlet circuit
- 19 Temperature probe **NTC** for dynamic setpoint external air / boiler / change over
- 20 Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 1

- 21 Temperature probe **NTC** for combined defrost circuit 2
- 22 Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 1
- 23 Temperature probe **NTC** for auxiliary output 2
- 24 Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 1
- 25 Temperature probe **NTC** domestic hot water 2
- 26 Temperature probe **NTC** solar panel
- 27 Temperature probe **NTC** recovery function
- 28 Condenser probe circuit 1 ( temperature **NTC** / pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 29 Condenser probe circuit 2 ( temperature **NTC** / pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 30 Evaporator pressure probe circuit 1 (pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 31 Evaporator pressure probe circuit 1 (pressure **4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt** )
- 32 Aux 1 output probe control (**4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt**)
- 33 Aux 2 output probe control (**4÷20 mA** / ratio-metric **0÷ 5Volt**)
- 34 Dynamic setpoint probe (**4÷20 mA**)
- 35 Compressor 1 or circuit 1 pressure probe
- 36 Compressor 2 or circuit 2 pressure probe

After the number 35 the display read-out goes from “o 1” to “c75 that allows to set an analogue input as digital input (see polarity input of digital inputs).

### 49.3 DIGITAL INPUT ID1 – ID9

- 0. Not enabled
- 1. Remote ON / OFF
- 2. Remote chiller / heat pump
- 3. Flow switch/ Supply fan overload
- 4. Flow switch of heated side
- 5. Antifreeze heater circuit 1
- 6. Antifreeze heater circuit 2
- 7. High pressure switch circuit 1
- 8. High pressure switch circuit 2
- 9. Low pressure switch circuit 1
- 10. Low pressure switch circuit 2
- 11. Compressor 1 high pressure
- 12. Compressor 2 high pressure
- 13. Compressor 3 high pressure
- 14. Compressor 4 high pressure
- 15. Compressor 5 high pressure
- 16. Compressor 6 high pressure
- 17. Compressor 1 overload
- 18. Compressor 2 overload
- 19. Compressor 3 overload
- 20. Compressor 4 overload
- 21. Compressor 5 overload
- 22. Compressor 6 overload
- 23. Condenser fan overload of circuit 1
- 24. Condenser fan overload of circuit 2
- 25. Condenser fan overload of circuit 1 and 2 (comun)
- 26. Water pump overload of evaporator 1
- 27. Water support pump overload of evaporator
- 28. Water pump overload of condenser 1
- 29. Water support pump overload of condenser
- 30. Recovery request circuit 1
- 31. Recovery request circuit 2
- 32. Start/End defrost circuit 1
- 33. Start/End defrost circuit 2
- 34. Energy Saving
- 35. Pressure switch / compressor 1 oil
- 36. Pressure switch / compressor 2 oil
- 37. Pressure switch / compressor 3 oil
- 38. Pressure switch / compressor 4 oil
- 39. Pressure switch / compressor 5 oil
- 40. Pressure switch / compressor 6 oil
- 41. Pump down pressure switch of circuit 1

42. Pump down pressure switch of circuit 2
43. Generic alarm from digital input with stop regulation n° 1
44. Generic alarm from digital input with stop or signal regulation n° 2
45. Operation working mode: by RTC or keyboard
46. Operation mode with supply fan only
47. Digital input of thermoregulation request (condensing unit)
48. Digital input of cooling request (condensing unit)
49. Digital input of heating request (condensing unit)
50. Request step 2 (condensing unit)
51. Request step 3 (condensing unit)
52. Request step 4 (condensing unit)
53. Request step 5 (condensing unit)
54. Request step 6 (condensing unit)
55. Request step 7 (condensing unit)
56. Request step 8 (condensing unit)
57. Request step 9 (condensing unit)
58. Request step 10 (condensing unit)
59. Request step 11 (condensing unit)
60. Request step 12 (condensing unit)
61. Request step 13 (condensing unit)
62. Request step 14 (condensing unit)
63. Request step 15 (condensing unit)
64. Request step 16 (condensing unit)
65. Domestic hot water flow switch
66. Solar panel flow switch
67. Only domestic hot water
68. Domestic hot water heaters overload
69. Domestic hot water pump overload
70. Domestic hot water second set point
71. Phase sequence alarm
72. Domestic hot water priority
73. Free cooling water pump flow switch
74. Expansion valve 1 alarm
75. Expansion valve 2 alarm
76. Condenser antifreeze alarm circuit n° 1
77. Condenser antifreeze alarm circuit n° 2
78. Compressor 1 of condensing unit
79. Compressor 2 of condensing unit
80. Compressor 3 of condensing unit
81. Compressor 4 of condensing unit
82. Compressor 5 of condensing unit
83. Compressor 6 of condensing unit
84. First compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
85. Second compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
86. Third compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
87. Fourth compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
88. Fifth compressor circuit 1 of condensing unit
89. First compressor circuit 2 of condensing unit
90. Second compressor circuit 2 of condensing unit
91. Third compressor circuit 2 of condensing unit
92. Common circuit recovery request
93. Unloading circuit 1
94. Unloading circuit 2

#### **49.4 DIGITAL OUTPUT RL1- RL7**

0. Not enabled
1. Alarm
2. Evaporator water pump / Supply fan
3. Support water pump of the evaporator
4. Evaporator anti-freeze heater circuit 1
5. Evaporator anti-freeze heater circuit 2

6. Supply / boiler heaters circuit 1
7. Supply / boiler heaters circuit 2
8. Condenser anti-freeze heater circuit 1
9. Condenser anti-freeze heater circuit 2
10. Water pump of the condenser recovery circuit
11. Support water pump of the condenser recovery circuit
12. 4-way valve for chiller / heat pump inversion of the circuit 1
13. 4-way valve for chiller / heat pump inversion of the circuit 2
14. 1° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
15. 2° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
16. 3° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
17. 4° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 1
18. 1° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
19. 2° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
20. 3° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
21. 4° condenser fan step ON/OFF control of the circuit 2
22. Solenoid valve of the pump-down circuit 1
23. Solenoid valve of the pump-down circuit 2
24. Recovery valve circuit 1
25. Recovery valve circuit 2
26. Free cooling ON/OFF valve
27. Auxiliary output 1
28. Auxiliary output 2
29. Solenoid valve Intermittent for screw compressor 1
30. Solenoid valve Intermittent for screw compressor 2
31. Solenoid valve of the liquid injection for compressor 1
32. Solenoid valve of the liquid injection for compressor 2
33. Domestic hot valve 1
34. Domestic hot valve 2
35. Domestic hot heater 1
36. Domestic hot heater 2
37. Domestic hot heater 3
38. Solar panel water pump
39. Solar panel valve
40. Domestic hot water pump
41. Hybrid exchanger 1 circuit 1
42. Hybrid exchanger 2 circuit 1
43. Hybrid exchanger 1 circuit 2
44. Hybrid exchanger 2 circuit 2
45. Cooling/Heating status circuit 1
46. Cooling/Heating status circuit 2
47. Defrost status circuit 1
48. Defrost status circuit 2
49. Status of the regulation circuit 1
50. Status of the regulation circuit 2
51. Domestic hot water status
52. STD-BY/Remote OFF status
53. Solenoid water valve circuit 1
54. Solenoid water valve circuit 2
55. Direct start-up : compressor 1 relay  
PW start: relay PW 1 of the compressor 1
56. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 1
57. Capacity step valve 1 compressor 1
58. Capacity step valve 2 compressor 1
59. Capacity step valve 3 compressor 1
60. By-pass gas valve compressor 1
61. Direct start: compressor 2 start  
PW start: relay 1 of the compressor 2
62. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 2
63. Capacity step valve 1 compressor 2
64. Capacity step valve 2 compressor 2
65. Capacity step valve 3 compressor 2

- 66. By-pass gas valve compressor 2
- 67. Direct start: compressor 3 relay  
PW start: relay PW 1 of the compressor3
- 68. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 3
- 69. Capacity step valve 1 compressor 3
- 70. Capacity step valve 2 compressor 3
- 71. Capacity step valve 3 compressor 3
- 72. By-pass gas valve compressor 3
- 73. Direct start: compressor 4 relay  
PW start: PW 1 of the compressor 4
- 74. PW start: relay PW 2 of the compressor 4
- 75. Capacity step valve 1 of the compressor 4
- 76. Capacity step valve 2 of the compressor 4
- 77. Capacity step valve 3 of the compressor 4
- 78. By-pass gas valve compressor 4
- 79. Compressor 5
- 80. Compressor 6

#### 49.5 ANALOG OUTPUT OUT1 (0 – 10 VOLT / 4..20MA)

- 0 Not enabled
- 1 Modulated evaporator water pump
- 2 Modulated Free cooling valve
- 3 not used
- 4 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 1
- 5 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 2
- 6 Proportional output for modulating compressor 1
- 7 Proportional output for modulating compressor 2
- 8 Condenser fan circuit 1
- 9 Condenser fan circuit 2

After selection number 9 it is possible to configure the analog output as digital output with the same meaning of the relays configuration; every analog output can be configured from “o 1” to “c54” (see relay configuration table).

#### 49.6 ANALOG OUTPUT OUT2 E OUT3 (0 – 10 VOLT / 4..20MA / PWM)

- 0 Not enabled
- 1 Modulated evaporator water pump (0..10 Vdc)
- 2 Modulated Free cooling valve (0..10 Vdc)
- 3 not used
- 4 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 1 (0..10 Vdc)
- 5 Auxiliary output 0÷10V n° 2 (0..10 Vdc)
- 6 Proportional output for modulating compressor 1 (0..10 Vdc)
- 7 Proportional output for modulating compressor 2 (0..10 Vdc)
- 8 Condenser fan circuit 1 (0..10 Vdc)
- 9 Condenser fan circuit 2 (0..10 Vdc)
- 10 Condenser fan circuit 1 (PWM)
- 11 Condenser fan circuit 2 (PWM)

After selection number 11 it is possible to configure the analog output as digital output with the same meaning of the relays configuration; every analog output can be configured from “o 1” to “c54” (see relay configuration table).

#### 49.7 OTHER OUTPUTS

- o LAN to connect I/O Expansion module (IPX207D model)

## 50. PARAMETERS LIST

Parameter	Description	min	max	M. u.	Resolution
ST 1	Chiller Setpoint	ST02	ST03	°C/°F	dec/int
ST 2	Chiller minimum Setpoint	-50.0 -58	ST01	°C °F	Dec int
ST 3	Chiller maximum Setpoint	ST01	110 230	°C °F	Dec int
ST 4	Heat pump setpoint	ST05	ST06	°C/°F	dec/int
ST 5	Heat pump minimum Setpoint	-50.0 -58	ST04	°C °F	Dec int
ST 6	Heat pump maximum Setpoint	ST04	110 230	°C °F	Dec int
ST 7	Regulation band in chiller mode	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
ST 8	Regulation band in chiller heat pump	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
ST 9	Regulation probe selection in chiller 0= Temperature probe NTC for evaporator inlet 1= Temperature probe NTC for evaporator outlet 1 2= Temperature probe NTC for evaporator outlet 2 3= Temperature probe NTC for common evaporator outlet 4= Temperature NTC probe from remote panel 1 5= Temperature NTC probe from remote panel 2	0	5		
ST 10	Regulation probe selection in heat pump 0= Temperature probe NTC for evaporator inlet 1= Temperature probe NTC for evaporator outlet 1 2= Temperature probe NTC for evaporator outlet 2 3= Temperature probe NTC for common evaporator outlet 4= Temperature NTC probe from remote panel 1 5= Temperature NTC probe from remote panel 2 6= Temperature probe for water common inlet of the condenser 7= Temperature probe for water inlet of the circuit # 1 condenser 8= Temperature probe for water inlet of the circuit # 2 condenser 9= Temperature probe for water outlet of the circuit # 1 condenser 10= Temperature probe for water outlet of the circuit # 2 condenser 11= Temperature probe for water common outlet of the condenser	0	11		
ST 11	Type of thermoregulation 0= Proportional 1= Neutral zone	0	1		
<b>Visualizzazione display</b>					
Parameter	Description	min	max	M. u.	Resolution
dP 1	Default read-out of the top display	0	16		
dP 2	Default read-out of the bottom display	0	20		
dP 3	Default display read-out configuration top / bottom 0= Configurable 1= Top display: Evaporator IN, Bottom display: Evaporator OUT 2= Top display: Condenser IN, Bottom display: Condenser OUT 3= Top display: temperature/Condensing pressure, Bottom Display: evaporating pressure	0	3		
dP 4	Top display default read-out of the remote terminal_1 0= the read-out depends on the parameters dP01 – dP02 – dP03 1= the read-out shows the NTC probe of the remote panel.	0	1		
dP 5	Top display default read-out of the remote terminal_2 0= the read-out depends on the parameters dP01 – dP02 – dP03 1= the read-out shows the NTC probe of the remote panel.	0	1		
dP 6	Visograph: first probe visualized	0	39		
dP 7	Visograph: second probe visualized	0	39		
dP 8	Visograph: third probe visualized	0	39		
dP 9	Visograph: fourth probe visualized	0	39		
dP 10	Visualization in STD-BY 0= "STD-BY" 1= same visualization of dP1 and dP2 2= "OFF"	0	2		
Parameter	Description	min	max	M. u.	Resolution
<b>Unità</b>					
CF 1	Type of unit 0= Air / air Chiller 1= Air / water Chiller 2= Water / water Chiller	0	2		



<b>CF 2</b>	Selection type of unit 1= only chiller 2= only heat pump 3= chiller and heat pump	1	3		
<b>CF 3</b>	Condensing unit 0= no 1= si	0	1		
<b>CF 4</b>	Compressors number for circuit 1 1= 1 2= 2 3= 3 4= 4	1	4		
<b>CF 5</b>	Compressors number for circuit 2 0= 0 1= 1 2= 2 3= 3	0	3		
<b>CF 6</b>	Number of compressor parzialization 0= none 1= 1 2= 2 3= 3	0	3		
<b>CF 7</b>	Pressure or temperature analogue input functioning 0 = Temperature / pressure NTC – 4÷20 mA : The condensing temperature is controlled with NTC probe while for the evaporating pressures of the circuits 1 and 2 and the pressure probe configured as auxiliary output 1 and 2 are controlled with 4÷20mA transducers. 1 = Pressure control with 4÷20 mA: To control the evaporating and condensing pressures it is necessary a 4÷20mA transducer. 2 = Temperature / pressure NTC – 0÷5Vdc: The condensing temperature is controlled with NTC probe while for the evaporating pressures of the circuits 1 and 2 and the pressure probe configured as auxiliary output 1 and 2 are controlled with 0÷5Vdc transducers. 3 = Pressure control with 0÷5Vdc: To control the evaporating and condensing pressures it is necessary a ratiometric 0÷5Vdc transducer.	0	3		
<b>CF 8</b>	PB1 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	29 c94		
<b>CF 9</b>	PB2 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	29 c94		
<b>CF 10</b>	PB3 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	36 c94		
<b>CF 11</b>	PB4 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	36 c94		
<b>CF 12</b>	PB5 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	29 c94		
<b>CF 13</b>	PB6 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	29 c94		
<b>CF 14</b>	PB7 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	29 c94		
<b>CF 15</b>	PB8 Configuration If configured as digital input	0 o 1	29 c94		
<b>CF 16</b>	PB1 Offset	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>CF 17</b>	PB2 Offset	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>CF 18</b>	PB3 Offset	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>CF 19</b>	PB4 Offset	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>CF 20</b>	PB5 Offset	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>CF 21</b>	PB6 Offset	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int

<b>CF 22</b>	PB7 Offset	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>CF 23</b>	PB8 Offset	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>CF 24</b>	Pressure value at 4mA or 0.5 Vdc of the PB3 transducer	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>CF 25</b>	Pressure value at 20mA or 5 Vdc of the PB3 transducer	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>CF 26</b>	Pressure value at 4mA or 0.5 Vdc of the PB4 transducer	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>CF 27</b>	Pressure value at 20mA or 5 Vdc of the PB4 transducer	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>CF 28</b>	Pressure value at 4mA or 0.5 Vdc of the PB5 transducer	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>CF 29</b>	Pressure value at 20mA or 5 Vdc of the PB5 transducer	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>CF 30</b>	Configuration of ID1	0	c94		
<b>CF 31</b>	Configuration of ID2	0	c94		
<b>CF 32</b>	Configuration of ID3	0	c94		
<b>CF 33</b>	Configuration of ID4	0	c94		
<b>CF 34</b>	Configuration of ID5	0	c94		
<b>CF 35</b>	Configuration of ID6	0	c94		
<b>CF 36</b>	Configuration of ID7	0	c94		
<b>CF 37</b>	Configuration of ID8	0	c94		
<b>CF 38</b>	Configuration of ID9	0	c94		
<b>CF 39</b>	Not used	0	0		
<b>CF 40</b>	Not used	0	0		
<b>CF 41</b>	Configuration of RL1	0	c80		
<b>CF 42</b>	Configuration of RL2	0	c80		
<b>CF 43</b>	Configuration of RL3	0	c80		
<b>CF 44</b>	Configuration of RL4	0	c80		
<b>CF 45</b>	Configuration of RL5	0	c80		
<b>CF 46</b>	Configuration of RL6	0	c80		
<b>CF 47</b>	Configuration of RL7	0	c80		
<b>CF 48</b>	Not used	0	0		
<b>CF 49</b>	Analog output selection 0= 0..10V 1= 4..20mA	0	1		
<b>CF 50</b>	Proportional output OUT 1 0= not configured 1= modulation evaporator water pump 0÷10V 2= Free cooling modulating output 0÷10V 3= not used 4= auxiliary output AUX1 0÷10V 5= auxiliary output AUX2 0÷10V 6= inverter compressor 1 0÷10V 7= inverter compressor 2 0÷10V 8= modulating condenser fan circuit 1 0÷10V 9= modulating condenser fan circuit 2 0÷10V  o1..c50 ON / OFF with the same meaning of relè configuration	0	9		
<b>CF 51</b>	Not used				
<b>CF 52</b>	Proportional output OUT 2 0= not configured 1= modulation evaporator water pump 0÷10V 2= Free cooling modulating output 0÷10V 3= not used 4= auxiliary output AUX1 0÷10V 5= auxiliary output AUX2 0÷10V 6= inverter compressor 1 0÷10V 7= inverter compressor 2 0÷10V 8= modulating condenser fan circuit 1 0÷10V 9= modulating condenser fan circuit 2 0÷10V 10= modulating condenser fan circuit 1 PWM 11= modulating condenser fan circuit 2 PWM  o1..c50 ON / OFF output with the same meaning of relè	0	11		

<b>CF 53</b>	Proportional output OUT 3 0= not configured 1= modulation evaporator water pump 0÷10V 2= Free cooling modulating output 0÷10V 3= not used 4= auxiliary output AUX1 0÷10V 5= auxiliary output AUX2 0÷10V 6= inverter compressor 1 0÷10V 7= inverter compressor 2 0÷10V 8= modulating condenser fan circuit 1 0÷10V 9= modulating condenser fan circuit 2 0÷10V 10= modulating condenser fan circuit 1 PWM 11= modulating condenser fan circuit 2 PWM  o1..c50 ON / OFF output with the same meaning of relè	0	11		
<b>CF 54</b>	Remote keyboard 1 configuration 0= Not enabled 1= Enabled model with ambient temperature sensor 2= Enabled model without ambient temperature sensor	0	2		
<b>CF 55</b>	Remote Panel 2 configuration 0= Not enabled 1= Enabled model with ambient temperature sensor 2= Enabled model without ambient temperature sensor	0	2		
<b>CF 56</b>	Offset of the probe of the remote terminal 1	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>CF 57</b>	Offset of the probe of the remote terminal 2	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>CF 58</b>	Icon function 0= ❄️ chiller / 🔥 heat pump 1= 🔥 chiller / ❄️ heat pump	0	1		
<b>CF 59</b>	0= Chiller / Heat pump selection by keyboard 1= Chiller / Heat pump selection by digital input 2= Chiller / Heat pump selection by analogue input	0	2		
<b>CF 60</b>	Automatic change over setpoint for chiller/ heat pump selection (CF79 = 2)	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>CF 61</b>	Automatic change over differential (CF79 = 2)	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>CF 62</b>	°C or °F selection 0= °C / °BAR 1= °F / °psi	0	1		
<b>CF 63</b>	Power supply frequency 0= 50 Hz 1= 60 Hz 2= Vcc power supply (ATTENTION When CF83 = 2 the proportional outputs for fan control are not enabled)	0	2		
<b>CF 64</b>	Serial address	1	247		
<b>CF 65</b>	Firmware Release (only reading)	Only reading			
<b>CF 66</b>	Eeprom parameter map (only reading)	Only reading			
<b>CF 67</b>	Compressor 1 capacity	0	100%		
<b>CF 68</b>	Compressor 2 capacity	0	100%		
<b>CF 69</b>	Compressor 3 capacity	0	100%		
<b>CF 70</b>	Compressor 4 capacity	0	100%		
<b>CF 71</b>	Compressor 5 capacity	0	100%		
<b>CF 72</b>	Compressor 6 capacity	0	100%		
<b>CF 73</b>	Maximum number of start up of the compressor in 15 minutes 0= Not enabled	0	15		
<b>CF 74</b>	Working mode of the compressor 0 = chiller and heat pump 1 = only chiller 2 = only heat pump	0	2		
<b>CF 75</b>	Enable hybrid exchangers	0	1		
<b>CF 76</b>	Buzzer presence (0=disabled, 1=enabled)	0	1		
<b>CF 77</b>	Chiller operation (1=only compressor; 2=only Free cooling; 3=compressors and Free cooling)	1	3		
<b>CF 78</b>	Enable I/O expansion 0= not enabled 1= enabled	0	1		
<b>CF 79</b>	Enable expansion valve 1 0= not enabled 1= enabled	0	1		
<b>CF 80</b>	Enable expansion valve 2 0= not enabled 1= enabled	0	1		

<b>CF 81</b>	Expansion valve serial address	1	15		
<b>CF 82</b>	Evaporating probe position 0= I chill 1= Electronic expansion valve IEV	0	1		
<b>CF 83</b>	Compressor delay activation after electronic expansion valve start command	0	250	sec	
<b>CF 84</b>	Enable Visograph remote keyboard 0= no 1= yes	0	1		
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
<b>EI 1</b>	I/O expansion Ian address	0	15		
<b>EI 2</b>	I/O expansion Pb1 Configuration	0	29		
<b>EI 3</b>	I/O expansion Pb2 Configuration	0	29		
<b>EI 4</b>	I/O expansion Pb3 Configuration	0	36		
<b>EI 5</b>	I/O expansion Pb4 Configuration	0	36		
<b>EI 6</b>	I/O expansion Pb5 Configuration	0	36		
<b>EI 7</b>	I/O expansion Pb6 Configuration	0	29		
<b>EI 8</b>	I/O expansion Pb7 Configuration	0	29		
<b>EI 9</b>	I/O expansion Pb8 Configuration	0	29		
<b>EI 10</b>	I/O expansion Pb1 calibration	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>EI 11</b>	I/O expansion Pb2 calibration	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>EI 12</b>	I/O expansion Pb3 calibration	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>EI 13</b>	I/O expansion Pb4 calibration	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>EI 14</b>	I/O expansion Pb5 calibration	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>EI 15</b>	I/O expansion Pb6 calibration	-12.0 -21 -5.0 -72	12.0 21 5.0 72	°C °F bar psi	Dec int dec int
<b>EI 16</b>	I/O expansion Pb7 calibration	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>EI 17</b>	I/O expansion Pb8 calibration	-12.0 -21	12.0 21	°C °F	Dec int
<b>EI 18</b>	I/O expansion Pb3: minimum pressure value	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>EI 19</b>	I/O expansion Pb3: maximum pressure value	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>EI 20</b>	I/O expansion Pb4: minimum pressure value	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>EI 21</b>	I/O expansion Pb4: maximum pressure value	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>EI 22</b>	I/O expansion Pb5: minimum pressure value	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>EI 23</b>	I/O expansion Pb5: maximum pressure value	-1.0 -14	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>EI 24</b>	I/O expansion ID1 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 25</b>	I/O expansion ID2 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 26</b>	I/O expansion ID3 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 27</b>	I/O expansion ID4 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 28</b>	I/O expansion ID5 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 29</b>	I/O expansion ID6 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 30</b>	I/O expansion ID7 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 31</b>	I/O expansion ID8 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 32</b>	I/O expansion ID9 configuration	0	c94		
<b>EI 33</b>	I/O expansion RL1 configuration	0	c80		
<b>EI 34</b>	I/O expansion RL2 configuration	0	c80		
<b>EI 35</b>	I/O expansion RL3 configuration	0	c80		
<b>EI 36</b>	I/O expansion RL4 configuration	0	c80		



<b>Sd 15</b>	Summer outside temperature analog 2	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 16</b>	Winter outside temperature analog 2	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 17</b>	Summer outside temp. differential analog 2	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 18</b>	Winter outside temp. differential analog 2	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 19</b>	Dynamic set point: summer offset relay AUX1	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 20</b>	Dynamic set point: winter offset relay AUX1	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 21</b>	Summer outside temperature relay AUX1	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 22</b>	Winter outside temperature relay AUX1	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 23</b>	Summer temperature differential relay AUX1	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 24</b>	Winter temperature differential relay AUX1	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 25</b>	Dynamic set point: summer offset relay AUX2	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 26</b>	Dynamic set point: winter offset relay AUX2	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 27</b>	Summer outside temperature relay AUX2	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 28</b>	Winter outside temperature relay AUX2	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 29</b>	Summer temperature differential relay AUX2	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Sd 30</b>	Winter temperature differential relay AUX2	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
<b>ES 1</b>	Start of the Time band 1 (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 2</b>	End of the Time Band 1 (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 3</b>	Start of the Time band 2 (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 4</b>	End of the Time Band 2 (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 5</b>	Start of the Time band 3 (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 6</b>	End of the Time Band 3 (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 7</b>	Monday: energy saving activated Automatic unit on-off	0 - 0	7 - 7		
<b>ES 8</b>	Tuesday energy saving activated Automatic unit on-off	0 - 0	7 - 7		
<b>ES 9</b>	Wednesday energy saving activated Automatic unit on-off	0 - 0	7 - 7		
<b>ES 10</b>	Thursday energy saving activated Automatic unit on-off	0 - 0	7 - 7		
<b>ES 11</b>	Friday energy saving activated Automatic unit on-off	0 - 0	7 - 7		
<b>ES 12</b>	Saturday energy saving activated Automatic unit on-off	0 - 0	7 - 7		
<b>ES 13</b>	Sunday energy saving activated Automatic unit on-off	0 - 0	7 - 7		
<b>ES 14</b>	Energy Saving setpoint offset in chiller mode	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>ES 15</b>	Energy Saving differential in chiller mode	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>ES 16</b>	Energy Saving setpoint offset in heat pump mode	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>ES 17</b>	Energy Saving differential in heat pump mode	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>ES 18</b>	Maximum ON time when the unit is switched on by keyboard starting from OFF state by RTC 0= Not enabled	1	250	10 min	min
<b>ES 19</b>	Start of the Time band 1 Domestic hot water (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 20</b>	End of the Time band 1 Domestic hot water (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 21</b>	Start of the Time band 2 Domestic hot water (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 22</b>	End of the Time band 2 Domestic hot water (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 23</b>	Start of the Time band 3 Domestic hot water (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 24</b>	End of the Time band 3 Domestic hot water (0÷24)	0	24.00	Hr	10 Min
<b>ES 25</b>	Monday: Domestic hot water 2 <sup>nd</sup> set point activation	0	7		
<b>ES 26</b>	Tuesday: Domestic hot water 2 <sup>nd</sup> set point activation	0	7		
<b>ES 27</b>	Wednesday: Domestic hot water 2 <sup>nd</sup> set point activation	0	7		
<b>ES 28</b>	Thursday: Domestic hot water 2 <sup>nd</sup> set point activation	0	7		

<b>ES 29</b>	Friday: Domestic hot water 2nd set point activation	0	7		
<b>ES 30</b>	Saturday: Domestic hot water 2nd set point activation	0	7		
<b>ES 31</b>	Sunday: Domestic hot water 2 set point activation	0	7		
<b>ES 32</b>	2nd set point Domestic hot water offset	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
<b>ES 33</b>	2nd set point Domestic hot water differential	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
<b>Cr1</b>	Type of functioning compressor rack 0= Not enabled 1= regulation by ST09 probe 2 = regulation by pressure probe (Evaporator pressure probe)	0	2		
<b>Cr2</b>	Set point compressor suction probe	Cr03	Cr04	Bar Psi	Dec int
<b>Cr3</b>	Minimum set point compressor suction probe	0	Cr02	Bar Psi	Dec int
<b>Cr4</b>	Maximum set point compressor suction probe	Cr02	50 725	Bar Psi	Dec int
<b>Cr5</b>	Regulation band suction probe	0.1 1	14.0 203	Bar Psi	Dec int
<b>Cr6</b>	Set energy saving compressor rack	0.0 0	14.0 203	Bar psi	Dec int
<b>Cr7</b>	Differential energy saving compressor rack	0.1 1	14.0 203	Bar Psi	Dec int
<b>Cr8</b>	Number of compressors enabled in case of failure probe 0 ÷ 6	0	6		
<b>Cr9</b>	Number of ventilation step in case of failure probe 0 ÷ 4	0	4		
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	Minimum compressor ON time after the start-up.	0	250	10 sec	10 sec
<b>CO 2</b>	Minimum compressor OFF time after the switching off.	0	250	10 sec	10 sec
<b>CO 3</b>	ON delay time between two compressors or compressor and valve. During this time the led of the next resource is blinking.	1	250	Sec	
<b>CO 4</b>	OFF delay time between two compressors or compressor and valve. During this time the led of the next resource is blinking.	0	250	Sec	
<b>CO 5</b>	Output time delay after the main power supply start-up to the unit. All the loads are delayed in case of frequently power failures.	0	250	10 Sec	10 sec
<b>CO 6</b>	Functioning (see Capacity Control) 0= With on/off steps 1= Continuous with steps and direct action 2= Continuous with steps and reverse action 3= Continuous with steps and direct total action	0	3		
<b>CO 7</b>	Start-up with minimum compressor power / automatic start-unloading valve 0 = Only at the compressor start-up (Minimum power automatic start-unloading valve off) 1= At the compressor start-up and during the temoregulation (Minimum power / automatic start-unloading valve off) 2 = Only at the screw compressor start-up (Minimum power automatic start-unloading valve off) 3= At the compressor start-up and during the temoregulation (Minimum power / Unloading valve ON with compressor off)	0	3		
<b>CO 8</b>	Relay ON time of the Solenoid valve Intermittent for screw compressor, with 0 the function is not enabled.	0	250	Sec	
<b>CO 9</b>	Relay OFF time of the Solenoid valve Intermittent for screw compressor	0	250	Sec	
<b>CO 10</b>	Kind of compressor start-up 0= Direct ( vedi avviamento compressors ) 1= Part - winding	0	1		
<b>CO 11</b>	If CO10= 1 part - winding start-up time. To change the time delay between the two contactors of the two compressor circuits.	0	100	Dec. di Sec	0.1 sec
<b>CO 12</b>	Not used				
<b>CO 13</b>	By-pass gas valve start-up time / automatic start-unloading valve (capacity step control)	0	250	sec	
<b>CO 14</b>	Compressor rotation (See compressor rotation) 0 = Sequential 1 = Compressors rotation based on time running hours 2 = Compressors rotation based on number of starts-up	0	2		
<b>CO 15</b>	Circuit balancing (See Circuit balancing) 0= Circuit saturation 1= Circuit balancing	0	1		

CO 16	Operative mode of the evaporator pump / supply fan (See Evaporator pump function) 0= Not enabled (evaporator pump or supply fan). 1= Continuous. When the unit is running in Chiller or HP the pump or the supply fan is running. 2= With compressor. When a compressor is running also the pump or the supply fan is running.	0	2		
CO 17	ON compressor delay after water pump / supply fan start-up (See water pump functioning).	1	250	sec	10sec
CO 18	OFF delay evaporator water pump / supply fan after compressor switching OFF. This delay is also active when the unit is turned in stand-by (See evaporator water pump function).	0	250	Min	
CO 19	Number of time running hours for pump rotation (See water pump group function)	0	999	10Hr	10Hr
CO 20	Time to make run the pumps together before rotating from one to the other (See water pump group function)	0	250	Sec	
CO 21	Operative mode for condenser water pump (See condenser water pump function) 0= Not enabled. 1= Continuous. When the unit is running in Chiller or HP the is running. 2= With compressor. When a compressor is running also the pump is running.	0	2		
CO 22	Free				
CO 23	OFF delay condenser water pump after compressor switching OFF. This delay is also active when the unit is turned in stand-by (See evaporator water pump function).	0	250	Min	
CO 24	Number of time running hours for pump rotation (See water pump group function).	0	999	10Hr	10Hr
CO 25	Time to make run the pumps together before rotating from one to the other (See water pump group function).	0	250	Sec	
CO 26	Compressor 1 operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 27	Compressor 2 operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 28	Compressor 3 operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 29	Compressor 4 operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 30	Compressor 5 operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 31	Compressor 6 operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 32	"Evaporator pump / Supply fan" operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 33	2nd Evaporator pump operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 34	Condenser pump operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 35	2nd Condenser pump operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 36	Pump down operating mode (See pump down ON/OFF function) 0= Not enabled 1= Unit off with pump-down, unit on without pump-down 2= Unit off with pump-down, unit on with pump-down 3= Chiller mode off with pump-down, chiller mode on without pump-down 4= Chiller mode off with pump-down, chiller mode on with pump-down	0	4		
CO 37	Pump-down pressure setpoint (See pump down ON/OFF function)	0.0 0	50.0 725	Bar psi	Dec int
CO 38	Pump-down pressure differential (See pump down ON/OFF function)	0.1 1	12.0 174	Bar psi	Dec int
CO 39	Maximum pump-down time duration at start-up and stop (See pump down ON/OFF function)	0	250	Sec	
CO 40	Unloading compressor setpoint in chiller. From high temperature of the evaporator water inlet (See unloading function).	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
CO 41	Unloading Differential. From high temperature of the evaporator water inlet (See unloading function).	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
CO 42	Delay time to engage the Unloading function from high temperature of the evaporator water inlet (See unloading function).	1	250	10 Sec	10 sec
CO 43	Maximum unloading duration time to keep activated the Unloading function from high temperature of the evaporator water inlet (See unloading function).	0	250	Min	
CO 44	Unloading compressor setpoint. From temperature / pressure in chiller mode (See unloading function).	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
CO 45	Unloading Differential. From temperature / pressure in chiller mode (See unloading function).	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
CO 46	Unloading compressor setpoint. From temperature / pressure in HP mode (See unloading function).	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int



CO 47	Unloading Differential. From temperature / pressure in HP mode (See unloading function).	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
CO 48	Maximum unloading duration time from temperature/pressure control.	1	250	Min	
CO 49	Number of steps for circuit with active unloading 1= 1st step 2= 2nd step 3= 3rd step	1	3		
CO 50	Minimum ON time of the capacity step after the unloading function start (only for capacity compressor)	0	250	Sec	
CO 51	Setpoint of the solenoid valve (on) of the liquid injection	0 32	150 302	°C °F	Dec / int int
CO 52	Setpoint of the solenoid valve (off) of the liquid injection	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
CO 53	Maximum time of work in neutral zone without insert resource	0	250	Min	10 Min
CO 54	Maximum time of work in neutral zone without rotation resource	0	999	Hr	1Hr
CO 55	Set point unloading compressor from low evaporator water temperature	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
CO 56	Differential unloading compressor from low evaporator water temperature	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
CO 57	Maximum unloading duration time from low evaporator water temperature	0	250	Min	
CO 58	maximum time pump-down in stopped CO58 = 0 Not enabled	0	250	Sec	
CO 59	maximum time pump-down in started CO59 = 0 Not enabled	0	250	Sec	
CO 60	Maximum time start up compressor inverter controlled	0	250	sec	
CO 61	Minimum value proportional output from start up compressor	0	100	%	
CO 62	Minimum time capacity variation from start up compressor inverter controlled	0	250	sec	
CO 63	Minimum percentage continuative of work of the compressor inverter controlled before to start counting CO64 time	0	100	%	
CO 64	Maximum time continuative of work of the compressor with percentage less of CO63	0	250	Min	10 Min
CO 65	Time of forcing the compressor inverter controlled to the maximum power	0	250	sec	sec
CO 66	Maximum time continuative of work of the compressor inverter controlled	0	999	Hr	1Hr
CO 67	Minimum value of the compressor 1 inverter controlled	1	CO68	%	
CO 68	Maximum value of the compressor 1 inverter controlled	CO67	100	%	
CO 69	Minimum value of the compressor 2 inverter controlled	1	CO70	%	
CO 70	Maximum value of the compressor 2 inverter controlled	CO69	100	%	
CO 71	Minimum time capacity variation compressor inverter controlled	1	250	sec	
CO 72	Maximum operating time of a single compressor	0	250	Min	
CO 73	Domestic hot water pump hour counter	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 74	Solar panel water pump hour counter	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
CO 75	Forced time to reverse the 4 way valve when the compressor is switched off	0	250	sec	
CO 76	Maximum number of compressors to use in Chiller	1	15		
CO 77	Maximum number of compressors to use in Heat pump	1	15		
CO 78	Maximum number of compressors to use in Domestic hot water	1	15		
CO 79	Maximum % output of the inverter compressor in Chiller	1	100	%	
CO 80	Maximum % output of the inverter compressor in Heat pump	1	100	%	
CO 81	Maximum % output of the inverter compressor in Domestic hot water	1	100	%	
CO 82	Outside temperature to reduce inverter compressor speed in Heat pump	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
CO 83	Hysteresis temperature to reduce inverter compressor speed in Heat pump	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
CO 84	Compressor speed if outside temperature > CO82	0	100	%	
CO 85	Evaporator water pump OFF time if the set point is reached	0	250	10 min	
CO 86	Evaporator water pump OFF time if the machine is STD-BY or OFF	0	250	10 Ore	
CO 87	Evaporator water pump ON time	0	250	Sec	10sec
CO 88	Condenser water pump OFF time if the set point is reached	0	250	10 min	
CO 89	Condenser water pump OFF time if the machine is STD-BY or OFF	0	250	10 Ore	
CO 90	Condenser water pump ON time	0	250	Sec	10sec

<b>CO 91</b>	Minimum time between to switch on of the compressor	0	250	sec	
<b>CO 92</b>	Compressor activation delay starting from water solenoid valve activation	0	250	sec	
<b>CO 93</b>	Water solenoid valve de-activation delay starting from compressor de-activation	0	250	sec	
<b>CO 94</b>	% output of the inverter compressor in defrost	1	100	%	
<b>CO 95</b>	Free cooling water pump operation time to generate maintenance warning	0	999	10 Hr	10 Hr
<b>CO 96</b>	% output of the inverter compressor in unloading	1	100	%	
<b>CO 97</b>	Disable condenser water pump with contemporary chiller + domestic hot water operation 0= water pump enabled 1= water pump disabled	0	1		
<b>CO 98</b>	Compressor contemporary operation time for rotation	0	250	sec	
<b>CO 99</b>	Enable supply fan / evaporator water pump when condensing unit doesn't require compressors activation	0	1		
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
<b>US 1</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 operating mode (See graph and auxiliary relay functions) 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
<b>US 2</b>	Analog input configuration for auxiliary relay 1 control. Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls the relay	1	22		
<b>US 3</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 summer minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US5	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 4</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 summer maximum set point	US5	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 5</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 summer set point	US3	US4	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 6</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 winter minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US8	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 7</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 winter maximum set point	US8	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 8</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 winter set point	US6	US7	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 9</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 summer differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 10</b>	Auxiliary relay 1 winter differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 11</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 operating mode (See graph and auxiliary relay functions) 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
<b>US 12</b>	Analogue input configuration for auxiliary relay 2 control . Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls the relay	1	22		
<b>US 13</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 summer minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US15	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 14</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 summer maximum set point	US15	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 15</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 summer set point	US13	US14	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int

<b>US 16</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 winter minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US18	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 17</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 winter maximum set point	US18	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 18</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 winter set point	US16	US17	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 19</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 summer differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 20</b>	Auxiliary relay 2 winter differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 21</b>	Maximum operating time of auxiliary relays	0	250	min	
<b>US 22</b>	Auxiliary proportional output n° 1 operating mode 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
<b>US 23</b>	Analogue input configuration for auxiliary control 1 Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls output	1	22		
<b>US 24</b>	Analog output 1 summer minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US26	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 25</b>	Analog output 1 summer maximum set point	US26	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 26</b>	Analog output 1 summer set point	US24	US25	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 27</b>	Analog output 1 winter minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US29	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 28</b>	Analog output 1 winter maximum set point	US29	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 29</b>	Analog output 1 winter set point	US27	US28	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 30</b>	Analog output 1 summer differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 31</b>	Analog output 1 winter differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 32</b>	Analog output 1 minimum value	0	US33	%	
<b>US 33</b>	Analog output 1 maximum value	US32	100	%	
<b>US 34</b>	Auxiliary proportional output n° 2 operating mode 0= Not enabled 1= Always available with direct action 2= Available only when the unit is on with direct action 3= Always available with reverse action 4= Available only when the unit is on with reverse action	0	4		
<b>US 35</b>	Analogue input configuration for auxiliary 2 control Allows to select which probe value Pb1..Pb10 controls output	1	22		
<b>US 36</b>	Analog output 2 summer minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US38	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int

<b>US 37</b>	Analog output 2 summer maximum set point	US38	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 38</b>	Analog output 2 summer set point	US36	US37	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 39</b>	Analog output 2 winter minimum set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	US41	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 40</b>	Analog output 2 winter maximum set point	US41	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 41</b>	Analog output 2 winter set point	US39	US40	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 42</b>	Analog output 2 summer differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 43</b>	Analog output 2 winter differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 44</b>	Analog output 2 minimum value	0	US45	%	
<b>US 45</b>	Analog output 2 maximum value	US44	100	%	
<b>US 46</b>	Operation mode under minimum value	0	1		
<b>US 47</b>	Probe 1 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in chiller	0	22		
<b>US 48</b>	Probe 2 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in chiller	0	22		
<b>US 49</b>	Set point for maximum speed of modulationg evaporator water pump in chiller	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 50</b>	Proportional band for maximum speed of modulationg evaporator water pump in chiller	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 51</b>	Minimum speed of the evaporator water pump in chiller	0	100	%	
<b>US 52</b>	Maximum speed of the evaporator water pump in chiller	0	100	%	
<b>US 53</b>	Probe 1 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in Heat Pump	0	22		
<b>US 54</b>	Probe 2 selection for evaporator water pump modulation in Heat Pump	0	22		
<b>US 55</b>	Set point for maximum speed of modulationg evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 56</b>	Proportional band for maximum speed of modulationg evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>US 57</b>	Minimum speed of the evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	0	100	%	
<b>US 58</b>	Maximum speed of the evaporator water pump in Heat Pump	0	100	%	
<b>US 59</b>	Speed of the water pump in Free Cooling	0	100	%	
<b>US 60</b>	Speed of the water pump when compressor OFF	0	100	%	
<b>US 61</b>	AUX 1 relay operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		
<b>US 62</b>	AUX 2 relay operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		
<b>US 63</b>	AUX 1 analog output operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		
<b>US 64</b>	AUX 2 analog output operation mode 1= only in Chiller 2= only in Heat pump 3= in Chiller and Heat pump	1	3		

Parameter	Description	min	max	M. u.	Resolution
FA 1	Fan configuration output 0 = Not enabled 1 = Always on 2 = ON/OFF regulation with steps 3 = ON/OFF Continuous regulation 4 = Proportional speed control	0	4		
FA 2	Fan operating mode 0= Dependent from the compressor 1= Independent from the compressor	0	1		
FA 3	If the condenser fan control is the triac output, when the regulation starts the trigger output will drive the condenser fan at the maximum voltage for the time FA 3 then, then the regulation will follow the temperature/pressure of the probe.	0	250	Sec	
FA 4	Phase shifting of the fan motor	0	8	Micro Sec	250µs
FA 5	Number of condensing circuits 0= one condenser circuit 1= tow condenser circuits	0	1		
FA 6	Pre-ventilation time before turning on the compressor in chiller mode. To turn on the fan at the maximum speed before the compressor and reduce the successive condensing temperature/pressure increasing. (only if FA01=4)	0	250	Sec	
FA 7	Minimum speed for condenser fan in Chiller mode. To set the minimum fan speed percentage value (30..100%), it is related to the fan power supply.	0	100	%	
FA 8	Maximum speed for condenser fan in Chiller mode. To set the maximum fan speed percentage value (30..100%), it is related to the fan power supply.	0	100	%	
FA 9	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 Temperature or pressure limit to enable the minimum speed FA 7 ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 1	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
FA 10	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 Temperature or pressure limit to enable the maximum speed FA 8 ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 2	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
FA 11	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 Proportional band for condenser fan control in chiller To set the temperature/pressure differential between the minimum and the maximum of the fan speed regulation. ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 Differential step circuit n° 1	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
FA 12	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 CUT-OFF differential in chiller. To set a temperature/pressure differential to stop the fan. ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 Differential step circuit n° 2	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
FA 13	Over ride CUT- OFF in chiller. To set a temperature/pressure differential to keep the minimum fan speed.	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
FA 14	CUT-OFF time delay. To set a time delay before activating the CUT-OFF function after the fan start-up. If after the compressor start-up the proportional regulator requires to turn off the fan (cut-off) and FA14≠0, the fan is on at the minimum speed for the time set in this parameter. If FA14=0 the function is disabled.	0	250	Sec	
FA 15	Night speed in chiller. To set the maximum fan speed percentage value (30..100%), it is related to the fan power supply.	0	100	%	
FA 16	Minimum speed for condenser fan in Heat Pump mode. To set the minimum fan speed percentage value (30..100%), it is related to the fan power supply.	0	100	%	
FA 17	Maximum speed for condenser fan in Heat Pump mode. To set the maximum fan speed percentage value (30..100%), it is related to the fan power supply.	0	100	%	
FA 18	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 Temperature or pressure limit to enable the minimum speed FA16 ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 1	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
FA 19	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 Temperature or pressure limit to enable the maximum speed FA17 ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 2	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int

<b>FA 20</b>	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 Proportional band for condenser fan control in heat pump To set the temperature/pressure differential between the minimum and the maximum of the fan speed regulation. ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 Differential step circuit n° 1	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FA 21</b>	Proportional speed control FA01 = 4 CUT-OFF differential in heat pump. To set a temperature/pressure differential to stop the fan. ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 Differential step circuit n° 2	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FA 22</b>	Over ride CUT- OFF in Heat pump. To set a temperature/pressure differential to keep the minimum fan speed.	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FA 23</b>	Night speed in Heat pump. To set the maximum fan speed percentage value (30..100%), it is related to the fan power supply.	0	100	%	
<b>FA 24</b>	Hot start setpoint	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FA 25</b>	Hot start differential	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FA 26</b>	ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 3	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FA 27</b>	ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 4	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FA 28</b>	ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 3	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FA 29</b>	ON/OFF regulation FA01 = 2/3 SETpoint step n° 4	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FA 30</b>	Pre ventilation in Heat Pump (only if FA01 = 4 )	0	250	Sec	Sec
<b>FA 31</b>	Post ventilation in Heat Pump	0	250	Sec	10Sec
<b>FA 32</b>	Outside temperature to enable post ventilation in Heat Pump	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FA 33</b>	Condenser fan speed during post ventilation	0	100	%	
<b>Condenser fan in defrost</b>					
<b>FA 34</b>	Condenser fan max modulation speed in defrost	0	100	%	
<b>FA 35</b>	Temp/press to force condenser fan max speed in defrost	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
<b>Ar 1</b>	Anti-freeze heaters/integration heating setpoint for air/air unit in Chiller mode. To set a temperature value, below this value the anti-freeze relay is activated.	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Ar 2</b>	Regulation band for antifreeze in Chiller mode.	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec Int
<b>Ar 3</b>	Set Anti-freeze heaters/integration heating setpoint for air/air unit in HP mode. To set a temperature value, below this value the anti-freeze relay is activated.	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Ar 4</b>	Regulation band for antifreeze in HP mode.	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Ar 5</b>	Antifreeze heaters / integration heating in defrost 0= ON only with thermoregulation control 1= ON with thermoregulation and during the defrosting cycle	0	1		
<b>Ar 6</b>	Antifreeze probe to manage heaters / support heaters in Chiller mode. 0= Not enabled 1= Evaporator inlet 2= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 3= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 and common outlet 4= External temperature	0	4		
<b>Ar 7</b>	Antifreeze probe to manage heaters / support heaters in HP mode. 0= Not enabled 1= Evaporator inlet. 2= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2. 3= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 and common outlet 4= External temperature	0	4		

Ar 8	Thermoregulation probe for anti-freeze / condenser heaters. 0= not enabled. 1= Condenser common water inlet probe. 2= Condenser common water inlet and condenser inlet 1 / 2 probe. 3= Condenser water outlet 1 / 2 probe. 4= Condenser water outlet 1 / 2 and common outlet 5= External temperature	0	5		
Ar 9	Anti-freeze heaters or condenser/evaporator water pump control with unit in remote OFF or stand-by mode: 0= Control not enable 1=Controlled by anti-freeze thermoregulation.	0	1		
Ar 10	Anti-freeze heaters control for condenser/evaporator faulty probe: 0= Anti-freeze heaters OFF 1= Anti-freeze heaters ON	0	1		
Ar 11	Boiler function 0=Not enabled 1=Enabled for integration heating 2= Enabled for heating	0	2		
Ar 12	External air temperaure setpoint for boiler heaters (on)	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar 13	Temperature differential for boiler heaters (off)	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
Ar 14	Time delay before turning the boiler on	0	250		Min
Ar 15	Setpoint for boiler heaters (on) in chiller	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar 16	Proportional band for boiler heaters in chiller	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
Ar 17	Setpoint for boiler heaters (on) in HP	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar 18	Proportional band for boiler heaters in HP	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
Ar 19	External air setpoint to stop the compressor as integration function	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar 20	External air differential to stop the compressor as integration function	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
Ar21	Thermoregulation probe anti freeze alarm in chiller mode 0= Not enabled 1= Evaporator inlet 2= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 3= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 and common outlet 4= External temperature	0	4		
Ar22	Thermoregulation probe anti freeze alarm in heat pump mode 0= Not enabled 1= Evaporator inlet 2= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 3= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 and common outlet 4= External temperature	0	4		
Ar23	Thermoregulation probe anti freeze alarm water condenser 0= not enabled. 1= Condenser common water inlet probe. 2= Condenser common water inlet and condenser inlet 1 / 2 probe. 3= Condenser water outlet 1 / 2 probe. 4= Condenser water outlet 1 / 2 and common outlet 5= External temperature	0	5		
Ar24	Water pump / antifreeze alarm in OFF/ stand-by 0= Always in OFF 1= ON only with thermoregulation control	0	1		
Ar25	Thermoregulation probe water pump in antifreeze mode 0= Not enabled 1= Evaporator inlet 2= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 3= Evaporator outlet 1 and 2 and common outlet 4= External temperature	0	4		
Ar26	Set point starting water pump in antifreeze alarm	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar27	Differential starting water pump in antifreeze alarm	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Resistenze condensatore</b>					
Ar28	Set point condenser antifreeze heaters in chiller	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar29	Differential condenser antifreeze heaters in chiller	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
Ar30	Set point condenser antifreeze heaters in heat pump	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar31	Differential condenser antifreeze heaters in heat pump	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int

Ar32	Enable condenser antifreeze heaters in OFF or STAND-BY 0= always off 1= enabled (ON or OFF depending on regulation request)	0	1		
Ar33	Condenser antifreeze heaters status in case of probe faulty 0 = OFF 1= ON	0	1		
<b>Pompa acqua condensatore per funzionamento antigelo</b>					
Ar34	Enable condenser water pump in OFF or STAND-BY Pompa/e acqua condensatore per antigelo in OFF o Stand-by 0= always off 1= enabled (ON or OFF depending on regulation request)	0	1		
Ar35	Condenser water pump probe selection for antifreeze operation 0= water pump not used per antifreeze 1= condenser common inlet probe 2= condenser common inlet probe, and condenser inlet circuit 1 probe, and condenser inlet circuit 2 probe 3= condenser outlet circuit 1 probe and condenser outlet circuit 2 probe 4= condenser common outlet probe, and condenser outlet circuit 1 probe, and condenser outlet circuit 2 probe 5= external temperature probe	0	5		
Ar36	Set point condenser water pump for antifreeze	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
Ar37	Differential condenser water pump for antifreeze	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Allarme antigelo condensatore</b>					
Ar38	Condenser antifreeze alarm delay starting from unit switching on	0	250	Sec	
Ar39	Condenser antifreeze alarm delay in chiller	0	250	Sec	
Ar40	Condenser antifreeze alarm events per hour to generate manual reset alarm in chiller	0	16		
Ar41	Condenser antifreeze alarm delay in heating	0	250	Sec	
Ar42	Condenser antifreeze alarm events per hour to generate manual reset alarm in heat pump	0	16		
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
dF 1	Defrost configuration: 0= Not enabled 1= Start and stop for temperature / pressure 2= Start depends on probe selected by par. dF24 and stop for time duration (dF05) 3= Start depends on probe selected by par. dF24 and stop for external contact 4= Defrost only with condenser fan 5= Start from digital input and stop on probe selected by par. dF24	0	5		
dF 2	Temperature or pressure of the defrost start-up	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec Int
dF 3	Temperature or pressure of the defrost stop	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec Int
dF 4	Minimum defrost duration.	0	250	Sec	
dF 5	Maximum defrost duration.	0	250	Min	
dF 6	Time delay between the defrost of two circuits	0	250	Min	
dF 7	OFF compressor delay before the defrost	0	250	Sec	
dF 8	OFF compressor delay after the defrost	0	250	Sec	
dF 9	Defrost interval time of the same circuit	1	99	Min	
dF 10	Temperature setpoint for combined defrost of the 1st circuit	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
dF 11	Temperature setpoint for combined defrost end of the 1st circuit	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
dF 12	Temperature setpoint for combined defrost of the 2nd circuit	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
dF 13	Temperature setpoint for combined defrost end of the 2nd circuit	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
dF 14	Activation of all the steps of the 1st circuit during the defrost. 0= Not enabled 1= Enabled	0	1		
dF 15	Activation of all the steps of the 2nd circuit during the defrost. 0= Not enabled 1= Enabled	0	1		
dF 16	Time delay between two compressor ON in defrost mode	0	250	Sec	



<b>dF 17</b>	Fan control during defrost / dripping time 0= Not enabled 1= Only in defrost 2= For both functions defrost / dripping time	0	2		
<b>dF 18</b>	Pressure / temperature setpoint to force the ventilation ON during the defrost.	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec Int
<b>dF 19</b>	Minimum time delay before a forced defrost	0	250	sec	
<b>dF 20</b>	Pressure / temperature setpoint for a forced defrost	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 21</b>	Forced defrost differential	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 22</b>	Defrost start-up with 2 circuits 0= Independent 1= If both have reached the necessary requirements 2= If one has reached the necessary requirements	0	2		
<b>dF 23</b>	End defrost for two circuits and common ventilation. 0= Independent 1= If both have reached the necessary end defrost requirements 2= If one has reached the necessary end defrost requirements	0	2		
<b>dF 24</b>	Start / stop defrost probe 0= start and stop with condenser temperatur / pressure probe 1= start with evaporator pressure probe / stop with condenser temperatur / pressure probe 2= start with condenser temperatur / pressure probe / stop with evaporator pressure probe 3= start and stop with evaporator pressure probe	0	3		
<b>dF 25</b>	Stop supply fan during defrost cycle 0= Not enabled 1= enable	0	1		
<b>dF 26</b>	Set point to enable defrost with condenser fan	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 27</b>	Hybrid exchangers set point 1 in chiller	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 28</b>	Hybrid exchangers set point 2 in chiller	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 29</b>	Hybrid exchangers differential 1 in chiller	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 30</b>	Hybrid exchangers differential 2 in chiller	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 31</b>	Hybrid exchangers set point 1 in heat pump	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 32</b>	Hybrid exchangers set point 2 in heat pump	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 33</b>	Hybrid exchangers differential 1 in heat pump	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 34</b>	Hybrid exchangers differential 2 in heat pump	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>dF 35</b>	Probe selection of the Hybrid exchangers 0= outside temperature 1= condenser temperature/pressure	0	1		
<b>dF 36</b>	Forced time Hybrid exchangers in chiller mode when the compressor is switched on	0	250	sec	

dF 37	Max. offset of the Defrost dynamic set point	-30.0 -54 -14.0 -203	30.0 54 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
dF 38	Outside temperature set point of the Defrost dynamic set point	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
dF 39	Outside temperature differential of the Defrost dynamic set point	-30.0 -54	30.0 54	°C °F	Dec int
Parameter	Description	min	max	M. u.	Resolution
rC 1	Domestic hot water regulation mode	0	2		
rC 2	Recovery modes 0 = not enabled 1 = 2 independent circuit 2 = both the circuit in parallel	0	250	Sec	
rC 3	Delay time delay with step forced off	0	250	Sec	
rC 4	Delay time delay with step forced off after the recovery valve activation	0	250	Min	
rC 5	Recovery minimum time	0	250	Min	
rC 6	Minimum interval time between the end and the beginning of the next recovery	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
rC 7	Temperature setpoint to disable the recovery	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
rC 8	Temperature differential to restore the recovery	0	250	Min	
rC 9	Maximum time with recovery disabled (if temperature/pressure within rC6-rC7)	0	1		
rC 10	Set point heat recovery	rC11	rC12	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
rC 11	Minimum value of the heat recovery set point	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	rC10	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
rC 12	Maximum value of the heat recovery set point	rC10	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
rC 13	Differential heat recovery	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
Parameter	Description	min	max	M. u.	Resolution
FS 1	Domestic hot water regulation mode 0= not enabled 1=valves in water circuit 2=valves in gas circuit	0	2		
FS 2	Domestic hot water thermoregulation priority 0 = heating / cooling 1 = domestic hot water 2 = domestic hot water by digital input	0	2		
FS 3	Domestic hot water thermoregulation set point	FS05	FS06	°C/°F	dec/int
FS 4	Domestic hot water thermoregulation band	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
FS 5	Minimum value of the domestic hot water set point	-50.0 -58	FS06	°C °F	Dec int
FS 6	Maximum value of the domestic hot water set point	FS05	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
FS 7	Full loads enabling to reach the domestic hot water set point	0	1		
FS 8	Heaters enabling during the domestic hot water thermoregulation 0= not enabled 1= compressors + heaters 2= only heaters 3= only compressors	0	1		
FS 9	Operation working time to activate the heaters during the domestic hot water thermoregulation	0	250	Min	
FS 10	Time delay to activate the domestic hot water valve	0	999	sec	int
FS 11	Reversing cycle delay during domestic hot water thermoregulation	0	999	sec	int
FS 12	Antilegionella function operating mode 0 = interval time 1 = weekly 2 = daily	0	2		

<b>FS 13</b>	Delay time between two Antilegionella cycles	0	250	Hr	0
<b>FS 14</b>	Antilegionella Set point	FS15	FS16	°C/°F	dec/int
<b>FS 15</b>	Minimum value of the Antilegionella set point	-50.0 -58	FS14	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 16</b>	Maximum value of the Antilegionella set point	FS14	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 17</b>	Hour selection for the Antilegionella activation	0	24.00	Hr	10 min
<b>FS 18</b>	Day selection for the Antilegionella activation	0	7		
<b>FS 19</b>	Minimum operating working time of the Antilegionella cycle	1	250	min	
<b>FS 20</b>	Temperature band for heaters deactivation during Antilegionella cycle	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 21</b>	Temperature differential to enable the freecooling function	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 22</b>	Temperature differential for the free cooling regulation	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 23</b>	Set point for solar panel activation	FS25	FS26	°C/°F	dec/int
<b>FS 24</b>	Differential value for solar panel deactivation	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 25</b>	Minimum value of the solar panel set point	-50.0 -58	FS23	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 26</b>	Maximum value of the solar panel set point	FS23	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 27</b>	Delay time to activate the domestic hot water valve starting from pump activation	0	250	sec	
<b>FS 28</b>	Delay time to deactivate the domestic hot water pump starting from valve deactivation	0	250	sec	
<b>FS 29</b>	Maximum operating working time of the Antilegionella cycle	0	250	min	
<b>FS 30</b>	Domestic hot water: security set point	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	
<b>FS 31</b>	Domestic hot water: security differential	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	
<b>FS 32</b>	Domestic hot water: minimum interruption time	0	250	min	
<b>FS 33</b>	Domestic hot water pump operation mode	0	1		
<b>FS 34</b>	Free cooling water pump OFF time if chiller only Free cooling	0	250	min	
<b>FS 35</b>	Free cooling water pump ON time if chiller only Free cooling	0	250	sec	
<b>FS 36</b>	Free cooling maximum time	0	250	min	
<b>FS 37</b>	Set point Free cooling	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FS 38</b>	Proportional band Free coling	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F Bar Psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>FS 39</b>	Minimum value Free cooling analog output	0	100	%	
<b>FS 40</b>	Maximum value Free cooling analog output	0	100	%	
<b>FS 41</b>	T1 probe selection for Free cooling 0=disabled, 1=Pb1, 2=Pb2, etc.	0	22		
<b>FS 42</b>	T2 probe selection for Free cooling 0=disabled, 1=Pb1, 2=Pb2, etc.	0	22		
<b>FS 43</b>	Outside temperature set point to force the maximum speed of condenser fan	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	
<b>FS 44</b>	Outside temperature differential to force the maximum speed of condenser fan	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	
<b>FS 45</b>	Delay time of condenser fan regulation during Free cooling	0	250	min	
<b>FS 46</b>	Antilegionella cycle operation mode 0= compressors and heaters 1= compressors are first inserted and then heaters 2= only heaters 3= only compressors	0	3		
<b>FS 47</b>	Evaporator water pump enabled is Domestic hot water 0= enabled 1= disabled	0	1		
<b>FS 48</b>	Probe selection to force exit from Domestic hot water 0= disabled 1= probe Pb1 2= probe Pb2 ...	0	22		
<b>FS 49</b>	Start production Domestic hot water 0= when all compressors are requested 1= when at least one compressor is requested	0	1		

<b>FS 50</b>	Set point to force OFF the compressors during antilegionella cycle	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	
<b>FS 51</b>	Compressors safety time in domestic hot water 0= safety time enabled 1= safety time disabled	0	1		
<b>FS 52</b>	Set point to enable heaters for low domestic hot water temperature	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	
<b>FS 53</b>	Proportional band to enable heaters for low domestic hot water temperature	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	
<b>FS 54</b>	Probe selection for low domestic hot water temperature 0= disabled 1= Pb1 2= Pb2 ...	0	22		
<b>FS 55</b>	Solar panel operation mode for domestic hot water 0= disabled 1= integration to heat pump 2= substitution to heat pump	0	2		
<b>FS 56</b>	Solar panel operation mode for heating 0= disabled 1= integration to heat pump 2= substitution to heat pump	0	2		
<b>FS 57</b>	Probe selection to calculate Dt of solar panel in domestic hot water 0= disabled 1= Pb1 2= Pb2 ...	0	22		
<b>FS 58</b>	Probe selection to calculate Dt of solar panel in heating 0= disabled 1= Pb1 2= Pb2 ...	0	22		
<b>FS 59</b>	Dt to enable solar panel in domestic hot water	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 60</b>	Dt to enable solar panel in heating	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>FS 61</b>	Maximum operation time of solar panel if set point not reached	0	250	min	
<b>FS 62</b>	Probe selection to disable the Free cooling for low temperature	0	22		
<b>FS 63</b>	Set point to disable the Free cooling for low temperature	-50.0 -58	110.0 230	°C °F	
<b>FS 64</b>	Differential to disable the Free cooling for low temperature	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	
<b>FS 65</b>	Delay time to enable compressor in free cooling	0	250	min	
<b>FS 66</b>	Differential to enable free cooling analog output	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>min</b>	<b>max</b>	<b>M. u.</b>	<b>Resolution</b>
<b>AL 1</b>	Low pressure alarm delay from analog and digital input	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL 2</b>	Low pressure alarm delay from digital input after compressor stop if the low pressure switch is used for the pump down. AL02= 0 low pressure alarm not enable with compressor OFF AL02≠ 0 low pressure alarm enable after AL02 time with compressor OFF	0	250	10 Sec	
<b>AL 3</b>	Low pressure alarm setpoint from analogue input	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
<b>AL 4</b>	Low pressure alarm differential from analogue input	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec Int
<b>AL 5</b>	Maximum number of low pressure events from digital/analogue inputs: Manual reset if AL05 = 0 Automatic reset if AL05 =16 From automatic to manual reset if AL05= 1..15	0	16		
<b>AL 6</b>	Low temperature/pressure alarm during defrost 0= Not enabled 1= Enabled	0	1		
<b>AL 7</b>	Low temperature/pressure alarm delay during defrost	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL 8</b>	Low temperature/pressure alarm with unit in OFF or stand – by: 0 = Not enabled 1= Alarm enabled	0	1		
<b>AL 9</b>	High temperature/pressure alarm from analogue input	-50.0 -58 0.0 0	110.0 230 50.0 725	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int

AL 10	High temperature/pressure alarm differential from analogue input	0.1 0 0.1 1	25.0 45 14.0 203	°C °F bar psi	Dec int Dec int
AL 11	Low oil pressure / level delay from digital input	0	250	Sec	
AL 12	Minimum time for low oil pressure / level from digital input activation in normal working condition.	0	250	Sec	
AL 13	Maximum number of low oil pressure/level events: Always manual reset if AL13= 0 Always automatic reset if AL13 =16 From automatic to manual reset if AL13 = 1..15	0	16		
AL 14	Configuration 0= Not enabled 1= Only for chiller 2= Only for heat pump 3= For both chiller and heat pump	0	3		
AL 15	"Flow switch / supply fan overload" alarm delay after pump/fun activation.	0	250	Sec	
AL 16	Flow switch time activation before blocking evaporator water pump	0	250		
AL 17	"Flow switch / supply fan overload" activation time to generate the alarm	0	250	Sec	
AL 18	"Flow switch / supply fan overload" de-activation time to reset the alarm	0	250	Sec	
AL 19	Compressor overload alarm delay after compressor start-up	0	250	Sec	
AL 20	Maximum number of compressor overload alarm events Always manual reset if AL20 = 0 Always automatic reset if AL20 =16 From automatic to manual reset if AL20 =1..15	0	16		
AL 21	Maximum number of pump down alarm events per hour in stop condition. After this number the alarm is logged, displayed and signalled with alarm relay + buzzer. Manual reset if AL21 = 0 Automatic reset if AL21 =16 From automatic to manual reset if AL21 =1..15	0	16		
AL 22	Maximum number of pump down alarm events per hour in start-up condition. After this number the alarm is logged, displayed and signalled with alarm relay + buzzer. Always manual reset if AL22 = 0 Always automatic reset if AL22 =16 From automatic to manual reset if AL21 =1..15 and parameter AL23 config.	0	16		
AL 23	Select if the pump down alarm must change from automatic to manual reset: 0= Always automatic reset 1= Manual reset after AL21 alarm events	0	1		
AL 24	Minimum antifreeze setpoint in chiller (from -30 °C to AL24)	-50.0 -58	AL26	°C °F	Dec int
AL 25	Maximum antifreeze setpoint in chiller (from AL24 to 70 °C)	AL26	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
AL 26	Setpoint temperature for low anti-freeze alarm, low ambient temperature (air/air), low temperature air outlet (air/air). From AL24 to AL25.	AL24	AL25	°C/°F	Dec/int
AL 27	Differential of alarm reset in Chiller mode for anti-freeze, low ambient air temperature or low outlet air temperature alarms.	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
AL 28	Alarm delay for anti-freeze, low ambient air temperature or low outlet air temperature. The temperature must be lower than AL26 for this time duration before having the alarm event.	0	250	Sec	
AL 29	Maximum number of alarm events anti-freeze, low ambient air temperature or low outlet air temperature before changing from automatic to manual alarm reset: Always manual reset if AL29 = 0 Always automatic reset if AL29 = 16 From automatic to manual if AL29 = 1 . 15	0	16		
AL 30	Anti-freeze alarm configuration in chiller 0= to turn the compressors off when the anti-freeze control probe is lower than AL26 (after the time delay), the display shows the alarm label. Buzzer and Alarm relay are not activated. 1= to turn the compressors off when the anti-freeze control probe is lower than AL26 (after the time delay), the display shows the alarm label. Buzzer and Alarm relay are activated.	0	1		
AL 31	Setpoint of the minimum limit in heat pump (va da - 30 °C a AL32)	-50.0 -58	AL33	°C °F	Dec int
AL 32	Setpoint of the maximum limit in heat pump (va da AL31 a 70 °C)	AL33	110.0 230	°C °F	Dec int
AL 33	Anti-freeze alarm setpoint in heat pump Setpoint temperature for low anti-freeze alarm, low ambient temperature (air/air), low temperature air outlet (air/air). (from AL31 to AL32)	AL31	AL32	°C/°F	Dec/int
AL 34	Alarm differential in heat pump. To reset the anti-freeze, low ambient Temperature (air/air), low temperature air outlet (air/air) alarms.	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int

<b>AL 35</b>	Anti-freeze alarm delay in HP for low outlet air temperature (air/air) Attention If during the Stand-by or remote off there is an anti-freeze alarm event, and the AL35 <->0, starting the heat pump mode, from keyboard or digital input. In this case the anti-freeze alarm is aborted and the compressor starts for the AL35 time to heat the air or the water. After the AL35 time if the antifreeze probe value is still lower than AL33 setpoint, for maximum AL36 seconds, the unit is stopped and the anti-freeze alarm is generated again.	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL 36</b>	Anti-freeze alarm delay for low air ambient temperature or low outlet air temperature in heat pump normal condition. The detected temperature must be lower than AL33 for the time AL36 before giving the alarm	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL 37</b>	Maximum number of anti-freeze alarm events for low air ambient temperature or low outlet air temperature in heat pump. It sets the alarm reset condition: Always manual reset AL37 = 0 Always automatic reset AL37 = 16 From automatic to manual reset if AL37 = 1..15	0	16		
<b>AL 38</b>	Anti-freeze alarm configuration in heat pump 0= to turn the compressors off when the anti-freeze control probe is lower than AL33 (after the time delay), the display shows the alarm label. Buzzer and Alarm relay are not activated. 1= to turn the compressors off when the anti-freeze control probe is lower than AL33 (after the time delay), the display shows the alarm label. Buzzer and Alarm relay are activated.	0	1		
<b>AL 39</b>	Compressor high discharge temperature setpoint	0 32	150 302	°C °F	Dec / int int
<b>AL 40</b>	Compressor high discharge temperature differential	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL 41</b>	Number of compressor high discharge temperature events per hour to determine the alarm reset condition: Always manual reset if AL41 = 0 Always automatic reset if AL41 =16 From automatic to manual if AL41 = 1..15	0	16		
<b>AL 42</b>	Maximum number of generic alarm events (each event stop the regulation) before turning the alarm from automatic to manual: Always manual AL42 = 0 Always automatic AL42 =16 From manual to automatic if AL42 value is between 1 and 15	0	16		
<b>AL 43</b>	Generic alarm delay time after the digital input activation	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL 44</b>	Generic alarm delay time after the digital input is not activate	0	250	10 sec	10 sec
<b>AL 45</b>	Enable alarm relay with unit in off or stand – by: 0= Alarm output not enabled 1= Alarm output enabled	0	1		
<b>AL 46</b>	Password value to reset the alarm log, the compressor overload alarm and antifreeze alarm	0	999		
<b>AL 47</b>	Thermal alarm of the compressor 0= lock the compressor 1= lock the whole circuit	0	1		
<b>AL 48</b>	Thermal alarm when the compressor is OFF 0 = Not enabled 1= Alarm enabled	0	1		
<b>AL 49</b>	Oil alarm when the compressor is OFF 0 = Not enabled 1= Alarm enabled	0	1		
<b>AL50</b>	Functioning generic alarm n° 2 0= only signal always automatic reset 1= the alarm block the unit reset depends on the value of parameter AL51	0	1		
<b>AL51</b>	Maximum number of generic alarm events before turning the alarm from automatic to manual: Always manual AL51 = 0 Always automatic AL51 =16 From manual to automatic if AL51 value is between 1 and 15	0	16		
<b>AL52</b>	Generic alarm delay time after the digital input activation	0	250	Sec	sec
<b>AL53</b>	Generic alarm delay time after the digital input is not activate	0	250	sec	sec
<b>AL54</b>	Maximum number of high pressure / temperature alarm events before turning the alarm from automatic to manual: Always manual AL54 = 0 Always automatic AL54 =16 From manual to automatic if AL54 value is between 1 and 15	0	16		
<b>AL55</b>	"Flow switch water condenser alarm delay after pump activation.	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL56</b>	Maximum time flow switch alarm active before to block the water pump	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL57</b>	Minimum "Flow switch water condenser active time duration.	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL58</b>	Minimum "Flow switch water condenser not active time duration.	0	250	Sec	

<b>AL59</b>	Maximum number of high water temperature alarm events Always manual reset if AL59 = 0 Always automatic reset if AL59 =16 From automatic to manual reset if AL59 =1..15	0	16		
<b>AL60</b>	High water temperature alarm delay time from ON compressor	0	250	sec	10 sec
<b>AL61</b>	Set point higt water temperature	-50.0 -58	110 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL62</b>	Differential higt water temperature	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL63</b>	Analogue input configuration.Allows to select which probe value NTC/PTC (Pb1..Pb10)	0	22		
<b>AL64</b>	Low pressure alarm delay	0	250	sec	
<b>AL65</b>	Domestic hot water flow switch alarm delay	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL66</b>	San. water flow switch delay to stop pump	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL67</b>	Domestic hot water flow switch activation time	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL68</b>	San. water flow switch de-activation time	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL69</b>	Solar panel flow switch alarm delay	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL70</b>	Solar panel flow switch delay to stop pump	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL71</b>	Solar panel flow switch activation time	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL72</b>	Solar panel flow switch de-activation time	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL73</b>	Max. number per hour domestic hot water heaters overload alarm Always manual if AL73 = 0 Always automatic if AL73 =16 If 16>AL73>0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>automatic if number of alarm &lt; AL73</li> <li>manual if number of alarm = AL73</li> </ul>	0	16		
<b>AL74</b>	Password request to reset manual antifreeze alarm 0= password requested 1= password not requested	0	1		
<b>AL75</b>	Max. number per hour domestic hot water pump overload Always manual if AL75 = 0 Always automatic if AL75 =16 If 16>AL75>0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>automatic if number of alarm &lt; AL75</li> <li>manual if number of alarm = AL75</li> </ul>	0	16		
<b>AL76</b>	Compressor oil level alarm only signalling 0= automatic / manual reset oil alarm (see AL13) and compressor switch off 1= oil alarm signal only (compressor stays ON)	0	1		
<b>AL77</b>	Compressor overload alarm operation mode 0= always manual reset 1= always automatic reset	0	1		
<b>AL78</b>	Dt temperature to generate compressor/circuit differential oil alarm	0.1 1	14.0 203	bar psi	Dec int
<b>AL79</b>	Differential to reset compressor/circuit differential oil alarm	0.1 1	14.0 203	bar psi	Dec int
<b>AL80</b>	Max. number per hour compressor/circuit differential oil alarm Always manual if AL80 = 0 Always automatic if AL80 =16 If 16>AL80>0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>automatic if number of alarm &lt; AL80</li> <li>manual if number of alarm = AL80</li> </ul>	0	16		
<b>AL81</b>	Compressor/circuit differential oil alarm operation mode 0= disabled 1= enabled for pistons compressors 2= enabled for screw compressors	0	2		
<b>AL82</b>	By pass time of the FC flow switch alarm starting from water pump activation	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL83</b>	FC flow switch time activation before blocking FC water pump	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL84</b>	FC flow switch activation time to generate the alarm and block the compressor	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL85</b>	FC flow switch de-activation time to reset the alarm	0	250	Sec	
<b>AL86</b>	Flow switch alarm reset mode 0= Always manual 1= automatic reset after 1 minute 2= automatic reset after 2 minutes ... 250= automatic reset after 250 minutes	0	250	min	
<b>AL87</b>	Evaporator/domestic hot water flow switch by-pass time during Out1 / Out2 commutation	0	250	Sec	
<b>Defrost alarm</b>					
<b>AL88</b>	Number of defrost alarm per hour to generate the manual reset alarm	0	250		
<b>Condenser antifreeze alarm</b>					
<b>AL89</b>	Minimum value of the condenser antifreeze alarm set point in chiller	-50.0 -58	AL91	°C °F	Dec int

<b>AL90</b>	Maximum value of the condenser antifreeze alarm set point in chiller	AL91	110 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL91</b>	Condenser antifreeze alarm set point in chiller	AL89	AL90	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL92</b>	Condenser antifreeze alarm differential in chiller	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL93</b>	Minimum value of the condenser antifreeze alarm set point in heat pump	-50.0 -58	AL95	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL94</b>	Maximum value of the condenser antifreeze alarm set point in heat pump	AL95	110 230	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL95</b>	Condenser antifreeze alarm set point in heat pump	AL93	AL94	°C °F	Dec int
<b>AL96</b>	Condenser antifreeze alarm differential in heat pump	0.1 0	25.0 45	°C °F	Dec int
<b>Alarm menu protected by password</b>					
<b>AL97</b>	Enable the access with password to the alarm menu 0= password not requested 1= password requested	0	1		
<b>AL98</b>	Number of resetted manual alarm to enter in alarm menu with password	0	250		
<b>Condenser fan overload</b>					
<b>AL 99</b>	Overload alarm by-pass time starting from condenser fan activation	0	250	sec	

## 51. WIRING CONNECTIONS

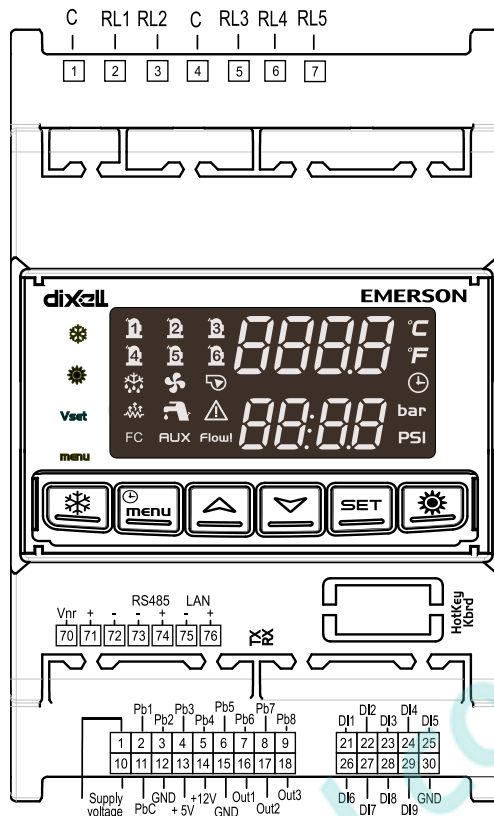
### 51.1 HARDWARE RESOURCES FOR IC205D MODEL

- 5 x digital outputs (relays):  
MAX current on the relay contacts relè 5(2)A 250V  
MAX common current 10A 250V
- 9 x digital inputs: (free of voltage)
- 8 x analogue inputs:
  - 5 x NTC preobe / PTC probe / digital input
  - 3 x NTC preobe / PTC probe / digital input / pressure transducer 4÷20 mA / pressure transducer ratio-metric 0÷ 5.0 Volt
- 4 modulating outputs:
  - 1 x 0 ÷ 10 Volt
  - 2 x 0 ÷ 10.0 Volt or PWM (for modulating condenser fan)
- 1 x output to connect a remote keyboard (max 2 remote keyboards)
- 1 x LAN to connect an I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 1 x TTL output for "HotKey 64" (for parameters programming) or for XJ485CX (interface module for monitoring system)
- 1 x RS485 output to connect the instrument to a RS485 network (monitoring system) or XWEB system.

MAX current of relay contacts 5(2)A 250V

MAX current of common line of the relay 10A 250V



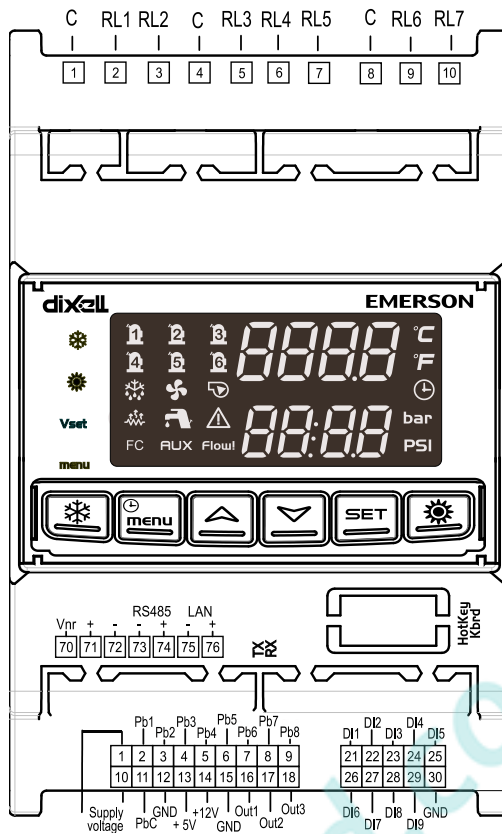


## 51.2 HARDWARE RESOURCES FOR IC207D MODEL

- 7 x digital outputs (relays):  
MAX current on the relay contacts relè 5(2)A 250V  
MAX common current 10A 250V
- 9 x digital inputs: (free of voltage)
- 8 analogue inputs:
  - 5 x NTC preobe / PTC probe / digital input
  - 3 x NTC preobe / PTC probe / digital input / pressure transducer 4÷20 mA / pressure transducer ratio-metric 0÷ 5.0 Volt
- 4 x modulating outputs:
  - 1 x 0 ÷ 10 Volt
  - 2 x 0 ÷ 10.0 Volt or PWM (for modulating condenser fan)
- 1 x output to connect a remote keyboard (max 2 remote keyboards)
- 1 x LAN to connect an I/O expansion module (ICX207D)
- 1 x TTL output for “HotKey 64” (for parameters programming) or for XJ485CX (interface module for monitoring system)
- 1 x RS485 output to connect the instrument to a RS485 network (monitoring system) or XWEB system.

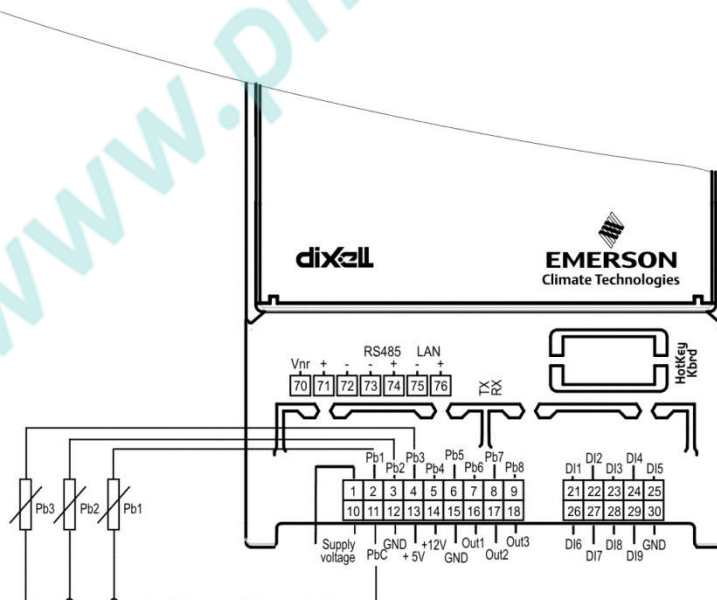
MAX current of relay contacts 5(2)A 250V

MAX current of common line of the relay 10A 250V



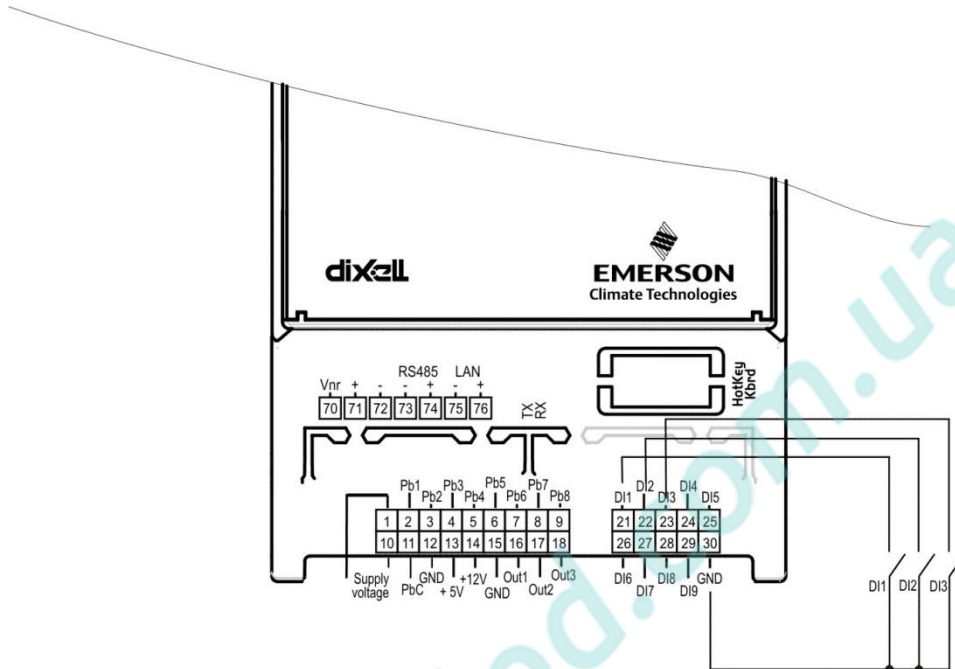
### 51.3 ANALOG INPUTS NTC – PTC PROBES

PbC = common terminal  
Pb1...Pb6 = probe inputs



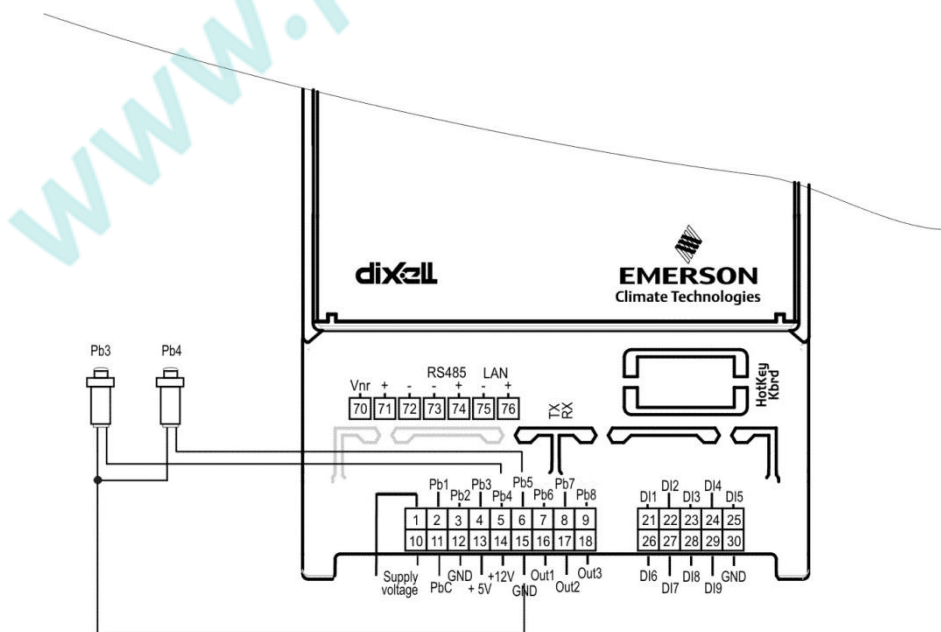
## 51.4 DIGITAL INPUTS

GND = common terminal  
ID1...ID11 = digital inputs



## 51.5 ANALOG INPUT FOR PRESSURE TRANSDUCER (4 ÷ 20MA SIGNAL)

12V = power supply for pressure transducers  
Pb3 and Pb4 = pressure transducer inputs

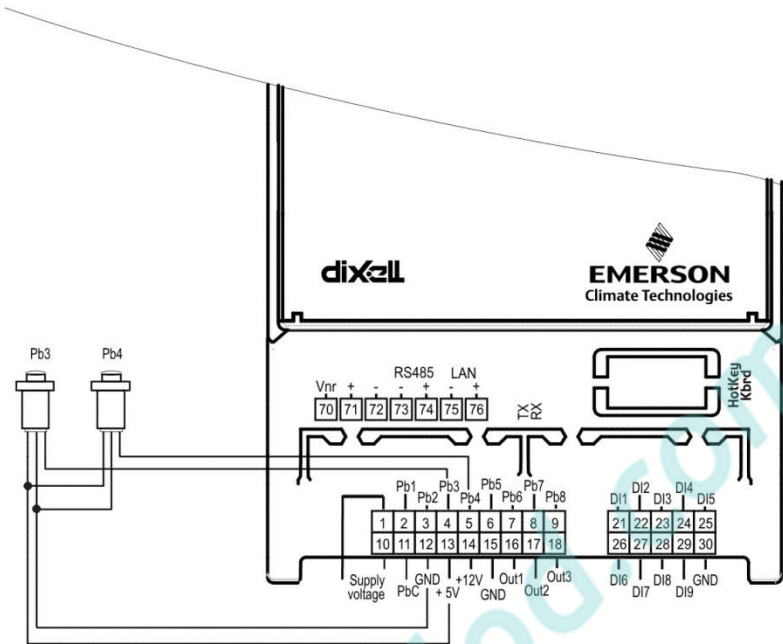


**51.6 ANALOG INPUT FOR PRESSURE RATIO METRIC TRANSDUCER PPR30 (0 ÷ 5V SIGNAL)**

**+5V** = power supply for pressure transducers

**GND** = ground for pressure transducers

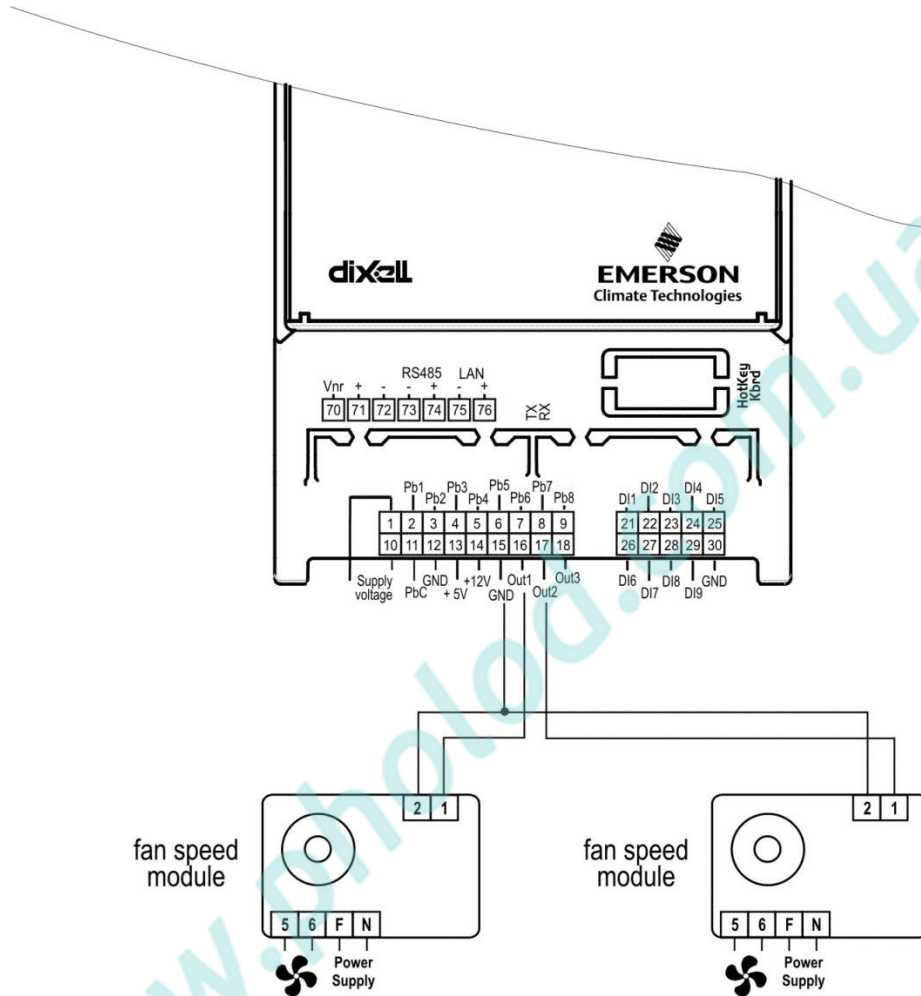
**Pb3 and Pb4** = pressure transducer inputs



## 51.7 PWM OUTPUT FOR CONDENSING FAN SPEED CONTROL (ONLY FOR OUT2 AND OUT3)

The compatible modules are the following:

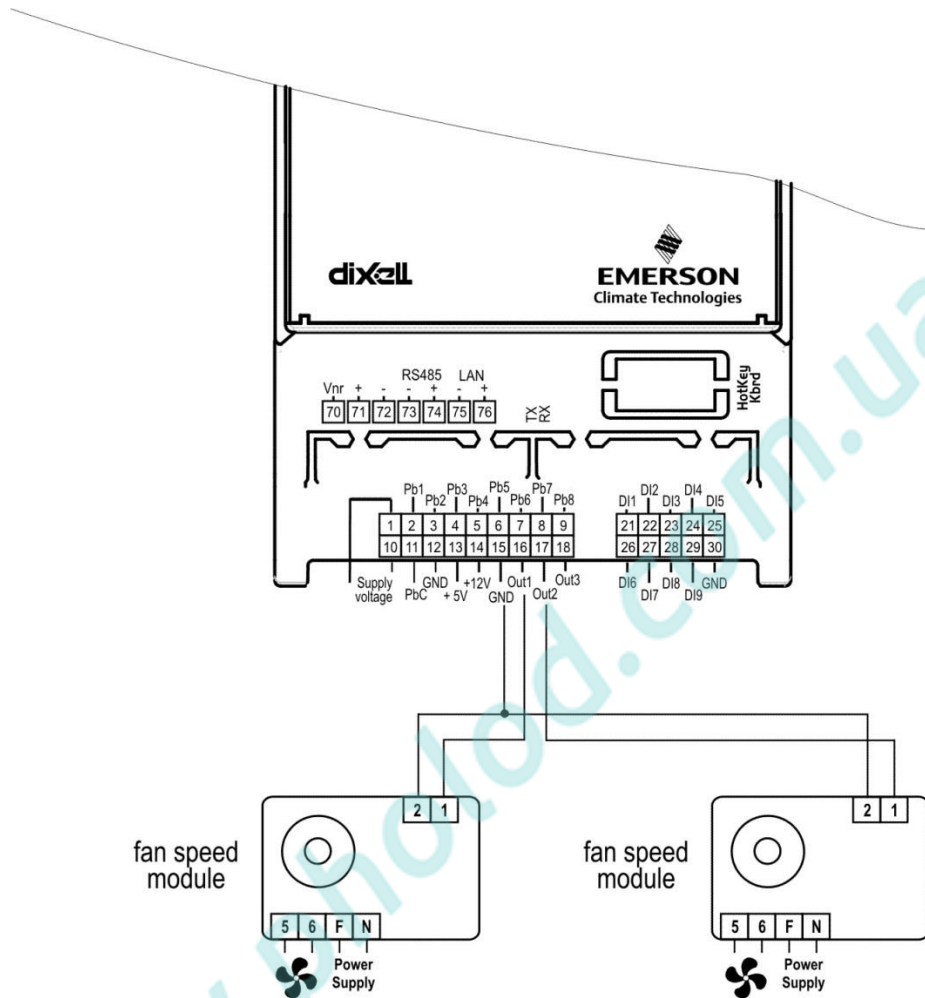
- XV05PK mono-phase 500 Watt (2A)
- XV10PK mono-phase 1000 Watt (4A)
- XV22PK mono-phase 2200 Watt (9A)



## 51.8 PROPORTIONAL OUTPUT FOR FAN CONDENSING CONTROL OR FOR COMPRESSOR INVERTER CONTROLLED OR FOR AUXILIARY OUTPUTS

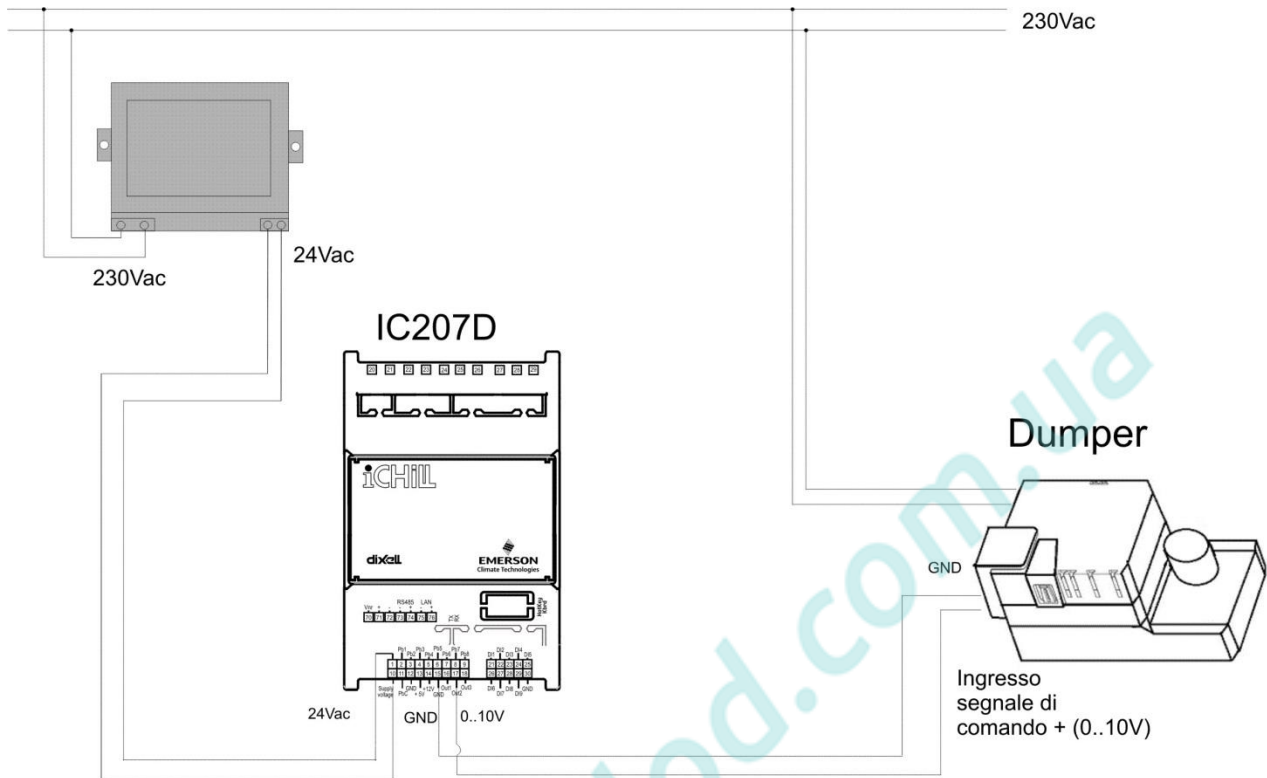
OUT1...OUT4 = signals for the modulation of the condenser fan

GND = ground for pressure transducers

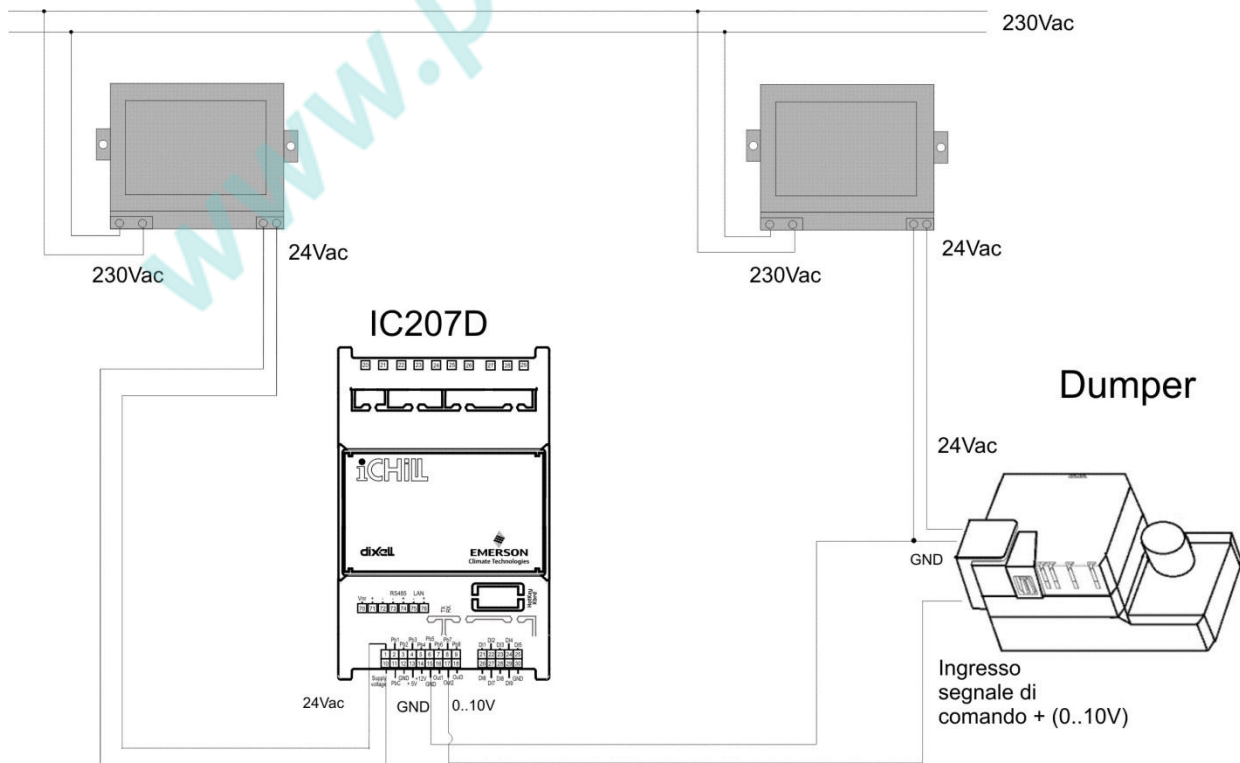


## 51.9 PROPORTIONAL OUTPUT 0..10V TO CONTROL DUMPER MOTORS

OUT1...OUT4 = signals for the modulation of the dumper motor  
 GND = ground



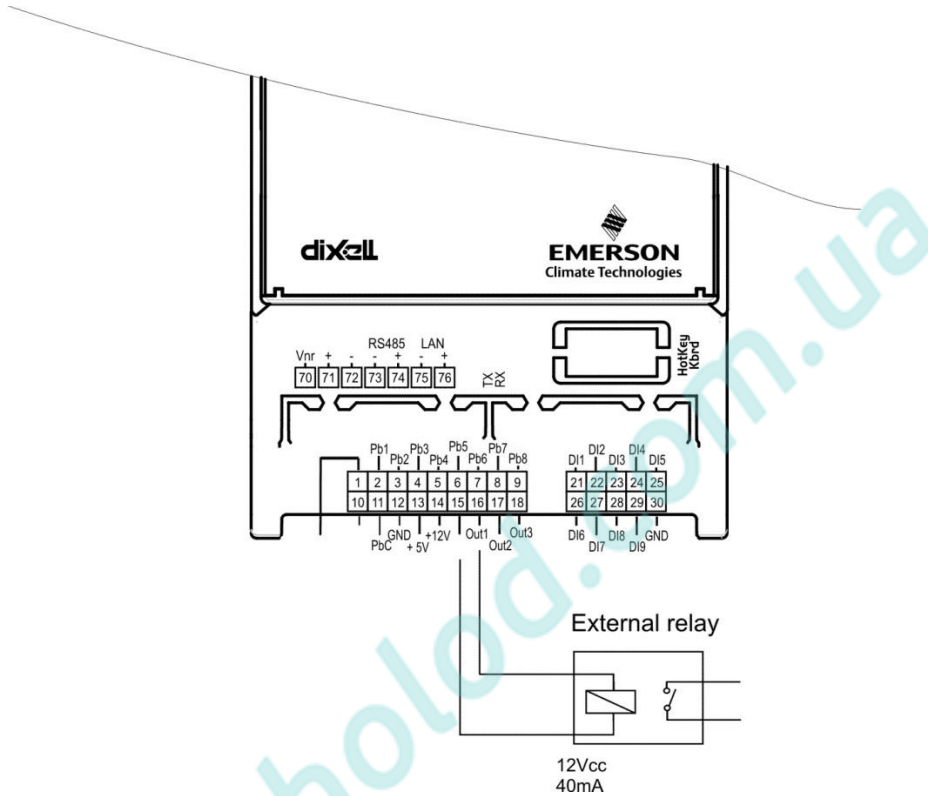
If the dumper motor has a common line between a pole of the power supply and the “-” pole of the 0..10V signal, it is necessary to use two transformers for the power supply of the controller Ichill and the power supply of the dumper motor.



## 51.10 PROPORTIONAL OUTPUTS CONFIGURED FOR AUX RELAY CONTROL

OUT1...OUT4 = signals for relays  
GND = ground

Max. current to drive the relay coil: 40mA.  
Power supply of the relay: 12Vcc.



## 51.11 REMOTE KEYBOARD

It is possible to connect to the instrument up to two remote terminals VI622, available with / without temperature probe on board, or two TI620 available without temperature probe on board, or one LCD keyboard Visograph 2.0 (V2I820 without probes on board); the use of keyboards VI622 or TI620 excludes the possibility of use of the keyboard Visograph and vice versa.

If the remote terminal VI622 is provided with temperature sensor on board, the temperature adjustment can be performed with the probe at the edge of the terminal.

To enable the remote keyboard is necessary to configure the following parameters (in the Ichill parameter map):

- CF54 Enable remote terminal 1 (VI622, TI620); set the dip switch of the keyboard 1 to "1" position
- CF55 Enable remote terminal 2 (VI622, TI620); set the dip switch of the keyboard 2 to "ON" position
- CF84 Enable remote terminal Visograph (V2I820)

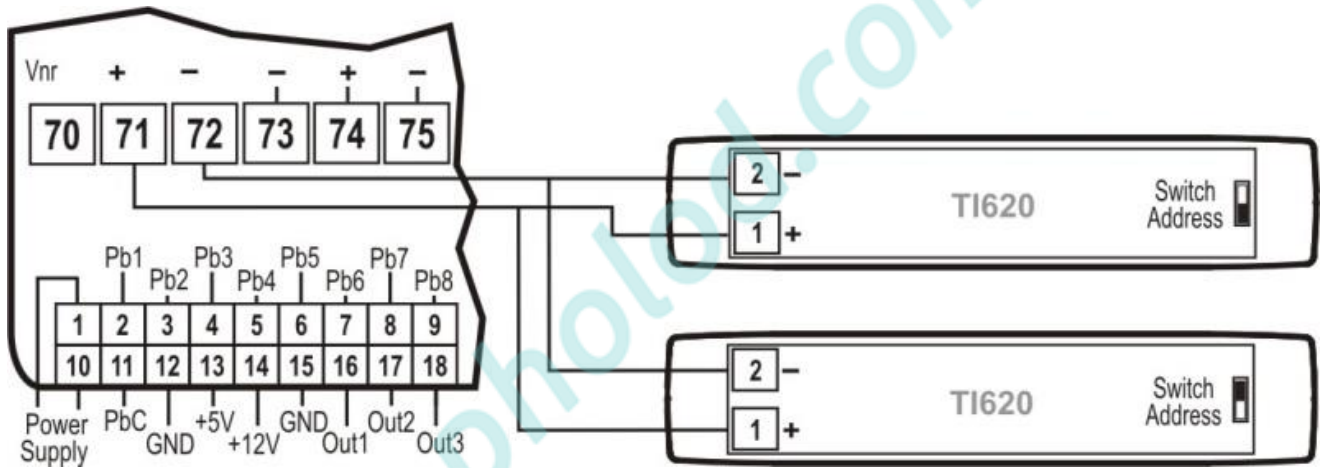
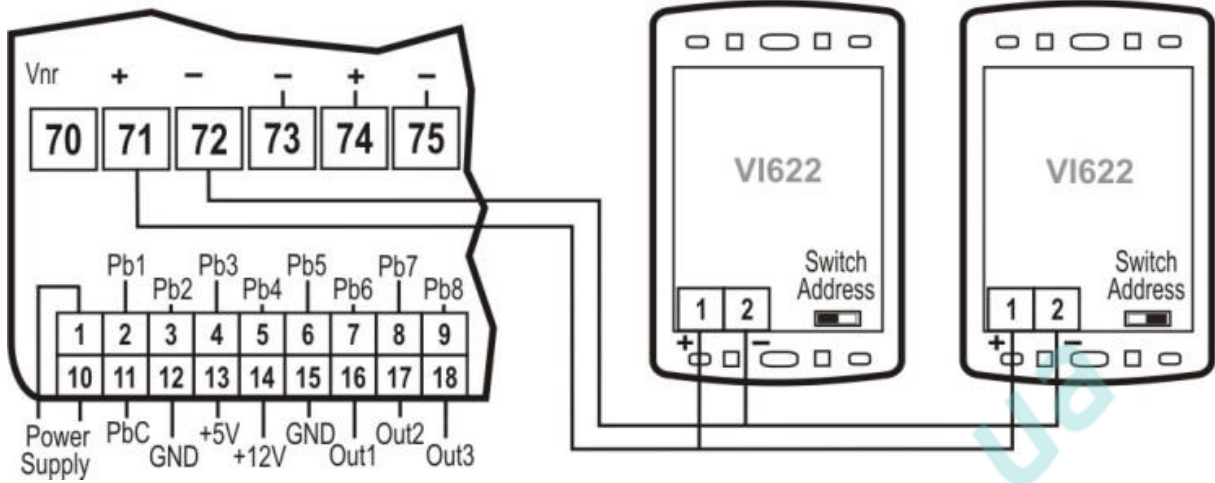
The connection of the remote terminals must be performed using a shielded / twisted (such as Belden 8772, wires 1 mm<sup>2</sup> minimum); the maximum distance is 100M (maximum length of the connection, both if using one or two keyboards).

In case of lack of communication between the device and the keyboard (wrong connection, wrong configuration parameters), the display shows the message "noL" (no link).

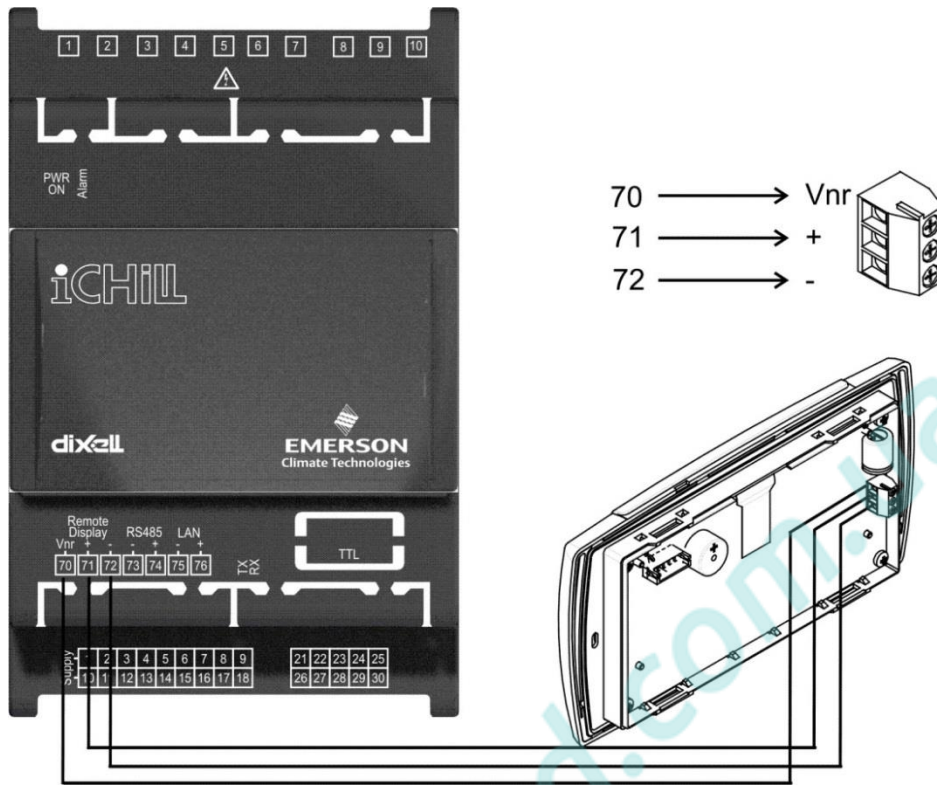
When using two keyboards VI622 you must configure the dip switches on the rear of the same, giving to the first keyboard address 1 and to the second keyboard address 2.



## VI622 or TI620 led keyboard



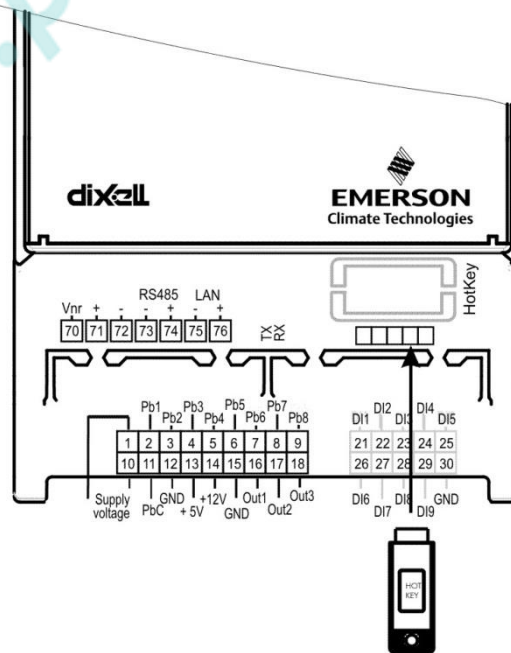
## V2I820 LCD keyboard



### 51.12 HOT KEY 64 CONNECTION

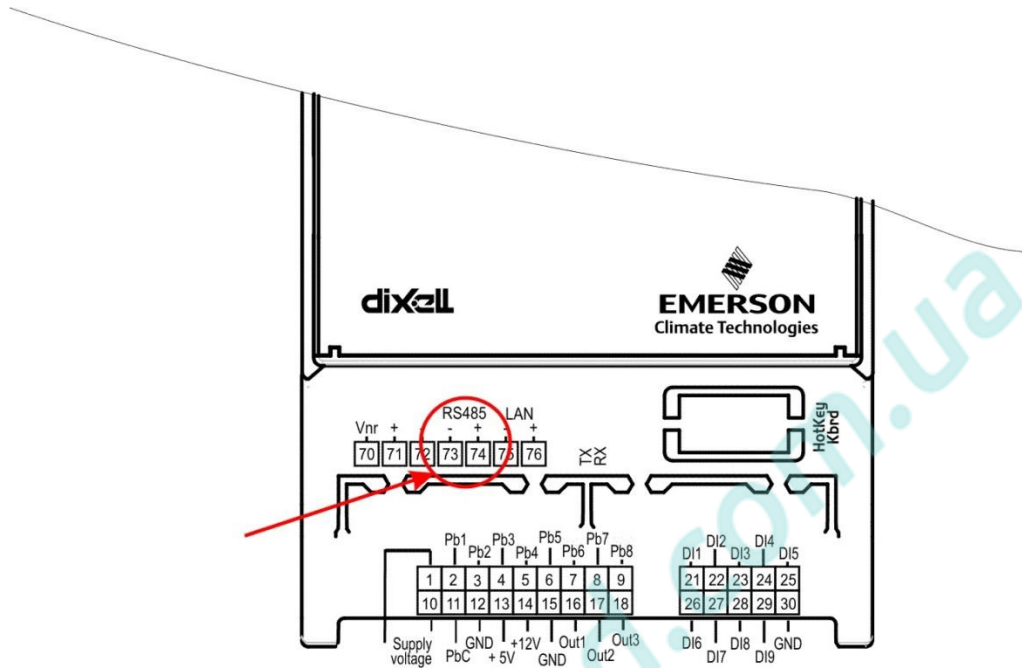
HotKey 64 is used to:

- transfer a parameter list in the instrument
- or copy the parameter list of the instrument to the HotKey



## 51.13 RS484 SERIAL CONNECTION

The XJ485CX interface is a signal converter (from TTL to RS485). The RS485 uses two terminals (+) and (-) that must be connected respecting the polarity. Use the CAB/RS02 to connect the XJ485 interface to the TTL connector.



## 52. I/O EXPANSION CONNECTION

Through the I/O expansion is possible to increase the number of probes, digital inputs, relay and analog outputs.

The I/O expansion does not regulate independently but is only an actuator; the configuration of the inputs and outputs must be made through EI parameters in the IC200D EVO map.

The connection diagrams of the I/O expansion are shown in the manual of the expansion.

The connection to the Ichill is done via LAN.

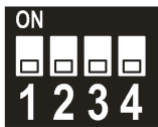
To configure the expansion is necessary to:

- enable expansion presence via parameter CF78 "Presence expansion card I / O"
- configure the address of communication with the iCHILL with parameter EI01
- configure expansion ICX207D the communication address via dip-switch, which must match the address set in parameter EI01 of the Ichill
- configure the inputs and outputs using the parameters EI02...EI43 of the Ichill
- connect the iCHILL and expansion according to the diagram showed below

In case of lack or loss of LAN communication, adjustment dell'Ichill is immediately blocked.

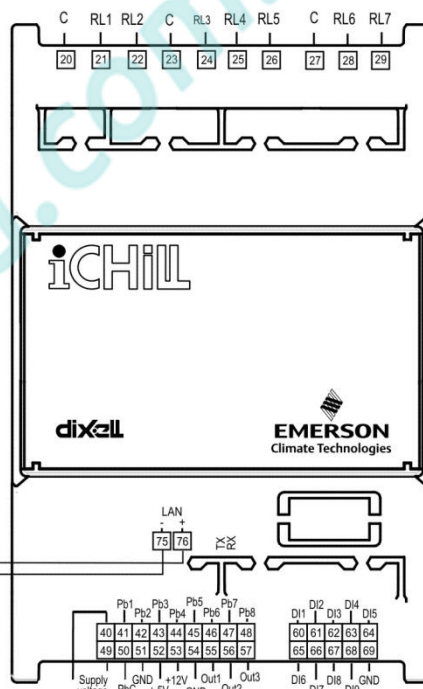
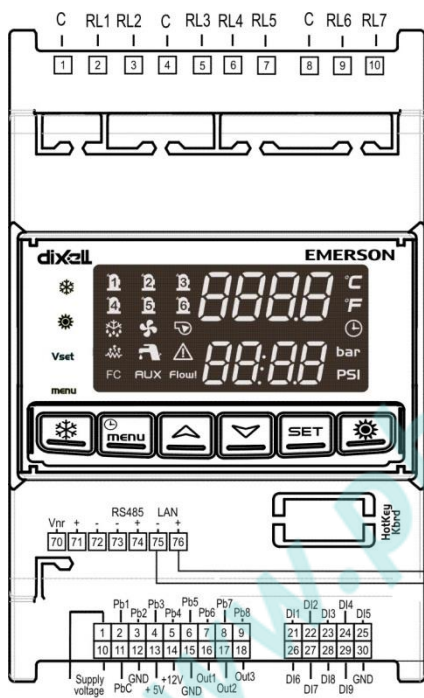
The maximum length of the LAN connection is 30 mt.

The address of LAN communication with the controller iCHILL EVO series must be set via dip-switch.



	1	2	3	4
Adr. 0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Adr. 1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Adr. 2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Adr. 3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Adr. 4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Adr. 5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
Adr. 6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
Adr. 7	ON	ON	ON	OFF
Adr. 8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
Adr. 9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
Adr. 10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
Adr. 11	ON	ON	OFF	ON
Adr. 12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
Adr. 13	ON	OFF	ON	ON
Adr. 14	OFF	ON	ON	ON
Adr. 15	ON	ON	ON	ON

Not used



## 53. IEV ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE CONNECTION

The IChill 200D EVO can be connected to the IEV electronic expansion valve driver.

The driver IEV regulates superheating autonomously; the connection to the controller IChill is needed to synchronize the operation of the chiller or heat pump with the valve operation.

The configuration parameters, the setting of superheat control must be performed in the driver IEV.

The probe of the evaporation temperature has to be connected to the driver while the evaporation pressure probe can be connected to the controller or the driver IChill IEV.

The connection to the IChill is done via LAN.

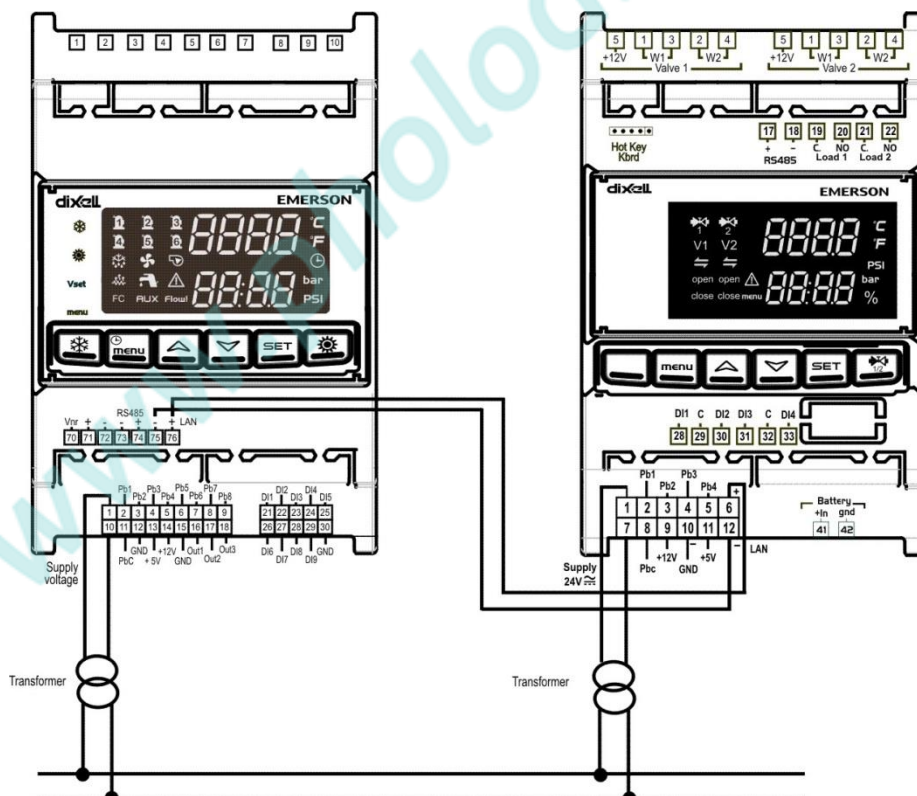
To configure the driver IEV is necessary:

- enable in the IChill the driver connection, via parameters CF79 "Presence expansion valve circuit 1" and CF80 "Presence expansion valve circuit 2"
- configure in the IChill the communication address with the valve driver, via parameter CF81
- configure in the driver valve the address for communication with the IChill with parameter Ec47 (must match the address set in parameter CF81 of the IChill)
- set in the IChill if the evaporation pressure probe is connected to the IChill or to the IEV driver (parameter CF82)
- set in the IEV driver if the evaporation pressure probe is connected to the IChill or to the IEV driver (parameter Ec2)
- connect the IChill and expansion according to the diagram below

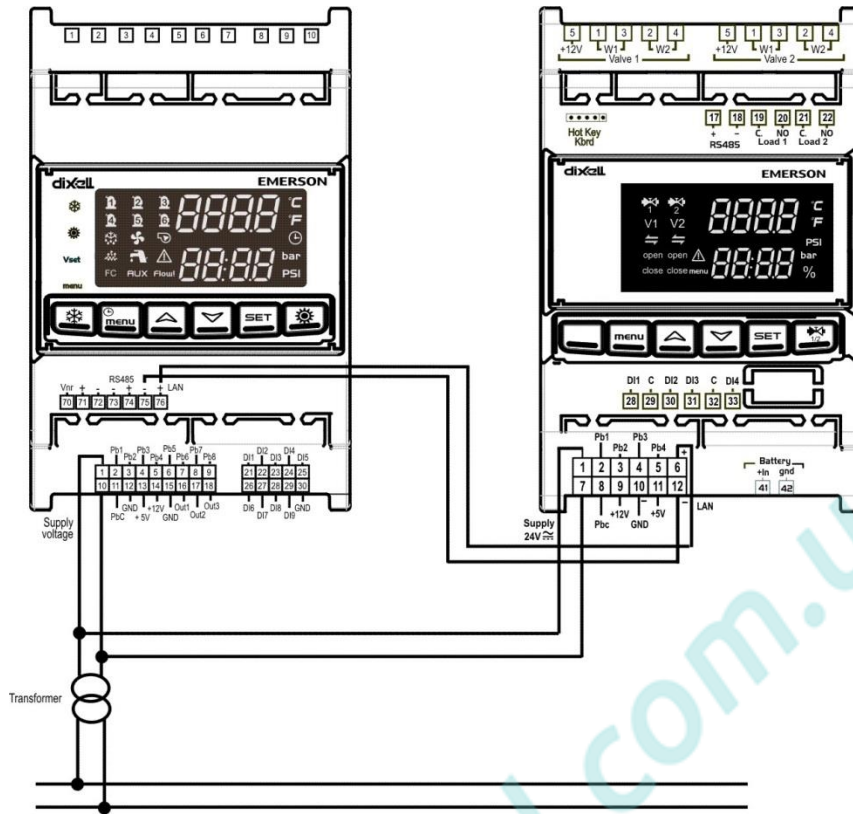
In case of lack of LAN communication, the adjustment dell'IChill is immediately blocked.

The maximum length of the LAN connection is 30 mt.

Connection with separate transformer.



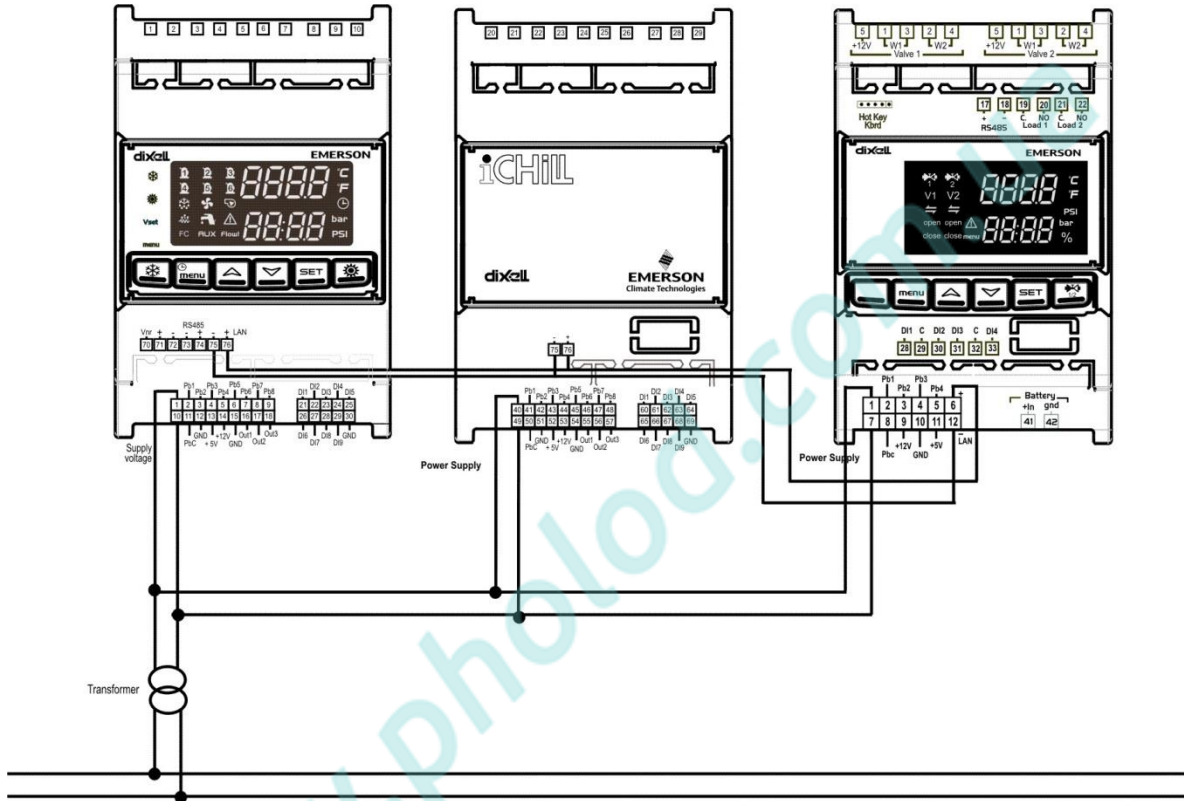
Connection with the same transformer (the power supply of the IChill and expansion I / O must be 24 Vac/dc).



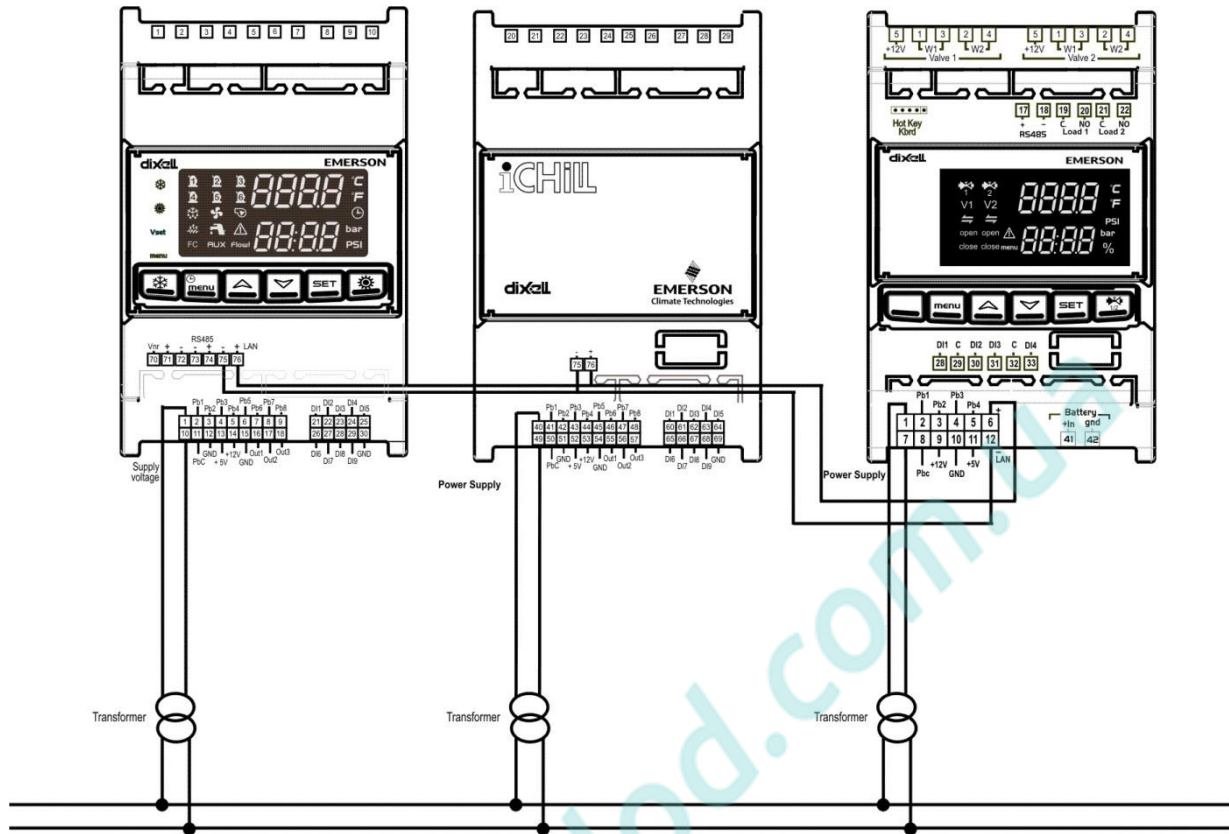
# 54. I/O EXPANSION AND IEV ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE CONNECTION

In case of Ichill connection to both, I/O expansion and IEV electronic expansion driver, follow the instructions in paragraph 52 and paragraph 53 and be sure to properly configure communication address (the communication address between the Ichill and I / O expansion and between Ichill and IEV must be different). The maximum length of the LAN connection is 30 mt.

Connection with the same transformer (the power supply voltage of the devices must be 24Vac/dc).



Connection with separated transformer.



## 55. POWER SUPPLY FAILURE

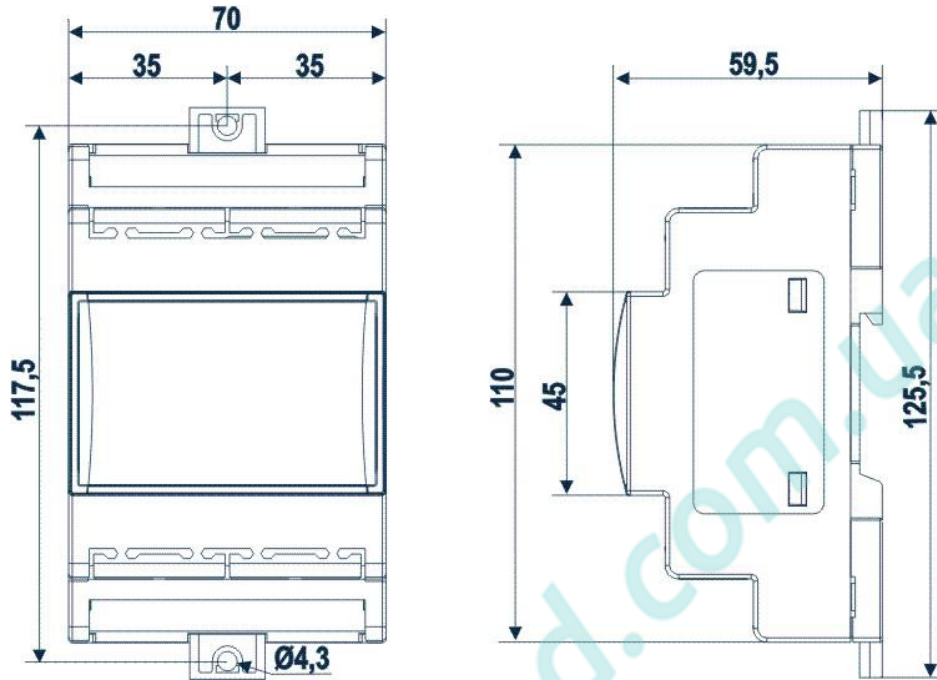
After a power supply failure, at the following power on:

1. the instrument return to the same status it had before the power OFF
2. if a defrost was ongoing, defrost procedure is stopped
3. if a manual reset alarm was ongoing, the alarm is not re-setted automatically



## 56. INSTALLING AND MOUNTING

### 56.1 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC

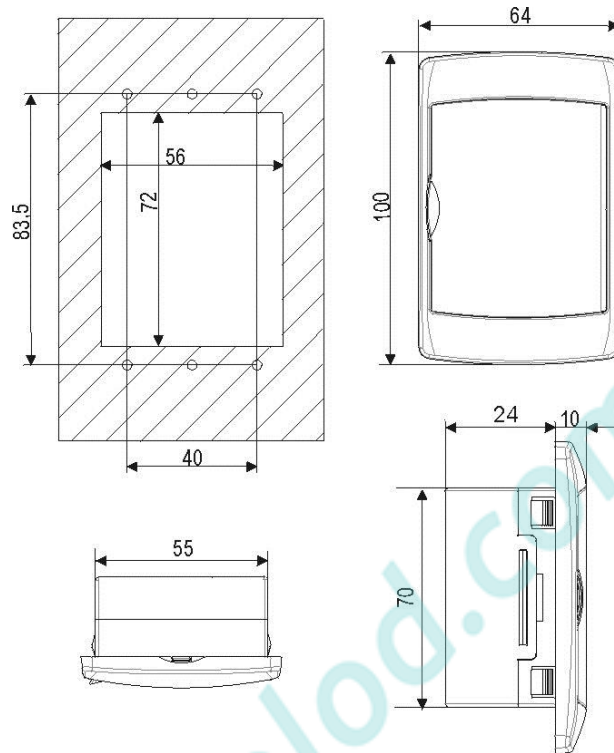


<b>Mount:</b>	DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880)
<b>Material:</b>	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
<b>Self-extinguishing:</b>	V0 (UL94)
<b>Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):</b>	300V
<b>Colour:</b>	Black
<b>IP protection:</b>	IP10

## 56.2 VI622 PANEL CUT-OUT

The remote terminals are designed for panel mounting (panel cut-out 72x56 mm) and screwed with two screws.

For IP65 use gasket RGW-V (optional).



WALL MOUNTING: use the vertical V-KIT (black, white and grey) as described in the following scheme:

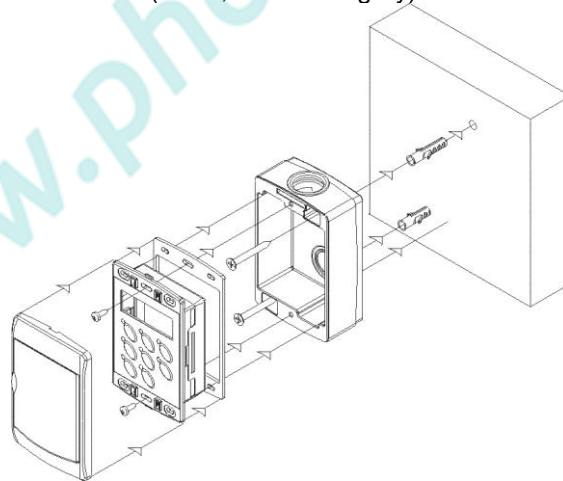
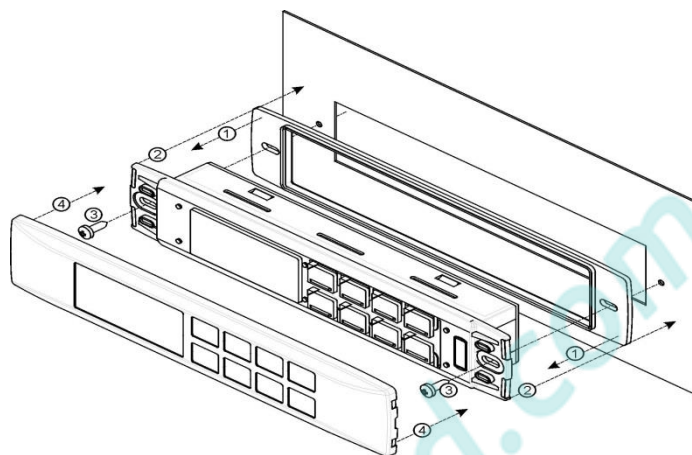
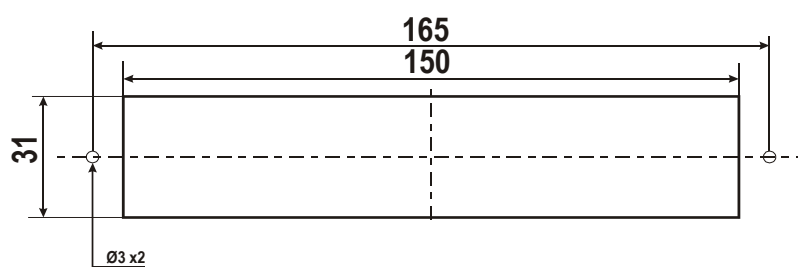
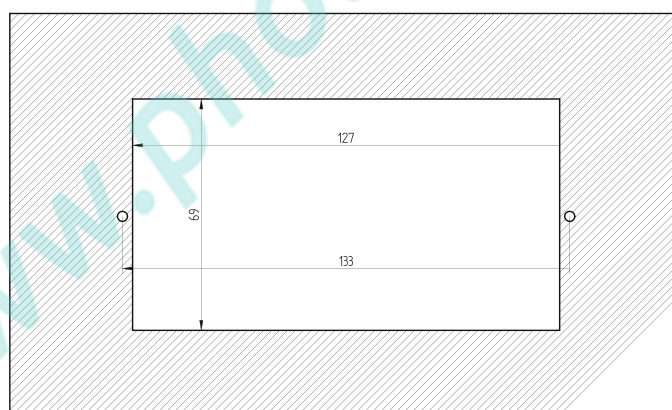


Fig. 1

### 56.3 TI620 PANEL CUT-OUT



### 56.4 V2I820 PANEL CUT-OUT



## 57. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The instrument is provided with:

- 2 removable terminal blocks MOLEX MICROFIT 18 and 10 ways for power supply voltage / digital and analogue inputs and modulating outputs
- 1 removable terminal blocks STELVIO 6 ways for the remote keyboard connections, RS485 and LAN
- 1 removable terminal blocks AMP 10 ways for the relay outputs
- 5 ways connector for TTL RS485 interface outputs

Wiring cables:

DWDE15-KIT	1.5mt
DWDE30-KIT	3.0mt

Wire size:

- signal cable AWG 24
- power supply cable AWG 22

General notes:

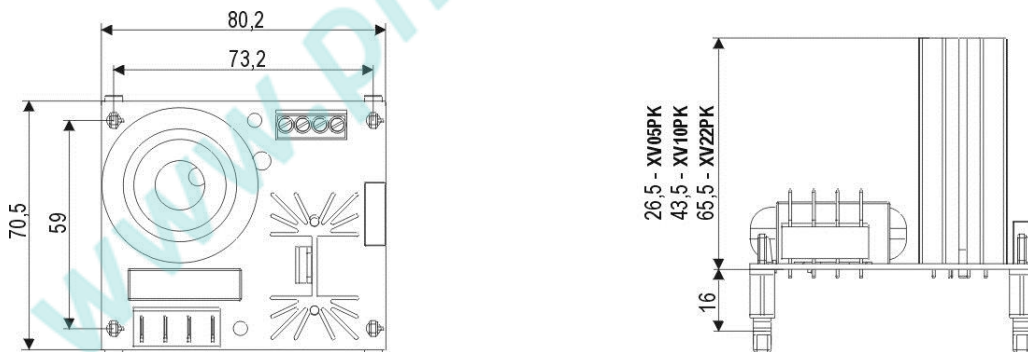
- Check the connections and the line voltage before turning on the power supply.
- Keep low voltage cables, such as analogue/digital inputs/outputs and probes, away from power cables and terminals.

Respect the maximum load current of each relay output, in case of power loads use filtered contactors.

## 58. ACCESSORIES

### 58.1 MONOPHASE FAN CONTROL: 230VAC AND CUT PHASE CONTROL

Models	XV05PK	XV10PK	XV22PK
Power	500W	1000W	2200W
Ampere	2A	4A	9.5A

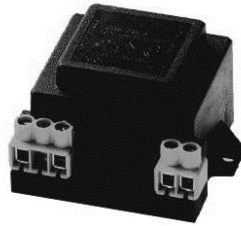


Power supply			
230Vac	Input		
0 - 230Vac	output		
-10 - 65°C	Operating temperature		
Naylon supports			
D	15mm		
Height			
Model	XV05PK	XV10PK	XV22PK
Y	25mm	42mm	64mm
Connections			
A 1(+), 2(-)	PWM input control		
B 3(+), 4(-)	PWM output repetition signal		
F	Phase		

<b>N</b>	Neutral
<b>5 - 6</b>	Fan output
Terminals 3 and 4 allows to connect another board in parallel to control two separate fans with the same input control.	
Terminals 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 are for screw for a 2.5mm wire	
Terminals 5 / 6 / F / N are 6,3mm faston	

### Transformer

The **TF10** transformer models: **230/12 Vac**, **230 /24 Vac**, **110 / 12 Vac**, **24 / 12 Vac**



### 58.2 RT314 KIT

Relay module (DIN rail mounting) to connect a relay to an analog output.



### 58.3 HOT KEY:

Parameters copying key



## 59. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS


### 59.1 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

<b>Power Supply:</b>	12Vac/dc -10% ÷ 15%, 50/60Hz, or 24Vac/dc -10% ÷ 10%, 50/60Hz
<b>Consumption:</b>	Max. 10VA
<b>Connectors:</b>	Molex connectors for power supply, probes connection, digital inputs, analog outputs) STELVIO screw connectors for LAN connection STELVIO screw connectors for relay

### 59.2 ANALOGUE INPUTS


<b>Number of inputs:</b>	5 (NTC, PTC, D.I.) 3 (NTC, PTC, 4..20mA, 0..5V, D.I.)
<b>Type of analogue input:</b> (configurable via software parameter)	NTC (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% a 25°C) PTC (-50T150°C; 990Ω±1% a 25°C) Rathimetric: 0.5..4.5V Current: 4..20mA Digital input (free contact)
<b>Operation range:</b>	-50°C ÷ 110°C (-58 °F ÷ 230°F) NTC probe -50°C ÷ 150°C (-58 °F ÷ 302°F) PTC probe 0 bar ÷ 50 bar (0 psi ÷ 302 psi) pressure probe
<b>Resolution:</b>	0.1 °C 1 °F 0.1 bar 1 psi

### 59.3 DIGITAL INPUT


<b>Type:</b> (configurable via software parameter)	Free contact not opto-insulated
<b>Number of inputs:</b>	9
<b>Notes:</b> 	Don't supply voltage to the digital inputs in order to not cause damage to the instrument

### 59.4 ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

<b>Type:</b>	Non opto-insulated, internal power
<b>Number of outputs:</b>	3
<b>Type of analogue output:</b> (configurable via software parameter)	3 configurable outputs: - OUT1: 0-10Vdc - OUT2 and OUT 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0-10Vdc</li> <li>• 4-20mA</li> <li>• PWM (to use with Dixell XV serie)</li> </ul>
<b>Maximum load:</b>	40mA (Out1..Out3) when connected to an

	external relay
<b>Accuracy:</b>	Out1..Out3: $\pm 2\%$ full scale
<b>Note:</b> 	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

## 59.5 DIGITAL OUTPUTS

<b>Type:</b>	Relays with NO contacts
<b>Number of outputs:</b>	5: IC205D model 7: IC207D model
<b>Maximum load:</b>	5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A
<b>Note:</b> 	Verify maximum current of the loads and maximum current of the common line of the relay (10A max). There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.

## 59.6 OPERATING AND STORAGE TEMPERATURE

<b>Operating temperature:</b>	$-10^{\circ}\text{C} \div 55^{\circ}\text{C}$
<b>Storage temperature:</b>	$-30^{\circ}\text{C} \div 85^{\circ}\text{C}$
<b>Operating humidity:</b>	20% $\div$ 85% (not condensing)

## 60. INSTALLATION

The device must not be installed in environments where the following situations are present:

- Temperature and humidity outside the range stipulated in the data plate. Frequent and sudden changes in temperature and/or humidity
- Direct sunlight and weathering in general
- High mechanical stress (vibrations and/or knocks)
- Sulphur and ammonia gas, smoke and salt spray that can cause corrosion and/or oxidation
- Presence of flammable or explosive gas
- Dust
- Devices that generate magnetic interference

Position the device inside the electrical panels, paying attention to the following:

- the distance between the device and the electrical power components
- the distance between the device and the power cables
- sufficient passage for the cooling air

Always comply with the laws and regulations applicable in the country where the device is installed.

Always protect the device for it to always be accessible solely by authorised personnel.

In case of malfunctions, always contact the relative distributor for the device to be repaired.

## GENERAL RULES

Comply with the following recommendations during the installation process in order to prevent the device from malfunctioning.

- Separate the signal cables from the power cables (it is recommended to use BELDEN 8772-type shielded cables) in order to prevent malfunction due to electromagnetic interference; do not use the same electrical conduit to install high voltage cabling and low voltage cabling.
- The ground connection of the secondary coil of the transformer that powers the device can result in a bad performance; where possible, this connection should be avoided.

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